

A PROPOSED ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF KIRKLAND, WASHINGTON, RELATING TO THE PUBLIC SAFETY AND WELFARE, DECLARING CERTAIN ACTS TO BE UNLAWFUL, DESCRIBING AND DEFINING SAME, PROVIDING FOR ENFORCEMENT AND PRESCRIBING PENALTIES THEREFOR.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF KIRKLAND AS FOLLOWS:

CHAPTER I: GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section 101- This Ordinance may be referred to and known as the Kirkland Penal Ordinance.

Section 102 - Words Unless the context thereof shall indicate to the contrary, words and phrases used herein in the past, present or future tense shall include the past, present and future tenses; words and phrases used herein in the masculine, feminine or neuter genders, shall include the masculine, feminine and neuter genders; and words and phrases used herein in the singular or plural shall include the singular and plural.

Section 103 - Person Defined The word "person" used in this title shall, when necessary, be held and construed to mean and include natural persons of either sex, associations, co-partnerships and corporations, whether acting by themselves or by servant, agent or employees; the singular number shall, when necessary, be held and construed to include the plural, and the masculine pronoun to include the feminine.

Section 104 - Costs of Prosecution Whenever anyone is convicted of an offense under any section of this penal code, or section of any other city ordinance, in addition to the fine imposed, he must pay the costs of prosecution. In default of such payment he shall be imprisoned until such fine is paid or worked out on a basis of three dollars per each day of imprisonment.

Section 105 - Violations of Ordinance-a Misdemeanor The violation of any ordinance of the City shall be deemed a misdemeanor and may be prosecuted by the authorities of the City in the name of the people of the City of Kirkland, or may be redressed by civil action at the option of said authorities of the city, or both.

Section 106 - Public Officer Defined A public officer, as used herein, shall comprise: police officers, Fire Chief, City Health Officer, City Street, Sewer and Water Superintendents, and City Engineer or their duly authorized deputies, or by the Mayor when performing the functions of any of said officers.

Section 107 - Crimes Classified A misdemeanor is a crime punishable by a fine of not more than Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$250) or by imprisonment in the City Jail for not more than ninety days, or both. A gross misdemeanor is a crime punishable by a fine of not more than Three Hundred Dollars (\$300), or by imprisonment in the City Jail for not more than ninety days, or both.

Section 108 - Dependent Child Defined A "dependent child" means any child under eighteen years of age who is found under the conditions, in the state, in the company of or engaged in the activities described as constituting a dependent child in the Laws of the State of Washington relating to juvenile courts and delinquents, (RCW 13.04.010) or as further described or defined by City Ordinance.

Section 109 - Delinquent Child Defined The term "delinquent child" includes any child under eighteen years of age who violates any law of this State or ordinance of this City, or who habitually uses vile, obscene, vulgar, profane or indecent language or is guilty of immoral conduct.

Section 110 - Penalty for Violations Except as otherwise specifically provided herein, any person violating this title or any section or provision thereof shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine not exceeding Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$250), or by imprisonment not to exceed ninety days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Section 111 - Severability If any section, sentence, clause, or phrase of this title should be held to be invalid or unconstitutional, the invalidity or unconstitutionality thereof shall not affect the validity or constitutionality of any other section, sentence, clause or phrase of this title.

CHAPTER II: CRIMES BY OR AGAINST PUBLIC OFFICERS

Section 201 - Interfering with Public Officers Every person who, by means of any threat, force or violence, shall attempt to deter or prevent any executive or administrative officer from performing any duty imposed upon him by law, or who shall knowingly resist by force or violence any executive or administrative officer in the performance of his duty, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 202 - Obstructing Public Officers Every person who, after due notice, shall refuse or neglect to make or furnish any state-

ment, report or information lawfully required by him by any public officer; or who, in such statement, report or information shall make any willfully untrue, misleading or exaggerated statement, or who shall willfully hinder, delay or obstruct any public officer in the discharge of his official powers, or duties, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 203 - Resisting Public Officers Every person who, in any case or under any circumstances not otherwise specifically provided for, shall willfully resist, delay or obstruct a public officer in discharging or attempting to discharge any legal duty of his office, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 204 - Refusal to Make Arrest or to Aid Officer Every person, who, after having been lawfully commanded by any magistrate to arrest another person, shall willfully neglect or refuse to do so; and every person, who, after having been lawfully commanded to aid an officer in arresting any person, or in retaking any person who has escaped from lawful custody, or in executing any lawful process, shall willfully neglect or refuse to aid such officer, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 205 - Neglect or Refusal to Receive a Person into Custody Every city officer who, in violation of any legal duty, shall willfully neglect or refuse to receive a person into his official custody or into a prison under his charge, shall, in a case where no other punishment is specifically provided by law, be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 206 - Taking Property from an Officer Every person who shall take from the custody of any officer or other person any personal property in his charge under any process of law, or who shall willfully injure or destroy such property, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 207 - Rescuing Prisoners Every person who shall, by force or fraud, rescue from lawful custody, or from an officer or person having him in lawful custody, a prisoner held upon a charge, arrest, commitment, conviction or sentence for any crime, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 208 - Aiding Prisoner to Escape Every person who with intent to effect or facilitate the escape of a prisoner, whether such escape shall be effected or attempted or not, shall convey or send into a prison any disguise, instrument, weapon or other thing, or aid or assist a prisoner in escaping or attempting to escape from the lawful custody of a sheriff or other officer or person, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor if such prisoner is held upon a charge, arrest, commitment, conviction or a sentence for any crime.

Section 209 - Escaped Prisoner Recaptured Every person in custody, under sentence of imprisonment for any crime, who shall escape from custody, may be recaptured and imprisoned for a term equal to the unexpired portion of the original term.

Section 210 - Obstruction of Extinguishment of Fire Every person who, with intent to prevent or obstruct the extinguishment of any fire, shall cut or remove any bell rope, wire or other apparatus for communicating an alarm of fire, or cut, injure or destroy any engine, hose or other fire apparatus, or otherwise prevent or obstruct the extinguishment of any fire, shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

Section 211 - Obstructing Firemen Every person who at the burning of any building shall be guilty of any disobedience to the lawful orders of a public officer or fireman or of resistance to or interference with the lawful efforts of any fireman, or company of firemen to extinguish the same, or of disorderly conduct likely to interfere with the extinguishment thereof, or who shall forbid, prevent or dissuade others from assisting to extinguish such fire, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

CHAPTER III: MALICIOUS PROSECUTION AND CRIMINAL CONTEMPT

Section 301 - Malicious Prosecution Every person who shall maliciously and without probable cause therefor cause or attempt to cause another to be arrested or proceeded against for any crime of which he is innocent shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 302 - Criminal Contempt Every person who shall commit a contempt of court of any one of the following kinds shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

(a) Disorderly, contemptuous or insolent behavior committed during the sitting of the court of City Council, in its immediate view and presence and directly tending to interrupt its proceedings or to impair the respect due to its authority; or

(b) Breach of the peace, noise or other disturbance directly tending to interrupt the proceedings of a court, jury or referee, or City Council meetings; or

(c) Contumacious and unlawful refusal to be sworn as a witness, or after being sworn, to answer any legal and proper interrogatory.

CHAPTER IV: CRIMES AGAINST THE PERSON

Section 401 - Assault Every person who, with intent to inflict bodily harm or to create an apprehension thereof, shall attempt or offer, with force and violence, to do a corporeal hurt to another, shall be guilty of an assault and shall be punished for a misdemeanor unless such assault or use of force is excused under the provisions of RCW 9.11.040.

Section 402 - Assault & Battery Assault and battery is the unlawful beating of another, or a consummated attempt to unlawfully touch, strike, beat or wound another person. Every person convicted of an assault and battery shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 403 - Provoking Assault Every person who shall, by work, sign or gesture, willfully provoke, or attempt to provoke another person to commit an assault or breach of the peace, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

CHAPTER V: CRIMES AGAINST MORALITY, DECENCY, ETC.

Section 501 - Obscene Literature, Shows, etc. Every person who:

(a) having knowledge of the contents thereof, shall exhibit, sell, distribute, display for sale or distribution or having knowledge of the contents thereof shall have in his possession, with the intent to sell or distribute any book, magazine, pamphlet, comic book, newspaper, writing, photograph, motion picture film, phonograph record, tape or wire-recording, picture, drawing, figure, image or any object or thing which is obscene; or

(b) having knowledge of the contents thereof shall cause to be performed or exhibited or shall engage in the performance or exhibition of any show, act, play, dance, or motion picture which is obscene;

shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

Section 502 - Exemptions Nothing in Section 501 of this Ordinance shall apply to the circulation of any such material by any recognized historical society or museum, the State Law Library, any County law library, the State Library, the Public Library, any library of any college or university, or to any archive or any library under the supervision and control of the State, County, Municipality, or other political subdivision.

Section 503 - Prohibited Publications Every person who shall publish and every proprietor, manager or editor who shall permit to be published in any book, magazine, newspaper or other printed publication circulated wholly or in part in this State:

(a) any detailed account of the commission or attempted commission of the crime of rape, carnal knowledge, seduction, sodomy, adultery or any other sexual crime, or of the trial of any person charged therewith, or

(b) any detailed account of the execution of any person convicted of crime, or

(c) any detailed statement of any evidence of indecent, obscene or immoral acts offered in any trial or proceeding, or

(d) any interview with advertisement for, communication from or account of the actions of any public prostitute, except upon matters concerning public welfare;

shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 504 - Using Indecent or Vulgar Language, etc. Any person who shall use, in the presence of any person, any indecent or vulgar language, or who shall appear upon any public road or street, or in any or upon any public conveyance or place in any indecent, drunken, or maudlin condition or boisterous manner, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished accordingly.

Section 505 - Gambling - Conducting Gambling Every person who shall open, conduct, carry on or operate, whether as owner, manager, agent, dealer, clerk or employee, and whether for hire or not, any gambling game or game of chance, played with cards, dice or any other device, or any scheme or device whereby any money or property or any representative of either may be bet, wagered or hazard upon any chance or any uncertain or contingent event, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 506 - Gambling a Misdemeanor Every person who shall bet, wager, or hazard any money or property, or any representative of either, upon any game, scheme or device, opened, conducted, carried on or operated in violation of Section 505 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 507 - Possession of Gambling Devices Every person who shall have in his possession or shall permit to be placed or kept

in any building or boat, or part thereof, leased or occupied by him, any table, slot machine or any other article, device or apparatus of a kind commonly used for gambling, or operated for the losing or winning of any money or property, or any representative of either, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 508 - Pool Selling and Bookmaking Every person, whether acting in his own behalf, or as an agent, servant or employee of another person, within or without this City, who shall sell any pool, make any book, or receive, record, register, transmit or forward any bet or wager, or any money, property or thing of value designed or intended to be bet, wagered or hazarded, upon the result of any contest or trial of skill, speed or endurance between men or beasts, whether such contest or trial take place within or outside of this City, or upon the result of any lot, chance, casualty or uncertain or contingent event whatever, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 509 - Allowing Building to be Used for Gambling Every person being in possession or control of any tent, building, float or vessel, or part thereof, to be used for gambling, swindling, pool selling, or bookmaking, or for betting, wagering or hazarding money or property, or any representative of either, upon any game, scheme or device, or upon the result of any lot, chance or uncertain or contingent event whatever, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 510 - Seizure and Disposition of Gambling Devices It shall be the duty of all police officers to search for and seize all tables, slot machines, or other articles, machines, devices or apparatus of the kind commonly used for gambling, or operated for the winning or losing money or property, or any representative of either, upon any chance or uncertain or contingent event. If in the judgment of the Police Judge any of such articles may be useful as evidence in the trial of any case, he may order the same held for such trial; otherwise, he shall order the same to be forthwith destroyed. And the final hearing and disposition of any case in which any of said articles may be held or used as evidence, whether such case result in a conviction or acquittal, the Police Judge having jurisdiction of such case shall forthwith order all such articles destroyed.

Section 511 - Disturbing Religious Assemblies Every person who shall disturb any religious society or congregation, when met together for public worship, by making a noise or by rude and indecent behavior within their place of worship, or so near the same as to disturb the order or solemnity of the meeting, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 512 - Drunkenness Every person who shall become intoxicated by voluntarily drinking intoxicating liquors, and who, while intoxicated shall loiter about any place where intoxicating liquors are sold or kept for sale, or create any disturbance or use any profane or indecent language in any private or public place, street or meeting, or commit any assault or breach of the peace, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 513 - Drinking in Public Conveyances Every person who shall drink any intoxicating liquor in any public conveyance, except in a compartment or place where sold or served under the authority of a license lawfully issued, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 514 - Indecent Language, Practices and Drunkenness Any person who shall use in the presence of any person any indecent or vulgar language, or who shall appear upon any public road or street, or in or upon any public place or conveyance in any indecent, drunken or maudlin condition or boisterous manner shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 515 - Bawdy House Whoever shall, within the city limits, keep a bawdy house, or house of prostitution, or assignation house, or shall permit any building, house or tenement under his or her control to be used for such purposes, shall upon conviction thereof be fined not less than Twenty Dollars (\$20) nor more than Three Hundred Dollars (\$300), or imprisoned not less than ten nor more than ninety days, or by both such fine and imprisonment; provided that both the landlord who knowingly permits his premises to be so used and the manager of such house shall be liable for punishment as hereinbefore provided for a violation of this title.

Section 516 - Indecent Exposure Every person who shall knowingly make an indecent and public exposure of his or her person shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 517 - Inmates, Solicitors, Visitors in Bawdy Houses Every person who is an inmate of, or who solicits for, or who visits a bawdy house, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor; provided, that this section does not apply to those having lawful business in such a house.

Section 518 - Standing Stallion, etc. Any person who shall stand any stallion, jackass, bull or boar within the corporate limits of this City, unless the same be concealed from public view, and clear from any improper exhibition, shall be subject to a fine of not more than Fifty Dollars (\$50).

CHAPTER VI: CRIMES AGAINST PUBLIC HEALTH AND SAFETY

Section 601 - Premises A public nuisance is a crime against the order and economy of the City. Every building, place or premises:

(a) wherein any gambling, swindling, game or device, bookmaking pool selling, or any agency therefor shall be conducted, or any article, apparatus or device useful therefor, shall be kept; or

(b) wherein any fighting between men or animals or birds shall be conducted; or

(c) wherein any intoxicating liquors are kept for unlawful use, sale or distribution; or

(d) where vagrants resort; or

(e) wherein cattle, hogs, sheep or other animals are slaughtered,

shall be a public nuisance.

Section 602 - Acts Every act done and every omission to perform a duty, which act or omission

(a) shall annoy, injure or endanger the safety, health, comfort, or repose of any considerable number of persons; or

(b) shall offend public decency; or

(c) shall unlawfully interfere with, befoul, obstruct, or tend to obstruct, or render dangerous for passage a public park, square, street, alley, sidewalk or highway; or

(d) shall in any way render a considerable number of persons insecure in life or the use of property,

shall be a public nuisance.

Section 603 - Substances Detrimental to Health Any person who shall allow or permit upon any premises owned, occupied, or controlled by him, or who shall discharge or deposit or permit to seep upon the land of another, any substance detrimental to health, or any accumulation of filth, rubbish, garbage, decaying animal matter, vegetable matter, or any animal or human excrement, or septic tank effluent, shall be guilty of committing a public nuisance.

Section 604 - Failure to Comply with Notice If within three days after receiving a notice in writing for the abatement of any nuisance detrimental to health, or removal of rubbish or other offensive materials mentioned in this chapter, signed by the City Health Officer, the person owning, occupying or controlling such premises shall fail, neglect or refuse to remove the same, such nuisance may be removed or abated by order of the Health Officer of the City, and the person on whom such notice for the removal was served, in addition to incurring the penalty in this chapter provided shall become indebted to the City for the damages, costs and charges incurred by the City in the removal of such nuisance. Such costs and charges to be recovered by a civil action brought by said City against said person so served with such notice.

Section 605 - Maintaining or Permitting Nuisance Every person who shall commit or maintain a public nuisance, for which no special punishment is prescribed; or who shall willfully omit or refuse to perform any legal duty relating to the removal of such nuisance; and every person who shall let, or permit to be used, any building or boat, or portion thereof, knowing that it is intended to be, or is being used, for committing or maintaining any such nuisance, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 606 - Abatement The magistrate before whom there may be pending any proceeding for the violation of this chapter, shall, in addition to any fine or other punishment which he may impose for such violation, order any nuisance in connection therewith abated and all property unlawfully used in the maintenance thereof destroyed by the Chief of Police at the cost of the defendant.

Section 607 - Keeping Explosives Unlawfully Every person who shall make or keep any explosive or combustible substance in the city, or carry it through the streets thereof, in a quantity, or manner prohibited by law, or by city ordinance; and every person, who, by careless, negligent or unauthorized use of management of any such explosive or combustible substance, shall injure or cause injury to the person or property of another, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 608 - Smoking Where Prohibited Every person who shall light a pipe, cigar or cigarette in, or who shall enter with a lighted pipe, cigar or cigarette, any mill or other building on which is posted in a conspicuous place over and near each principal entrance a notice in plain, legible characters, stating that no smoking is allowed in such building, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 609 - Deposit of Unwholesome Substance Every person who shall deposit, leave or keep, on or near a highway or route of public travel, on land or water, any unwholesome substance; or who shall establish, maintain or carry on, upon or near a highway or route of public travel, on land or water, any business, trade, or manufacture which is noisome or detrimental to the public health; or who shall deposit or cast into the lake or rivers within the city limits the offal from or the dead body of any animal, shall commit a public nuisance.

Section 610 - Allowing Vicious Animal At Large Every person having the care or custody of any animal known to possess any vicious or dangerous tendencies, who shall allow the same to escape or run at large in any place or manner liable to endanger the safety of any person shall be guilty of a misdemeanor; and any person may lawfully kill such animal when reasonably necessary to protect his own or the public safety.

Section 611 - Disposal of Diseased Animal's Carcass Every person owning or having in charge any animal that has died or been killed on account of disease shall immediately bury the carcass thereof at least three feet underground at a place approved by the City Health Officer, or cause the same to be consumed by fire. No person shall sell or offer to sell or give away the carcass of any animal which died or was killed on account of disease. Every violation of any provision of this section shall be a misdemeanor.

Section 612 - Doors of Public Buildings to Swing Outward The doors of all theaters, school buildings, churches, public halls, or places used for public entertainments, exhibitions or meetings, which are used exclusively or in part for admission to or egress from the same or any part thereof, shall be so hung and arranged as to open outwardly and during any exhibition, entertainment or meeting shall be kept unlocked and unfastened, and in such condition that in case of danger or necessity, immediate escape from such building shall not be prevented or delayed; and every agent or lessee of any such building who shall rent the same or allow it to be used for any of the aforesaid public purposes without having the doors thereof hung and arranged as hereinbefore provided, shall commit a public nuisance.

Section 613 - Unattended Iceboxes and Refrigerators It shall be unlawful for any person to leave or permit to remain outside of any dwelling, building or other structure or within any unoccupied or abandoned building, dwelling or other structure under his or its control, in a place accessible to children, any abandoned, unattended

or discarded icebox, refrigerator or other container which has an airtight door or lid, snap lock or other automatic locking device which may not be released from the inside, without first removing said door or lid, snap lock or other locking device from said refrigerator, icebox or container. Any icebox, refrigerator or other container maintained in violation of this section is declared to be a nuisance.

Section 614 - Abandoned Wells and Cisterns It shall be unlawful for any person to abandon or discontinue use or to permit or to maintain on his premises any abandoned or unused well, cistern or storage tank without first demolishing or removing from the City such storage tank or securely closing and barring any entrance or trap-door thereto or without filling any well or cistern or capping the same with sufficient security to prevent access thereto by children. Any well, cistern or storage tank maintained in violation of this section is declared to be a nuisance.

Section 615 - Acts Detrimental to Health--Nuisance Every person who:

(a) shall throw, place, leave, or cause or permit to be thrown, placed, or left any ashes, dirt, filth, cans, glass, rubbish or garbage, in or upon any street, alley, avenue or sidewalk or property of another in the City of Kirkland, or

(b) shall permit an accumulation of ashes, filth, cans, glass, rubbish or garbage to remain upon his property or the property of another where he has deposited or caused the same to be deposited, after notice to remove the same by the Street Superintendent of Health Officer of the City, or

(c) shall throw, place, leave, or cause to be placed, thrown, or left in or upon any street, avenue, alley or sidewalk of the City, or any property of another therein, any paper or card, handbill, dodger, advertisement, notice or waste paper, or

(d) shall expectorate on the floor of any public conveyance, public building, or in any hall or entrance, or any place where entertainments or meetings are held, or on any sidewalk in the City of Kirkland, or

(e) shall allow or permit upon any premises owned, occupied or controlled by him, any substance detrimental to health, or any accumulation of filth, rubbish, garbage, decaying animal or vegetable matter, or any animal or human excrement,

shall be guilty of committing a public nuisance.

Section 616 - Misdemeanor Every person who shall commit or maintain a public nuisance for which no special punishment is prescribed, or who shall willfully omit or refuse to perform any legal duty relating to the removal of such nuisance, and every person who shall let or permit to be used any building, or portion thereof, knowing that it is intended to be or is being used for committing or maintaining any nuisance, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

CHAPTER VII: FIREARMS AND WEAPONS

Section 701 - Definition

SHORT FIREARM: The term "short firearm" as used in this chapter means any firearm with a barrel less than twelve inches in length.

Section 702 It shall be unlawful for any person to carry a pistol or short firearm in a vehicle or concealed on or about his person within the City of Kirkland, without having on his person or in his immediate possession a valid license therefore issued by the State of Washington as provided in Chapter 9.41 Revised Code of Washington.

Section 703 - Delivery to Minors and Certain Others Forbidden No person shall deliver a pistol to any person under the age of twenty-one or to one whom he has reasonable cause to believe has been convicted of a crime of violence, or is a drug addict, an habitual drunkard, or of unsound mind.

Section 704 - Penalty for dangerous Weapons Every person who shall manufacture, sell or dispose of or have in his possession any instrument or weapon of the kind usually known as slung shot, sand club, or metal knuckles; shall furtively carry, or conceal any dagger, dirk, knife or other dangerous weapon; or who shall use any contrivance or device for suppressing the noise of any firearm, shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

Section 705 - Discharging Firearms in City Any person who shall within the limits of the City, fire off or discharge any gun, pistol or firearm of any kind without lawful authority shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

Section 710 - Air Gun Defined As used in this chapter, the words "air gun" shall mean and include the following:

Air gun, air pistol, air rifle, BB gun and toy guns of any kind or nature when so designed, contrived, modified, and used to propel, by compressed air or spring loaded plunger, any pellet, dart, hard-tipped arrow, bean, pea, BB, rock or other hard substance a distance of more than twenty-five feet with sufficient force to break windows or inflict injury upon persons or animals.

Section 711 - Possession of Air Guns Except as herein-after provided, it shall be unlawful:

(a) for any person under sixteen years of age to carry or shoot any air gun within the City of Kirkland when not in the presence of his parent or other adult in loco parentis and under the direction and control of such adult.

(b) For any parent or person in loco parentis to allow, give or permit the possession of any air gun, falling within the definition contained in Section 710 to any child under the age of sixteen years, except under the provisions of subsection (a) above.

(c) For any person to point or shoot an air gun at any person or property of another, or to aim or discharge such weapons in the direction of the person or residence of another, while within such range as to cause or inflict injury to the person or damage the property of another.

(d) For any merchant to sell or rent any air guns to minors under sixteen years of age, except when such minor is in the presence of his parent or other adult in charge of such child.

Section 712 - Exceptions The provisions of Section 711 (a) and (b) shall not apply:

(a) When such minor is possessing or using such weapons on a gun range operated or conducted by any school, educational institution or other regulated group, pursuant to rules and regulations provided by the Chief of Police or City Ordinance and licensed by City, or

(b) When such minor is possessing or using such air gun within a regulated or supervised course or range provided by the City Park Department, under regulations or ordinances duly promulgated and adopted therefor, or

(c) When such minor is carrying such weapon unloaded and otherwise properly dismantled, to and from such licensed or authorized course, or

(d) When such minor has obtained a certificate of proficiency from the Chief of Police under the rules and regulations promulgated by the Chief of Police to insure the safe handling of such toys or weapons by such minor, or when confined to an area within the property of the parents of such minor which complies with the regulations relating to private practice or target ranges as promulgated by the Chief of Police.

Provided further that the provisions of Section 711 (c) shall not prohibit the use of such weapons by a person over sixteen years of age, when such use is reasonably necessary and represents reasonable force in the protection of the person or property of the user or another.

Section 713 - Penalty for Violations of Air Gun Regulations
Any person convicted of violation of the provisions of Sections 711 and 712 shall be punished by a fine in a sum not exceeding One Hundred Dollars (\$100) or by imprisonment in the City Jail for a period not exceeding thirty days, or both, and the weapon so used in violation of the provisions hereof shall be confiscated by the court.

CHAPTER VIII: CRIMES AGAINST THE PUBLIC PEACE

Section 801 - Disturbing Meetings Every person who, without authority of law, shall willfully disturb any assembly or meeting not unlawful in its character, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 802 - Riot Whenever three or more persons, having assembled for any purpose, shall disturb the public peace by using force or violence to any other person, or to property, or shall threaten or attempt to commit such disturbance, or to do any unlawful act by the use of force or violence, accompanied with the power of immediate execution of such threat or attempt, they shall be guilty of a riot, punishable as a gross misdemeanor.

Section 803 - Unlawful Assembly Whenever three or more persons shall assemble with intent

(a) to commit any unlawful act by force; or

(b) to carry out any purpose in such manner as to disturb the public peace; or

(c) being assembled, shall attempt or threaten any act tending toward a breach of the peace, or an injury to persons or property or any unlawful act

such an assembly is unlawful, and every person participating therein by his presence, aid or instigation, shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor; provided, that prior to making arrests an order to disperse be given, and a reasonable time allowed for such dispersion.

Section 804 - Offenses in Public Conveyances Every person who shall willfully use profane, offensive, or indecent language or engage in any quarrel in any public conveyance, or interfere with or annoy any passenger therein, or, having refused to pay the proper fare, shall fail to leave any such conveyance upon demand, or, with intent to avoid the payment of fare shall ride upon any car or engine not commonly used for carriage of passengers, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 805 - Disorderly Conduct Any conduct not herein specifically described which tends to or does disturb the public peace, provoke disorder, or endanger the safety of others, shall be unlawful, and any person guilty of a violation of this section shall be fined not more than One Hundred Dollars or confined not more than thirty days in jail.

CHAPTER IX: CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY

Section 901 - Larceny Every person who, with intent to deprive or defraud the owner thereof

(a) shall take, lead or drive away the property of another;
or

(b) shall obtain from the owner or another the possession of or title to any property, real or personal, by color or aid of any order for the payment or delivery of property or money or any check or draft, knowing that the maker or drawer of such order, check

or draft was not authorized or entitled to make or draw the same, or by color or aid of any fraudulent or false representation, presentation or pretense or by any false token or writing or by any trick, device, bunco game or fortune-telling; or

(c) having any property in his possession, custody or control, as bailee, factor, pledgee, servant, attorney, agent, employee, trustee, executor, administrator, guardian or officer of any person, estate, association or corporation or as a public officer, or a person authorized by agreement or by competent authority to take or hold such possession, custody or control, or as a finder thereof, shall secrete, withhold or appropriate the same to his own use or to the use of any person other than the true owner or person entitled thereto; or

(d) having received any property by reason of mistake, shall with knowledge of such mistake secrete, withhold or appropriate the same to his own use or to the use of any person other than the true owner or person entitled thereto; and

(e) every person who, knowing the same to have been so appropriated, shall bring into this City or buy, sell, receive or aid in concealing or withholding any property wrongfully appropriated, whether within or outside of the City in such manner as to constitute larceny under the provisions of this chapter

steals such property and shall be guilty of larceny. Whoever commits larceny is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 902 - Taking Motor Vehicle Without Permission

Every person who shall without the permission of the owner or persons entitled to the possession thereof intentionally take or drive away any automobile or motor vehicle, whether propelled by steam, electricity or internal combustion engine, the property of another, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and every person voluntarily riding in or upon said automobile or motor vehicle with knowledge of the fact that the same was unlawfully taken shall be deemed equally guilty with the person taking or driving said automobile or motor vehicle and shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 903 - Unlawful Issuance of Bank Checks or Drafts

Any person who shall with intent to defraud make, or draw, or utter, or deliver to another person any check, or draft, on a bank or other depository for the payment of money, knowing at the time of such

drawing, or delivery, that he has not sufficient funds in, or credit with said bank or depository, to meet said check in full upon its presentation, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. The word "credit" as used herein shall be construed to mean an arrangement or understanding with the bank for the payment of such check or draft, and the uttering or delivery of such check or draft to another person, without such fund or credit to meet the same, shall be prima facie evidence of an intent to defraud.

Section 904 - Motor Serial Number -- Purchase, Sale, or Possession When Altered Whoever knowingly buys, sells, receives, disposes of, conceals, or has in his possession any motor vehicle or motor boat from which the manufacturer's serial number or any other distinguishing number or identification mark has been removed, defaced, covered, altered or destroyed for the purpose of concealment or misrepresenting the identity of said motor vehicle or motor boat shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 905 - Frauds on Innkeeper Every person who shall obtain any food, lodging or accommodation at any hotel, restaurant, boarding house or lodging house without paying therefor, with intent to defraud the proprietor or manager thereof, or who shall obtain credit at a hotel, restaurant, boarding house or lodging house by color or aid of any false pretenses, representation, token or writing, or who after obtaining board, lodging or accommodation at a hotel, restaurant, boarding house or lodging house shall abscond or surreptitiously remove his baggage therefrom without paying for such food, lodging or accommodation, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 906 - False Weights and Measures Every person who shall injure or defraud another by using, with knowledge that the same is false, a false weight, measure or other apparatus for determining the quantity of any commodity or article of merchandise, or by knowingly misrepresenting the quantity thereof bought or sold; or who shall retain in his possession any weight or measure, knowing it to be false, unless it appears beyond a reasonable doubt that it was so retained without intent to use it or permit it to be used or placed in violation of the foregoing provisions of this section, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 907 - Malicious Mischief Every person who, in such manner as might, if not discovered, endanger the safety of any person or property, or shall in any manner interfere, tamper with,

damage or obstruct any public or private property not his own; and every person who shall discharge any firearm or throw any dangerous missile at any train, engine, bus, car or other vehicle, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 908 - Unlawful Interference with Gas, Electric, Steam or Water Appliance Every person who, with intent to injure or defraud, shall

(a) break or deface the seal of any gas, electric, steam or water meter; or

(b) obstruct, alter, injure or prevent the action of any meter or other instrument used to measure or register the quantity of gas, electricity, steam or water supplied to a consumer thereof; or

(c) make any connections by means of a wire, pipe, conduit or otherwise with any wire, main or pipe used for the delivery of gas, electricity, steam or water to a consumer thereof in such manner as to take gas, electricity, steam or water from said wire, main or pipe without its passage through the meter or other instrument provided for registering the amount or quantity consumed; or use any gas, electricity, steam or water so obtained; or

(d) make any connection or reconnection with such wire, main or pipe, or turn on or off, or in any manner interfere with any valve, stop-cock or other appliances connected therewith; or

(e) prevent by the erection of any device or construction, or by any means, free access to any meter or other instrument for registering or measuring the amount of gas, electricity, steam or water consumed, or interfere with, obstruct or prevent, by any means, the reading or inspection of such meter or instrument, by any person, company or corporation owning the same;

shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 909 - Injuring Property Any person who shall willfully or maliciously cut, mar, injure, deface, spoil, break or destroy any fence, sidewalk, house, building, tree, plant, or other

property within the City, whether real or personal property; or any person who, without municipal authority, shall deface, mutilate, tear down, or destroy any signboard or post, erected and set up by the authorities of the City, County of King or State of Washington, within the corporate limits of the City shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

CHAPTER X: VAGRANCY

Section 1001 - Fortunetellers Every person who asks or receives any compensation, gratuity or reward for practicing fortunetelling, palmistry, phrenology or clairvoyance is a vagrant and is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 1002 - Concealing Stolen Property Every person who keeps a place where lost or stolen property is concealed is a vagrant and is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 1003 - Prostitution Every person practicing or soliciting prostitution or keeping or working in a house of prostitution is a vagrant and is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 1004 - Intoxicated Persons Every common drunkard found in any place where intoxicating liquors are sold or kept for sale, or in an intoxicated condition is a vagrant and is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 1005 - Gamblers Every common gambler found in any place where gambling is conducted or where gambling paraphernalia or devices are kept is a vagrant and is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 1006 - Healthy Person Soliciting Alms Every healthy person who solicits alms is a vagrant and is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 1007 - Disorderly Persons Every lewd, disorderly or dissolute person is a vagrant and is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 1008 - Loitering at Night Every person who wanders about the streets at late or unusual hours of the night without any visible or lawful business is a vagrant and is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 1009 - Lodging in Barns, Sheds, Cars, etc. Every person who lodges in any barn, shed, shop, outhouse, vessel, car, saloon or other place not kept for lodging purposes, without the permission of the owner or person entitled to the possession thereof is a vagrant and is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 1010 - Drug Addicts Every habitual user of opium, morphine, marijuana, alkaloid cocaine or alph or beta cocaine, or any derivation, mixture or preparation of any of them or any habit-forming drug is a vagrant and is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 1011 - Perons Refusing to Work Every person having no visible means of support, who does not seek employment, nor, although physically able, work when employment is offered to him, is a vagrant and is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 1012 - Convicted or Confessed Criminals Every person who by his own confession thereto or prior conviction thereof is known to have been guilty of larceny, burglary, robbery, or any crime of which fraud or an intent to defraud is an element, or who participates in a course of conduct identifiable as a pattern used in shoplifting or in bunco or confidence games, who shall be found in any cocktail lounge or tavern, or any public dance hall where intoxicating liquors are sold, or be found intoxicated, or who, except upon lawful business, shall go about any dark street or alley or any residence section of the city in the nighttime, or loiter about any park, passenger depot, banking institution or crowded street, shop or thoroughfare, or any public meeting or gathering, or place where people gather in crowds is a vagrant and is guilty of a misdemeanor.

CHAPTER XI: MINORS

Section 1101 - Curfew Law No child under the age of eighteen years shall be permitted to walk, ride, play, loaf or lounge in any street, road, alley or public place or public park within the City limits between the hours of twelve midnight and five a.m., according to the standard of time then legally prevailing in the City of Kirkland, without being on any lawful business or occupation. Provided, that the provisions of this section shall not apply to any child or children who are in company of a parent or other adult having the custody of him or them, as the case may be, nor to a child or children who may be sent for medicine, medical or other assistance, in case of accident or sickness, or other necessary errand by a parent or guardian while in such service; nor shall such provisions

apply to any child or children attending or returning home from entertainment provided or sanctioned by regularly organized schools or churches.

Section 1102 - Minors on Moving Trains It shall be unlawful for any minor to get on or off, to get on or catch hold of, to run alongside of or in front of, or attempt to get on or catch hold of or alight from any railroad train, railroad engine, or railroad car in the City while the same is in motion.

Section 1103 - Minors Prohibited in Taverns - Penalty Any person under the age of twenty-one years, who loiters in or about, or is found to be in any tavern, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 1104 - Unlawful to Allow Minor Where Intoxicants Served Any person having charge of a public place in the City, where intoxicating liquors are served, who shall admit to or allow any minor to remain in the premises contrary to the laws of the State of Washington, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 1105 - Contributing to Delinquency or Dependency of Minor In all cases where any child is dependent or delinquent under the terms of this title, the parent or parents, legal guardian or persons having custody of such child, or any other person, who, by any act or omission, encourages, causes or contributes to the dependency or delinquency of such child shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding Three Hundred Dollars (\$300) or by imprisonment for not more than ninety days, or both such fine and imprisonment.

Section 1106 - Liquor Defined - The terms "liquor" or "intoxicating liquor" as used in this chapter are hereby defined to mean alcohol, spirits, wine and beer as defined by the State Liquor Act, and all spiritous, vinous or malt liquor, or combinations thereof, and mixed liquor, a part of which is fermented, spiritous, vinous or malt liquor, or otherwise intoxicating; and every liquid or semi-solid or other substances, patented or not, containing alcohol, spirits, wine or beer, and all drinks or drinkable liquids, and all preparations or mixtures capable of human consumption, and any liquid, semi-solid or solid, or other substance which contains more than one percent of alcohol by weight, shall be conclusively deemed to be intoxicating.

Section 1107 - Consumption of Liquor by Minor It shall be unlawful for any person under the age of twenty-one years to acquire in any manner, consume, or have in his possession any intoxicating liquor, provided that the foregoing shall not apply in the case of liquor given or permitted to be given to such persons under the age of twenty-one years, by his parents or guardian for beverage or medical purposes and which shall be consumed in the presence or premises of said parent or guardian, or administered to him by his physician or dentist for medicinal purposes.

Section 1108 - Supplying Liquor to Minors It shall be unlawful for any person to give or otherwise supply intoxicating liquor to any person under the age of twenty-one years, or to permit any person under twenty-one years of age to consume intoxicating liquor on or in his premises, automobile, trailer or vehicle, or on or in any premises, automobile, trailer or vehicle, or on or in any premises, automobile, trailer or vehicle under his control, except as provided in Section 1107 of this chapter.

Section 1109 - Penalty for Violation Any person who shall violate or fail to comply with any of the provisions of Sections 1107 or 1108, or who shall counsel, aid or abet any such violation or failure to comply, shall be deemed guilty of such violation--and be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not more than One Hundred Dollars (\$100) or by imprisonment of not more than thirty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Section 1110 - Violators Under Eighteen Any persons under the age of eighteen years, violating Sections 1107 and 1108 of this chapter shall be cited to the Juvenile Court of the State of Washington for King County for investigation, and in the event that he is remanded to the City authorities by the judge of the Juvenile Court, he may be tried and punished as provided for in Section 1109 of this chapter.

Section 1111 - Number and Gender Whenever the singular is used in Sections 1106 -1111 of this chapter, it shall be deemed to include the plural, and when the masculine is used,, it shall be deemed to include the feminine.

CHAPTER XII: TRESPASS

Section 1201 - Trespass on Another's Land--Enclosed Land

Every person who goes upon the land of another with the intent to vex or annoy the owner or occupant thereof, or to commit any unlawful act, or enters upon the enclosed land of another for the purpose of hunting or fishing without having first obtained permission of the owner or occupant of such land, or enters upon any land of another bounded on one or more sides by water when notices not to trespass thereon have been posted as often as every seven hundred feet on or near the other boundaries thereof for either of such purposes, or willfully goes or remains upon any land after having been warned by the owner or occupants thereof not to trespass thereon, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Enclosed land for the purpose of this section means any land fenced either with a lawful fence or with such a fence as is usually used in the neighborhood of such land.

Section 1202 - Malicious Trespass--Penalty

Every person who maliciously or mischievously injures or destroys, or causes to be injured or destroyed any property of another, or any public property, shall be deemed guilty of a malicious trespass, and on conviction thereof, be fined not exceeding Three Hundred Dollars(\$300), to which may be added imprisonment not exceeding ninety days in jail.

Section 1203 - Peddlers Declared Nuisance

The practice of being in and upon private residences in the City of Kirkland, Washington, by solicitors, peddlers, hawkers, itinerant merchants and transient vendors of merchandise, not having been requested or invited so to do by the owner or owners, occupant or occupants of said private residences, for the purpose of soliciting orders for the sale of goods, wares and merchandise and/or for the purpose of disposing of and/or peddling or hawking the same, is hereby declared to be a nuisance and punishable as such nuisance as a misdemeanor.

Section 1204 - Penalty for Violations

Any person convicted of a nuisance, as described and prohibited in Section 1203 of this chapter, upon conviction thereof shall be fined a sum not less than Twenty-five Dollars (\$25) nor more than One Hundred Dollars (\$100), together with the costs of proceedings, which said fine may be satisfied, if not paid in cash, by execution against the person of anyone convicted of committing the misdemeanor as herein prohibited.

Section 1205 - Certain Persons Exempt The provisions of Sections 1203 and 1204 of this chapter shall not apply to any farmer, gardener or other person while selling, delivering, or peddling any fruits, vegetables, berries, butter, eggs, fish, milk, poultry, meats or any other farm produce or edibles raised, caught, produced or manufactured by such person in any place in the State of Washington.

CHAPTER XIII: NARCOTICS

Section 1301 - Narcotics Defined The terms "narcotics" or "narcotic drugs", as used in this chapter are hereby defined to mean and include all narcotic drugs as defined by state and federal laws relating to the use and control of narcotic drugs, together with any other drug found by the State Board of Pharmacy to have addiction forming or addiction sustaining qualities.

Section 1302 - Possession and Use Unlawful It shall be unlawful for any person to acquire, in any manner, use, consume or have in his possession any narcotics except as provided in Section 1304 of this chapter.

Section 1303 - Sale or Gift to Minor It shall be unlawful for any person to give, sell, administer to or aid in the acquisition of, or to instruct or encourage any minor in the use of any narcotic or other drug, extract, or combination of substances which, when administered to or used by a minor will induce narcosis or intoxication to such extent as to contribute to the delinquency of such minor, except as provided in Section 1304 of this chapter.

Section 1304 - Administration and Prescription by Physician The foregoing provisions shall not apply to pharmacists, dentists, physicians or other persons licensed under state or federal law to possess, distribute, dispense or administer narcotics, nor shall the foregoing apply to persons lawfully in possession of narcotics or other substances for medicinal use by himself or another under prescription of a duly licensed physician or dentist, nor shall such provisions apply to a nurse or parent, or other person administering such drug or substance under a physician's control or in pursuance of a licensed physician's or dentist's direction.

Section 1305 - Use by Minor It shall be unlawful for any minor to use or consume any narcotic or other drug, extract or combination of substances which, when administered to or used by such minor, will induce narcosis or intoxication to such extent as to contribute to the delinquency of such minor, or in such

manner or to such extent as will induce narcosis or intoxication of the user, except as permitted by the provisions of Section 1304 above.

Section 1306 - Penalty for Violations Any person who shall violate or fail to comply with any of the provisions of this chapter, or shall counsel, aid or abet any such violation or failure to comply, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not more than Three Hundred Dollars (\$300) or by imprisonment of not more than ninety days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Section 1307 - Violators Under Eighteen Any persons under the age of eighteen years, violating this chapter, shall be cited to the Juvenile Court of the State of Washington, for King County for investigation, and, in the event that he is remanded to the City authorities for prosecution by the judge of the Juvenile Court, he may be tried and punished by the Municipal Court as provided for in Section 1306 of this chapter.

Section 1308 - Number and Gender Whenever the singular is used in this chapter, it shall be deemed to include the plural, and when the masculine is used, it shall be deemed to include the feminine.

CHAPTER XIV: REGISTRATION OF FELONS

Section 1401 - Felon Defined As employed in this chapter the term "felon" shall mean and include any person convicted of a felony, or any person convicted of any crime which would constitute a felony under the laws of the State of Washington.

Section 1402 - Registration Required Any felon who shall be, reside, or come within the City of Kirkland, whether in transit through the City or otherwise, shall report to the Chief of Police of the City of Kirkland within forty-eight hours after arrival therein, and shall furnish to said Chief of Police a written statement signed by such person containing the following information:

(a) His true name and all aliases which he has used or under which he may have been known.

(b) A full and complete description of his person.

(c) The kind, character and nature of each crime of which he has been convicted.

(d) The place where such crime was, or crimes were, committed and the place of conviction of the same.

(e) The name under which he was convicted in each instance and the date thereof.

(f) The name, if any, and the location of each prison, reformatory, jail or other penal institution in which he was confined or to which he was sentenced.

(g) The location and address of his actual or intended residence, stopping place, living quarters or place of abode in the City of Kirkland; if he has more than one residence, stopping place, or place of abode, that fact must be stated and the location and address of each place given.

(h) A statement of the kind of residence, stopping place or place of abode in which he resides or intends to stop, whether the same is temporary or permanent, to-wit: whether the same is a private residence, hotel, apartment house, or other building or structure.

(i) The length of time he has occupied each such place of residence, stopping place or place of abode, and the length of time he expects to or intends to remain within the City.

(j) Such other information as the Chief of Police shall find reasonably necessary to carry out the intent of this section.

Section 1403 - Change of Address Any such person changing his place of residence, stopping place or place of abode, shall, within forty-eight hours thereafter notify said Chief of Police in a written and signed statement of such change of address, together with the address thereof and the information required in subsections (h) and (i) of Section 1402.

Section 1404 - Photographs and Fingerprints At the time of furnishing such information as required above, such person shall be photographed and fingerprinted by the Chief of Police, which photos and fingerprints shall become a part of the permanent record of the City of Kirkland.

Section 1405 - False Information It shall be unlawful for any felon to furnish in such report any false or fictitious address

or any address or intended address other than a true address or intended address, or to furnish in making any such report, any false, untrue, or misleading information or statement relating to any information required by any provision of this chapter to be made or furnished.

Section 1406 - Records Confidential The statements, reports, records, photographs and fingerprints taken pursuant to this chapter shall be the private records of the Chief of Police of the City of Kirkland, open to inspection only by the city police officers or persons having official duties to perform in connection therewith; and it shall be unlawful for anyone having access to such records to disclose to anyone else, other than in the regular discharge of his duties, any information contained therein, except as authorized in the following section.

Section 1407 - Reports Available to Police Officials The Chief of Police shall have the authority to transmit information taken from such records to the head of any organized police department of any state, county or municipality of the United States when written request therefor is made and received from such head of such other police department stating that such information is necessary for the use of such law enforcement office or agency in the investigation of a crime or of a person accused of a crime and further stating that such information will not be used for any other purpose.

Section 1408 - Exceptions The requirements of this chapter shall not apply to any person who has received a full pardon for each crime whereof he shall have been convicted, nor to any crime for the conviction of which such person has obtained a final release or discharge from a reformatory, penitentiary or other penal institution more than five years prior to the entrance of such person within the City of Kirkland, nor shall the provisions of this chapter apply to any person involuntarily within the City of Kirkland while in custodia legis.

Section 1409 - Penalty for Violations Anyone who shall violate or fail to comply with any provision of this chapter, shall upon conviction thereof be punished by a fine in any sum not exceeding Three Hundred Dollars(\$300) or by imprisonment in the City Jail for a term not exceeding ninety days, or both such fine and imprisonment. Each separate day or portion thereof during which any

violation of this chapter occurs or continues shall be deemed to constitute a separate violation hereof and a separate offense hereunder and upon conviction thereof shall be punished as provided in this chapter.

CHAPTER XV:

Section 1501 - The following ordinances of the City of Kirkland are hereby repealed: Nos. 32, 69, 168, 171, 177, 200, 202, 208, 223, 398, 403, 503, 543, 640 and 757; and all other ordinances or parts of ordinances inconsistent with the provisions of this ordinance are hereby repealed to the extent of such inconsistency.

Section 1502 - This Ordinance shall be in full force and effect five days from and after its passage by the Council, approval by the Mayor and posting or publishing as required by law.

INTRODUCED THIS 3rd day of December 1962.

PASSED AND APPROVED the 17th day of Dec. 1962.

John D. Dwyer
(Mayor)
CITY OF KIRKLAND, WASHINGTON

ATTEST:

George E. Anderson
George E. Anderson, City Clerk

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

Ralph I. Thomas
Ralph I. Thomas, City Attorney

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of an Ordinance of the City of Kirkland and that the same was published or posted according to law, said Ordinance being No. 895 and entitled "An Ordinance as above."
George E. Anderson, City Clerk.