ORDINANCE 0-4695

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF KIRKLAND RELATING TO REFUSE AND GARBAGE AND AMENDING TITLE 16 OF THE KIRKLAND MUNICIPAL CODE.

The City Council of the City of Kirkland do ordain as follows:

 $\underline{\text{Section 1}}. \quad \text{Kirkland Municipal Code Section 16.04.220 is repealed}.$

<u>Section 2</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 16.08.001 is amended to read as follows:

16.08.001 Legislative findings and policy.

The Kirkland city council finds and declares:

- (1) Section 1(6) of Chapter 431 Laws of 1989, the Washington State Legislature found:
- (A) It is the responsibility of every person-to-minimize-his or her production of waste and to separate recyclable or hazardous materials from mixed-waste:
- (B)—It is the responsibility of state, county and city governments to-provide for-a-waste-management infrastructure to fully implement waste reduction and source-separation strategies, and to process and dispose of remaining-waste in-a-manner-that is environmentally safe and economically-sound. It is further the responsibility of state, county and city—government—to—monitor—the—cost—effectiveness—and environmental safety of mixed waste and recycling programs.
- (21) The city and King County entered into an <u>amended and</u> <u>restated solid waste</u> interlocal agreement whereby the parties agreed that they shall cooperate in the county's development of a comprehensive solid waste management plan.
- (32) King County has prepared, and proposed and approved a final 2001 2019 comprehensive solid waste management plan and submitted it to the city for approval and adoption.
- (-43) The city through the Suburban Cities Association participates in the Metropolitan Solid Waste Advisory Committee and the Solid Waste Advisory Committee and the Solid Waste Advisory Committee which have solid-waste interlocal forum (King County regional policy committee acting as solid waste interlocal forum) which through Resolution No. RPC 2001-0001A-adopted October 25, 2001, has recommended approval and adoption of the final 2001 comprehensive solid waste management plan.
- (54) Section 10 of Chapter 431 Laws of the State of Washington 1989 regular session amending RCW 70.95.160 authorizes the city to determine that King County shall not exercise any powers regarding the levels and type of service and rate structures for any aspect of solid waste collection within the city.
- (65) The city believes that effective waste stream reduction programs, including recycling and "pay-as-you-throw" variable rate structure, must be so structured as to be compatible with the health and safety goal of elimination of dumping on public and private property.

(76) RCW 70.95.080 and Chapter 431 Laws of 1989 and the King County solid waste management plan as adopted in Section 16.08.002 of this chapter require the city to establish in accordance with the time lines set forth therein, through a joint city/county solid waste comprehensive program, policies and programs for waste stream reduction and recycling of recyclable waste materials.

<u>Section 3</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 16.08.002 is amended to read as follows:

16.08.002 Plan—Adopted.

 The final 20012019 King County Comprehensive Solid Waste Management Plan is adopted.

<u>Section 4</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 16.08.012 is amended to read as follows:

16.08.012 Waste stream reduction plan.

The waste stream reduction plan applicable to the entire city of Kirkland is composed of the following elements:

- (1) Goal. The goal of the waste stream reduction plan is to divert from the solid waste disposal stream certain types or classes of materials and thereby reduce the amount of solid waste delivered to the King County approved solid waste disposal sites, including the Cedar Hills Regional Landfill. Performance goals are established related to the waste recycling diversion rate, waste generation target, and waste disposal target as identified in the 2019 Comprehensive Solid Waste Management Plan. tonnage of waste reduced and percentage of customers at each service level have been established to monitor progress.
 - Program Elements.
- (A) Effective January 1, 1990, the city established a local program for collection and disposal of household hazardous waste materials through its participation in the King County Hazardous Waste Program. (The program elements are contained in Exhibit A to Kirkland Resolution R3566.)
- (B) Provision for alternative collection and/or handling of special commercial wastes as defined in Section 16.04.155, in order that special commercial wastes, which either are or have potential to be nonsolid waste materials which have been determined by the King County solid waste division to be nonacceptable for disposal at Cedar Hills and thereby require a special handling. (The program elements are set forth in Exhibit A to Kirkland Resolution R3466.)
- (C) Cooperate and jointly participate with the King County solid waste division in programs for waste reduction, education and publicity, including programs supporting use by all segments of the community of products manufactured in whole or in part from recycled materials.
- (D) Yard Waste Recycling. The city of Kirkland has determined there is within the King County area a market for the recovery and utilization of yard waste. The city, during 1989, conducted a pilot voluntary yard waste pickup collection recycling program, which resulted in a thirty-seven percent diversion from and reduction in the Kirkland to Cedar Hills waste stream. Beginning in March 1990, the city has instituted a source separated yard waste curbside collection and

recycling-program on a voluntary basis-for residential customers. (The program elements are contained in Exhibit A to Resolution R3466.)

- Other Recyclable Materials. The accepted list of residential and commercial recyclables is adopted by reference to the current list of accepted recyclables in the City's Comprehensive Garbage, Recyclables, and Compostable Collection Agreement. Subject to the then existence of economically-viable-markets-for the following recyclable materials, establishment of programs either mandatory or voluntary within the implementation-timelines, required by Chapter 431 Laws-of-1989-(and, where-possible, the earlier-timelines proposed by the King County solid waste-division), to include collection and disposal for recycling of the following:
 - (i) Newspapers;

99

100

101

102

103

104 105

106 107

108 109

110

111

112 113

114

115

116 117

118

119

120

121

122

123

124 125

126

127

128

129

130 131

132

133

134 135

136

137

138 139

140

141 142

143

144 145

146

147

148 149

150

151

152

- (ii) Mixed papers;
- (iii) Glass-bottles, recyclable-plastic-bottles-and-aluminum-cans;
- Organic waste;
- (v)-— Electronic waste:
- (vi) Textile waste; (vii) The voluntary recycling by or for commercial customers of cardboard, newspapers, mixed, computer and office papers, yard-waste, and-construction-waste. Depending-on-cost-analysis-and-available markets, these recycling programs may be carried out through utilization of any of the following collection and disposal options: utilizing the current-city solid-waste-contract-collector, a third party collector or drop box or recycling buy back centers. Where drop box or recycling buy-back-centers are not-utilized, recycling-collection shall to the extent feasible-be-accomplished-curbside;
- (viii) Other recyclable materials at such time as there exists for each such material an economically viable market may be added or deleted by the Public Works Director or designee.
- (F) Penalty for Excessive Waste-Generation. Whenever-a-solid waste customer receives notice from the solid waste collector of excessive waste generation, such customer shall make application to the city of Kirkland for an excessive waste generation permit.

The city-shall, upon-request-of-the customer, issue an excessive waste-generator-permit-and-shall-notify-the-solid-waste-collector of its issuance.

There shall be no charge for the issuance of an excessive waste generator permit. However, the city-reserves-the-right-to-hereafter impose a waste stream reduction incentive charge or excessive waste generator permit fee on excessive waste generators. The imposition of such fee or charge and the amount thereof shall be established by ordinance.

Multifamily Residential Recycling, Multifamily residential customers shall participate in placement for collection for recycling, at a minimum, the following materials: newspapers, mixed papers, and recyclable bottles, cans and plastic containers. Recyclable materials will be collected on the same pickup schedule as solid waste collections. Recyclable materials shall be placed in properlty-labeled detachable containers or carts distributed by the city's solid waste collection contractor. Where space is available, detachable containers shall be used in lieu of carts. All multifamily property owners shall provide residents with a minimum total weekly volume of recycling capacity equal to or greater than the total weekly volume of garbage capacity. To the greatest extent possible, garbage, recycling and compost containers should be co-located. The public works director or designee may vary the requirements of this subsection at his or her discretion or upon the request of the property owner if, in the opinion of the director, the variance is necessary or reasonable. The variance must be in writing and may be revoked by the director at any time if the necessity for the variance ceases to exist or for any other reason determined by the director or designee, which determination shall not be made unreasonably. The revocations will be effective on a date or time selected by the director, which may be immediately if circumstances so require.

(F) Commercial Recycling. Commercial customers shall participate in collection for recycling, at a minimum, the following materials: newspapers, mixed papers, and recyclable bottles, cans and plastic containers. Recyclable materials shall be placed in properlty-labeled detachable containers or carts distributed by the city's solid waste collection contractor. Commercial properties shall have a minimum total weekly volume of recycling capacity equal to or greater than the total weekly volume of garbage capacity. To the greatest extent possible, garbage, recycling and compost containers should be co-located. The public works director or designee may vary the requirements of this subsection at his or her discretion or upon the request of the property owner or occupant if, in the opinion of the director, the variance is necessary or reasonable. The variance must be in writing and may be revoked by the director at any time if the necessity for the variance ceases to exist or for any other reason determined by the director or designee, which determination shall not be made unreasonably. The revocations will be effective on a date or time selected by the director, which may be immediately if circumstances so require. Nothing this section prevents a commercial generator of recyclable materials from contracting directly with a recycling collection service provider not under contract with the City of Kirkland, pursuant to RCW 35.21.158.

<u>Section 5</u>. If any provision of this ordinance or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the ordinance or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

<u>Section 6</u>. This ordinance shall be in force and effect five days from and after its passage by the Kirkland City Council and publication pursuant to Section 1.08.017, Kirkland Municipal Code in the summary form attached to the original of this ordinance and by this reference approved by the City Council.

Passed by majority vote of the Kirkland City Council in open meeting this 16th day of July, 2019.

200

Signed in authentication thereof this 16th day of July, 2019.

Penny Sweet, May

Attest:

Publication Date: July 22, 2019

Kathi Anderson, City Clerk

Approved as to Form:

Kevin Raymond, City Attorney

PUBLICATION SUMMARY OF ORDINANCE NO. O-4695

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF KIRKLAND RELATING TO REFUSE AND GARBAGE AND AMENDING TITLE 16 OF THE KIRKLAND MUNICIPAL CODE.

<u>SECTION 1</u>. Repeals Section 16.04.220 of the Kirkland Municipal Code to eliminate the definition for excess waste generator.

<u>SECTION 2</u>. Amends Section 16.08.001 of the Kirkland Municipal Code regarding findings and policy related to refuse and garbage.

SECTION 3. Amends Section 16.08.002 Of the Kirkland Municipal Code to adopt the final 2019 King County Comprehensive Solid Waste Management Plan.

<u>SECTION 4</u>. Amends Section 16.08.012 of the Kirkland Municipal Code regarding the waste stream reduction plan.

<u>SECTION 5</u>. Provides a severability clause for the ordinance.

SECTION 6. Authorizes publication of the ordinance by summary, which summary is approved by the City Council pursuant to Section 1.08.017 Kirkland Municipal Code and establishes the effective date as five days after publication of summary.

The full text of this Ordinance will be mailed without charge to any person upon request made to the City Clerk for the City of Kirkland. The Ordinance was passed by the Kirkland City Council at its meeting on the 16th day of July, 2019.

I certify that the foregoing is a summary of Ordinance O-4695 approved by the Kirkland City Council for summary publication.

Kathi Anderson, City Clerk

Publication Date: July 22, 2019