ORDINANCE 0-4538

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF KIRKLAND RELATING TO STORM AND SURFACE WATER MANAGEMENT OF DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES.

The City Council of the City of Kirkland do ordain as follows:

<u>Section 1</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 15.04.010 is amended to read as follows:

15.04.010 Definitions.

(a)The definitions contained in this chapter and in the 2016 King County Surface Water Design Manual, the 2016 King County Stormwater Pollution Prevention Manual and the pre-approved plans and policies, which includes the City of Kirkland Addendum to the 2016 King County Surface Water Design Manual Article III of Volume I of the 2005 Stormwater Manual for Western Washington, herein incorporated by reference, apply throughout this title, unless from context another meaning is clearly intended.

(b) These definitions include, but are not limited to, the following definitions from the 2016 King County Surface Water Design Manual: (1)Drainage facility. "Drainage facility" means a constructed or engineered feature that collects, conveys, stores, treats, or otherwise manages storm water runoff or surface water. "Drainage facility" includes, but is not limited to, a constructed or engineered stream, lake, wetland, or closed depression, or a pipe, channel, ditch, gutter, flow control facility, flow control BMP, water quality facility, erosion and sediment control facility, and any other structure and appurtenance that provides for drainage.

(2) Flow control facility. "Flow control facility" means a drainage facility designed to mitigate the impacts of increased storm water runoff generated by site development in accordance with the drainage requirements in Kirkland Municipal Code Chapter 15.52. Flow control facilities are designed either, to hold water for a considerable length of time and then release it by evaporation, plant transpiration, or infiltration into the ground, or to hold runoff for a short period of time and then release it to the conveyance system.

(3) Flow control BMP. "Flow control BMP" means a small scale drainage facility or feature that is part of a development site strategy to use processes such as infiltration, dispersion, storage, evaporation, transpiration, forest retention, and reduced impervious surface footprint to mimic pre-developed hydrology and minimize storm water runoff.

(4) Water quality facility. "Water quality facility" means a drainage facility designed to mitigate the impacts of increased pollutants in storm water runoff generated by site development. A water quality facility uses processes that include but are not limited to settling, filtration, adsorption, and absorption to decrease pollutant concentrations and loadings in storm water runoff.

(c) In the event of conflict, the definitions in the <u>City of Kirkland Addendum to the 2016 King County Surface Water Design Manual will control. The city engineer shall at all times keep on file with the city</u>

clerk, for reference by the general public, not less than three copies of the Manual as herein adopted by reference.

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Section 2. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 15.04.176 is repealed.

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Section 3. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 15.04.178 is amended to read as follows:

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15.04.178 Nonresidential drainage storm water facilities.

"Nonresidential drainagestorm water facilities" means storm water detention or water qualitydrainage facilities that are located on private property and which are not contained in tracts or easements dedicated to the city. These facilities do not serve public streets, but rather serve only buildings, parking lots, and other amenities associated with the privately owned development. Multifamily developments such as condominiums and apartments are considered nonresidential for the purposes of this title.

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Section 4. Kirkland Municipal Code Chapter 15.04 is amended to include a new section 15.04.226 to read as follows:

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15.04.226 Pre-approved plans and policies (or, pre-approved plans).

"Pre-approved plans and policies" means those engineering plans and policies approved by the public works director for all street and utility improvements constructed within the city of Kirkland. approved plans are available for public inspection in the Public Works Department during regular business hours or online www.kirklandwa.gov.

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Section 5. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 15.04.238 is amended to read as follows:

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15.04.238 Residential drainagestorm water facilities.

"Residential storm water facilities" means storm water detention or water quality facilities that are either in the public right-of-way or that are in a tract or easement dedicated to the city. These facilities usually serve public streets and single-family residences. "Residential drainage facilities" means drainage facilities that serve single family residential development including public improvements.

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Kirkland Municipal Code Section 15.04.340 is Section 6. amended to read as follows:

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15.04.340 Standard plans and specifications.

"Standard plans and specifications" refers to pre-approved plans and policies as set forth in Kirkland Municipal Code Section 15.04.226. means those rules, regulations, policies and amendments thereto issued by the city engineer, including water systems, sewer systems, storm drainage systems, road construction and street improvements, traffic control, and erosion control pursuant to Section 15.28,290.

Section 7. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 15.04.365 is deleted.

<u>Section 8</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 15.52.030 is amended to read as follows:

15.52.030 Comprehensive drainage and storm sewer plan.

A comprehensive drainage and storm sewer plan shall be developed by the city for review and adoption by the city council. Such a plan may include basin-specific or city-wide recommendations for regulations, procedures, and programs. Such regulations, procedures and programs may include but are not limited to capital projects, public education and enforcement activities, operation and maintenance of city storm and surface water facilities, and land use management regulations to be recommended for adoption by ordinance for managing surface and storm water management facilities. Once adopted by the city council, elements of the comprehensive drainage and storm sewer plan pertaining to new development and redevelopment projects shall be incorporated into the standard pre-approved plans.

<u>Section 9</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 15.52.050 is amended to read as follows:

15.52.050 Applicability—Storm water plan Drainage review required.

- (a) Drainage review is required when any proposed project is subject to a City of Kirkland development permit or approval and:
- (1) Would result in five hundred square feet or more of new impervious surface, replaced impervious surface or new plus replaced impervious surface; or
- (2) Would involve seven thousand square feet or more of land disturbing activity; or
- (3) Would construct or modify a drainage pipe or ditch that is twelve inches or more in size or depth or receives storm water runoff or surface water from a drainage pipe or ditch that is twelve inches or more in size and depth; or
- (4) Contains or is adjacent to a frequently flooded area as defined in KZC Chapter 90.100; or
- (5) Is located within a sensitive area; or
- (6) <u>Is a redevelopment project proposing one hundred thousand dollars</u> or more of improvements to an existing high-use site.
- (b) The drainage review for any proposed project shall be scaled to the scope of the project's size, type of development, and potential for storm water impacts to surface water and groundwater. The public works director or designee will determine which one of the following drainage reviews as specified in the pre-approved plans applies:
- (1) Basic drainage review:
- (2) Simplified drainage review;
- 147 (3) Targeted drainage review;
- 148 (4) Full drainage review.

 All developers taking any of the following actions or applying for any of the following permits and/or approvals will be required to submit for approval a storm water plan with their application and/or request, unless exempted by the city engineer or his designee. The storm water plan shall include those items designated in the public works standard

plans. Work on the site can only be allowed after approval of the storm 154 water plan.

- 156 Creation or alteration of new or additional impervious surfaces;
- New development: 157
- (3) 158 Redevelopment;

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- 159 - Buildina permit:
- 160 Subdivision approval;
- (6) -Short subdivision approval; 161
- 162 Commercial, industrial, or multifamily site plan approval;
- 163 Planned unit development;
- Development within or adjacent to critical areas: 164
- (10)165 Rezones:
- Conditional use permit; (11) 166
 - Substantial development permit required under Chapter 90.58 RCW (Shoreline Management Act);
 - (13) Land surface modification permit.

Section 10. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 15.52.060 is amended to read as follows:

15.52.060 Design and construction standards and requirements.

- The standard plans as defined in Section 15.04.340 shall include requirements for temporary erosion control measures, storm water detention, water quality treatment and storm-water conveyance facilities that must be provided by all new development and redevelopment projects. These The design and construction standards and requirements shall meet or exceed the thresholds, definitions, minimum requirements, and exceptions/variances criteria found in Appendix I of the Western Washington Phase II Municipal Stormwater Permit. To meet these criteria, the following are adopted:
 - (1) The 2016 2009 King County Surface Water Design Manual, and:
 - (2) The 2016 King County Stormwater Pollution Prevention Manual;
 - (3) The thecity's pre-approved plans and policies which include the City of Kirkland Addendum to the 2016 2009 King County Surface Water Design Manual as presently written or hereafter amended.
- Unless otherwise provided, it shall be the developer's and property owner's responsibility to design, construct, and maintain a system which complies with the standards and minimum requirements as set forth in the standard pre-approved plans.
- In addition to providing storm-water quality treatment drainage facilities as required in this section and as outlined in the standard preapproved plans, the developer, and/or property owner, and/or business owner/operator shall provide source control best management practices as described in the 2016 King County Stormwater Pollution Prevention Manual Volume IV of the 2005 Stormwater Management Manual for Western Washington, such as structures and/or a manual of practices designed to treat or prevent storm water pollution arising from specific activities expected to occur on the site. Examples of such specific activities include, but are not limited to, carwashing at multifamily residential sites and oil storage at auto repair businesses.

(d) Privately maintained storm water structures are not allowed within the public right-of-way, except on a case by case basis with approval from the public works director.

- (e-d) The city will inspect all permanent <u>drainagestorm water</u> facilities prior to final approval of the relevant permit. All facilities must be clean and fully operational before the city will grant final approval of the permit. A performance bond may not be used to obtain final approval of the permit prior to completing the <u>storm water drainage</u> facilities required under this chapter.
- (e) Prior to final approval of the drainage facilities, the property owner of all drainage facilities shall submit an irrevocable license to enter the property for the purposes of inspection. The following language must be included in the irrevocable license to enter:
- 220 (1) A statement that the property owner is to be responsible for the maintenance of drainage facilities on the property;
 - (2) A statement granting the public works director or designee the right to enter the property for the purposes of inspecting the drainage facilities; and
 - (3) A statement that the public works director shall have the authority to order repair or cleaning of the drainage facilities if the owner does not take action to conduct this work or if the site poses a threat to public health and safety.
 - (f) Adjustment Process. Any developer proposing to adjust the requirements for, or alter design of, a system required as set forth in the standard pre-approved plans must follow the adjustment process as set forth in the standard pre-approved plans.
 - (g) Other Permits and Requirements. It is recognized that other city, county, state, and federal permits may be required for the proposed action. Further, compliance with the provisions of this chapter when developing and/or improving land may not constitute compliance with these other jurisdictions' requirements. To the extent required by law, these other requirements must be met.

<u>Section 11</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 15.52.070 is amended to read as follows:

15.52.070 City acceptance of new storm-flow control facilities, flow control BMPs and/or water quality facilities.

- (a) <u>City Acceptance of New Residential Flow Control and/or Water Quality Facilities.</u> The city will release the maintenance bond and accept for maintenance new residential storm flow control and/or water quality facilities constructed under an accepted permit as listednoted in Section 15.52.050 that meet the following conditions:
- (1) An inspection by the <u>public works</u> director or designee has determined that the storm flow control and/or water <u>quality</u> facilities are functioning as designed;
- (2) The storm flow control and/or water quality facilities have had at least two years of satisfactory operation and maintenance;
- (3) The storm flow control and/or water quality facilitiesy, as designed and constructed, conforms to the provisions of the chapter;
- (4) All easements and tract dedications required by this chapter, entitling the city to properly access, operate and maintain the subject drainage flow control and/or water quality facility, have been recorded

with the King County recorder's office, and a copy has been conveyed to the city;

 (5) Agreements between the property owner and maintenance contractor, if required, have been submitted to and approved by the city;

- (6) For nonstandard drainage flow control and water quality facilities, an operation and maintenance manual, including a schedule detailing the suggested seasonal timing and frequency of maintenance, has been submitted to and accepted by the city;
- (7) A complete and accurate set of reproducible mylar as builts, computer files of plans as described in the pre-approved plans, and microfiche of plans has been received and accepted by the city.
- (b) City Acceptance of New Residential Flow Control BMPs. The city will accept for maintenance new residential flow control BMPs constructed under an accepted permit as listed in Section 15.52.050 that meet the following conditions:
- (1) The flow control BMPs are located within an easement or tract dedicated to the city or within a public right-of-way;
- (2) An inspection by the public works director or designee has determined that the flow control BMPs are functioning as designed;
- (3) The flow control BMPs have had at least two years of satisfactory operation and maintenance;
- (4) The flow control BMPs, as designed and constructed, conform to the the provisions of this chapter;
- (5) For nonstandard flow control BMPs, an operation and maintenance manual, including a schedule detailing the suggested seasonal timing and frequency of maintenance, has been submitted to and accepted by the city;
- (6) A complete and accurate set of reproducible plans as described in the pre-approved plans has been received and accepted by the city;
- (7) The city's maintenance of the flow control BMPs will be limited to their functionality. All other maintenance shall remain the responsibility of the adjacent owners.
- (b) City Acceptance of New Nonresidential Storm Water Facilities. The city will release the maintenance bond for new nonresidential storm water facilities that meet all except items (4) and (6) in subsection (a) of this section.

<u>Section 12</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 15.04.080 is amended to read as follows:

15.52.080 Bonds-and-irrevocable license to enter.

- (a) Prior to commencing construction on any project required to conduct a drainage review per Section 15.52.050disturbing greater than one thousand square feet of land area that meet conditions for a sensitive site as set forth in the standard plans, the applicant must post an erosion control a performance bond using the same procedures as provided in Chapter 175 KZC. The nature of the bond must permit the city to obtain the proceeds of the bond immediately upon request.
- (1) The bond must be in an amount sufficient to cover the cost of corrective work on or off the site performed specifically for the given project. Before the city releases the bond, the applicant must do the following:

- (A) Construct drainage facilities required in per the development 313 permitstorm water plan; 314
 - Receive final approval of the drainage facilities storm water system from the city of Kirkland; and
 - Pay all required fees.

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- (2)318 All applicants shall post a maintenance bond using the same procedures as provided in Chapter 175 KZC to ensure maintenance of 319 320 installed storm water drainage facilities for two years from the date of final approval of the storm water drainage facilities. Before the city will 321 322 release the bond, the storm-water drainage facilities must meet the 323 requirements of Section 15.52.070.
 - (b) Prior to final approval of the storm water facilities, the property owner of all nonresidential storm water facilities shall submit, as described in Chapter 175 KZC, an irrevocable license to enter the property for the purposes of inspection. The following language must be included in the irrevocable license to enter:
 - (1) A statement that the property owner is to be responsible for the maintenance of storm water facilities on the property;
 - (2) A statement granting the director or designee the right to enter the property for the purposes of inspecting the storm water facilities; and
 - (3) A statement that the director shall have the authority to order repair or cleaning of the storm water facilities if the owner does not take action to conduct this work or if the site poses a threat to public health and safety.

Section 13. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 15.52.090 is amended to read as follows:

15.52.090 Illicit discharges and connections.

- Prohibition of Illicit Discharges. No person shall throw, drain, or otherwise discharge, cause or allow others under its control to throw, drain or otherwise discharge into the municipal storm drain system and/or surface and ground waters any materials other than storm water. Illicit discharges are prohibited and constitute a violation of this chapter. Examples of prohibited contaminants include, but are not limited to, the following:
- (1) Trash or debris.
- (2) 351 Construction materials.
- 352 Petroleum products including but not limited to oil, gasoline, 353 grease, fuel oil and heating oil.
 - (4) Antifreeze and other automotive products.
- (5)355 Metals in either particulate or dissolved form.
- (6) Flammable or explosive materials. 356
- 357 (7) Radioactive material.
- (8) Batteries. 358
 - (9) Acids, alkalis, or bases.
- (10)360 Paints, stains, resins, lacquers, or varnishes.
- 361 (11)Degreasers and/or solvents.
 - (12)Drain cleaners.
- 363 (13)Pesticides, herbicides, or fertilizers.
- (14)364 Steam cleaning wastes.
- (15)365 Soaps, detergents, or ammonia. 366
 - (16)Swimming pool or spa filter backwash.

- 367 (17) Chlorine, bromine, or other disinfectants.
- 368 (18) Heated water.
- 369 (19) Domestic animal wastes.
- 370 (20) Sewage.
- 371 (21) Recreational vehicle waste.
- 372 (22) Animal carcasses.
- 373 (23) Food wastes.
- 374 (24) Bark and other fibrous materials.
- 375 (25) Lawn clippings, leaves, or branches.
- 376 (26) Silt, sediment, concrete, cement or gravel.
- 377 (27) Dyes.

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- 378 (28) Chemicals not normally found in uncontaminated water.
- 379 (29) Any other process-associated discharge except as otherwise allowed in this section.
- 381 (30) Any hazardous material or waste not listed above.
 - (b) Allowable Discharges. The following types of discharges shall not be considered illicit discharges for the purposes of this chapter unless the <u>public works</u> director <u>or designee</u> determines that the type of discharge, whether singly or in combination with others, is causing or is likely to cause pollution of surface water or ground water:
 - (1) Diverted stream flows.
- 388 (2) Rising ground waters.
- 389 (3) Uncontaminated ground water infiltration as defined in 40 CFR 390 35.2005(b)(20).
- 391 (4) Uncontaminated pumped ground water.
- 392 (5) Foundation drains.
- 393 (6) Air conditioning condensation.
- (7) Irrigation water from agricultural sources that is commingled with urban storm water.
 - (8) Springs.
 - (9) Uncontaminated water from crawl space pumps.
- 398 (10) Footing drains.
 - (11) Flows from riparian habitats and wetlands.
 - (12) Discharges from emergency fire fighting activities in accordance with S2 Authorized Discharges.
 - (13) Non-storm water discharges authorized by another NPDES or state waste discharge permit.
 - (c) Conditional Discharges. The following types of discharges shall not be considered illicit discharges for the purpose of this chapter if they meet the stated conditions, or unless the <u>public works</u> director <u>or designee</u> determines that the type of discharge, whether singly or in combination with others, is causing or is likely to cause pollution of surface water or ground water:
- (1) Potable water, including water from water line flushing, hyperchlorinated water line flushing, fire hydrant system flushing, and pipeline hydrostatic test water. Planned discharges shall be dechlorinated to a total residual chlorine concentration of 0.1 ppm or less, pH-adjusted, if necessary and in volumes and velocities controlled to prevent resuspension of sediments in the storm water system.
- (2) Lawn watering and other irrigation runoff are permitted but shall be minimized.
- (3) Dechlorinated swimming pool, spa and hot tub discharges. These discharges shall be dechlorinated to a total residual chlorine concentration of 0.1 ppm or less, pH-adjusted, and reoxygenized if

necessary and in volumes and velocities controlled to prevent resuspension of sediments in the storm water system. Discharges shall be thermally controlled to prevent an increase in temperature of the receiving water. Swimming pool cleaning wastewater and filter backwash shall not be discharged to the municipal separate storm sewer system ("MS4"), as defined in the most recent version of the Western Washington Phase II Municipal Stormwater Permit.

Street and sidewalk wash water, water used to control dust, and routine external building wash down that does not use detergents are permitted if the amount of street wash and dust control water used is minimized. At active construction sites, street sweeping must be

performed prior to washing the street.

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Non-storm water discharges covered by another NPDES permit: provided, that the discharger is in full compliance with all requirements of the permit, waiver, or order and other applicable laws and regulations; and provided, that written approval has been granted for any discharge to the storm drain system.

- Failure to Remove Pollutants from Private System. It shall be a violation of this chapter for any person who commits an illicit or conditional discharge in violation of this section to fail to remove the pollutants from a private system that enters the municipal storm system and/or surface and ground waters. In addition, it shall be a violation of this chapter for any property owner on whose property an illicit or conditional discharge occurs to fail to remove the pollutants from a private system that enters the municipal storm system.
- (e) Prohibition of Illicit Connections.
- (1)The construction, use, maintenance, or continued existence of illicit connections to the storm drain system are prohibited and constitute a violation of this chapter.
- This prohibition expressly includes, without limitation, illicit connections made in the past, regardless of whether the connection was permissible under law or practices applicable or prevailing at the time of connection.
- A person is considered to be in violation of this section if the person connects a line conveying sewage to the MS4, or allows such a connection to continue.
- Implementation of structural BMPs shall be required if operational BMPs are not effective at reducing or eliminating an illicit discharge. Guidance for design of structural BMPs is provided in the 2016 King County Stormwater Pollution Prevention Manual Volume IV of the Stormwater Management Manual for Western Washington, herein incorporated by reference.

Section 14. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 15.52.100 is amended to read as follows:

15.52.100 Source control best management practices.

Any person causing or allowing discharge to a public drainage facility, natural drainage system, surface and storm water, or ground water shall control contamination in the discharge by implementing appropriate source control BMPs, as described in the 2016 King County Stormwater Pollution Prevention Manual Volume IV of the 2005 Stormwater Management Manual for Western-Washington. Failure to implement such practices shall constitute a violation of this chapter. Guidance on designing and implementing Design requirements for BMPs are is provided in the pre-approved standard plans.

<u>Section 15.</u> Kirkland Municipal Code Section 15.52.120 is amended to read as follows:

15.52.120 Operation and maintenance of storm water drainage facilities.

(a) Standards for maintenance of storm—water drainage facilities existing on public or private property within the city of Kirkland are contained in Appendix A of the 2009 2016 King County Surface Water Design Manual and the City of Kirkland Addendum to the 2009 2016 King County Surface Water Design Manual. For facilities which do not have maintenance standards, the property owner shall develop a maintenance standard. Any maintenance agreement submitted and approved by the city through the permit process shall supersede maintenance requirements contained in the 2009 2016 King County Surface Water Design Manual and the City of Kirkland Addendum to the 2009 2016 King County Surface Water Design Manual.

(b) No person shall cause or permit any drainage facility on any public or private property to be obstructed, filled, graded, or used for disposal of debris. Any such activity constitutes a violation of this chapter.

- (c) Any modification of an existing drainage facility must be approved and permitted by the city. Failure to obtain permits and approvals or to violate conditions thereof for any such alteration constitutes a violation of this chapter.
- (d) The city will maintain all elements of the storm drainage facilities system beginning at the first catch-basin within the public right-of-way, and in easements or tracts dedicated to and accepted by the city. All other drainage facilities, including, but not limited to, residential or nonresidential storm—water flow control facilities, flow control BMPs and/or water quality facilities and roof downspout drains and driveway drains serving single-family residences, shall be maintained by the property owner.
- (e) Maintenance of <u>Residential or</u> Nonresidential Storm Water <u>Drainage</u> Facilities by Owners.
- (1) Any person or persons holding title to a <u>residential or</u> nonresidential property for which storm water <u>containing drainage</u> facilities have been required by the city of Kirkland shall be responsible for the continual operation, maintenance, and repair of said storm water<u>drainage</u> facilities in accordance with the criteria set forth in Appendix A of the <u>2016</u>2009 King County Surface Water Design Manual and the City of Kirkland Addendum to the <u>2016</u>2009 King County Surface Water Design Manual. For facilities which do not have maintenance standards, the property owner shall develop a maintenance standard.
- (2) For <u>residential or nonresidential storm water drainage</u> facilities, failure to meet the maintenance requirements specified in Appendix A of the <u>20162009</u> King County Surface Water Design Manual and the City of Kirkland Addendum to the <u>20162009</u> King County Surface Water Design Manual constitutes a violation of this chapter, and shall be enforced against the owner(s) of the subject property. served by the storm water facility.

(f) City Acceptance of Existing Residential Storm Water <u>Drainage</u> Facilities. The city may accept for maintenance those storm water <u>drainage</u> facilities serving residential developments existing prior to the effective date of the ordinance codified in this chapter that meet the following conditions:

- (1) The <u>drainagestorm water</u> facilities serve more than one individual house or property;
- (2) An inspection by the <u>public works</u> director <u>or designee</u> has determined that the storm water <u>drainage</u> facilities are functioning as designed;
- (3) The <u>drainagestorm water</u> facilities have had at least two years of satisfactory operation and maintenance, unless otherwise waived by the <u>public works</u> director;
- (4) An inspection by the <u>public works</u> director <u>or designee</u> has determined that the storm water <u>drainage</u> facilities are accessible for maintenance using existing city equipment;
- (5) The person or persons holding title to the properties served by the drainagestorm water facilities must submit a petition containing the signatures of the title holders of more than fifty percent of the lots served by the drainagestorm water facilities requesting that the city maintain the drainagestorm water facilities;
- (6) All easements entitling the city to properly access, operate and maintain the subject <u>drainagestorm water</u> facilities have been conveyed to the city and have been recorded with the King County recorder's office;
- (7) The person or persons holding title to the properties served by the <u>drainagestorm water</u> facilities shows proof of the correction of any defects in the drainage facilities, including provision of maintenance access, as required by the <u>public works</u> director.
- (g) Disposal of waste from maintenance activities shall be conducted in accordance with the Minimum Functional Standards for Solid Waste Handling, Chapter 173-304 WAC; guidelines published by the Washington State Department of Ecology for disposal of waste materials from storm water maintenance activities; and, where appropriate, the Dangerous Waste Regulations, Chapter 173-303 WAC.

<u>Section 16</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 15.52.130 is amended to read as follows:

15.52.130 Inspection and sampling.

- (a) Inspections for compliance with the provisions of this chapter shall be allowed as follows:
- (1) Construction and Development Inspection. The <u>public works</u> director or designee shall have <u>the right to enter onto the property ofaccess to</u> any site for which a <u>development</u> permit as listed in Section 15.52.050 has been issued, during regular business hours, or at any other time reasonable in the circumstances, for the purpose of review of erosion control practices and <u>drainagestorm water</u> facilities, and to insure compliance with the terms of such permit. Applicants for any such permit shall agree in writing, as a condition of issuance thereof, that such access shall be permitted for such purposes. Inspection procedures shall be as outlined in Section 15.52.130(b).
- (2) Inspection for Cause. Whenever there is cause to believe that a violation of this chapter has been or is being committed, the <u>public</u>

works director or designee shall have the right to enter the property authorized to inspect the property during regular business hours, and at any other time reasonable in the circumstances. Inspection procedures shall be as outlined in Section 15.52.130(b).

- (3) Inspection for Maintenance and Source Control Best Management Practices. The <u>public works</u> director or designee <u>shall have the right to enter the property tomay</u> inspect storm water <u>drainage</u> facilities in order to ensure continued functioning of the <u>drainage</u> facilities for the purposes for which they were constructed, and to ensure that maintenance is being performed in accordance with the standards of this chapter and any maintenance schedule adopted during the plan review process for the property. The <u>public works</u> director <u>or designee</u> also may enter the site for the purposes of observing source control best management practices. The property owner or other person in control of the site shall allow any authorized representative of the <u>public works</u> director or designee access during regular business hours, or at any other time reasonable in the circumstances, for the purpose of inspection, sampling, and records examination.
- (b) Inspection Procedure. Prior to making any inspections, the <u>public</u> <u>works</u> director or designee shall present identification credentials, state the reason for the inspection and request entry of the owner or other person having charge or control of the property, if available, or as provided below.

(1) If the property or any building or structure on the property is unoccupied, the <u>public works</u> director or his designee shall first make a reasonable effort to locate the owner or other person(s) having charge or control of the property or portions of the property and request entry.

- (2) If, after reasonable effort, the <u>public works</u> director or his designee is unable to locate the owner or other person(s) having charge or control of the property, and has reason to believe the condition of the site or of the storm water drainage <u>facilities</u> system creates an imminent hazard to persons or property, the inspector may enter.
- (c) Water sampling and analysis for determination of compliance with this chapter shall be allowed as follows:
- (1) Sample Collection. When the <u>public works</u> director <u>or designee</u> has reason to believe that a violation exists or is occurring on a property, the <u>public works</u> director shall have the authority to set up on the site such devices as are necessary to conduct sampling, inspection, compliance monitoring, or flow measuring operations.
- (2) Sample Analysis. Analysis of samples collected during investigation of potential violations shall be analyzed by a laboratory certified by the State Department of Ecology as competent to perform the required analysis using standard practices and procedures.
- (3) Cost of Sample Collection and Analysis. If it is determined that a violation of this chapter exists on the site, the owner of the property shall pay the city's actual costs for collecting samples and for laboratory analysis of those samples. If it is found that a violation does not exist, the city will pay such charges.

<u>Section 17</u>. If any provision of this ordinance or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the ordinance or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

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Section 18. This ordinance shall be in force and effect on January 1, 2017, after its passage by the Kirkland City Council and publication pursuant to Section 1.08.017, Kirkland Municipal Code in the summary form attached to the original of this ordinance and by this reference approved by the City Council.

Passed by majority vote of the Kirkland City Council in open meeting this 18th day of October, 2016.

Signed in authentication thereof this 18th day of October, 2016.

MAYOR MAYOR

Attest:

City Clerk

Approved as to Form:

City Attorney

Publication Date: October 24, 2016

PUBLICATION SUMMARY OF ORDINANCE 0-4538

- AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF KIRKLAND RELATING TO STORM AND SURFACE WATER MANAGEMENT OF DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES AND AMENDING KIRKLAND MUNICIPAL CODE CHAPTERS 15.04 AND 15.52.
- SECTION 1. Amends Section 15.04.010 of the Kirkland Municipal Code ("KMC") relating definitions.
 - SECTION 2. Repeals Section 15.04.176 of the KMC.
- <u>SECTION 3</u>. Amends Section 15.04.178 of the KMC relating to the definition of nonresidential drainage facilities.
- <u>SECTION 4.</u> Adds a new Section 15.04.226 of the KMC to include a new definition for pre-approved plans and policies.
- <u>SECTION 5.</u> Amends Section 15.04.238 of the KMC relating to the definition of residential drainage facilities.
- <u>SECTION 6.</u> Amends Section 15.04.340 of the KMC relating to the definition of standard plans and specifications.
 - SECTION 7. Repeals Section 15.04.365 of the KMC.
- <u>SECTION 8.</u> Amends Section 15.52.030 of the KMC to relating to comprehensive drainage and storm sewer plan.
- SECTION 9. Amends Section 15.52.050 of the KMC to define when a drainage review is required and types of drainage review that apply.
- <u>SECTION 10.</u> Amends Section 15.52.060 of the KMC related to design and construction standards and requirements.
- <u>SECTION 11.</u> Amends Section 15.52.070 of the KMC related to city acceptance of new drainage facilities.
- SECTION 12. Amends Section 15.52.080 of the KMC related to bonds.
- SECTION 13. Amends Section 15.52.090 of the KMC related to illicit discharges and connections and replacing the current pollution prevention manual with the 2016 King County Stormwater Pollution Prevention Manual.
- <u>SECTION 14.</u> Amends Section 15.52.100 of the KMC related to source control best management practices and replacing the current pollution prevention manual with the 2016 King County Stormwater Pollution Prevention Manual.

SECTION 15. Amends Section 15.52.120 of the KMC related to operation and maintenance of drainage facilities.

<u>SECTION 16.</u> Amend Section 15.52.130 of the KMC to clarify the City's inspection and sampling procedures.

SECTION 17. Provides a severability clause for the ordinance.

SECTION 18. Authorizes publication of the ordinance by summary, which summary is approved by the City Council pursuant to Section 1.08.017 Kirkland Municipal Code and establishes the effective date as January 1, 2017.

The full text of this Ordinance will be mailed without charge to any person upon request made to the City Clerk for the City of Kirkland. The Ordinance was passed by the Kirkland City Council at its meeting on the 18th day of October, 2016.

I certify that the foregoing is a summary of Ordinance O-4538 approved by the Kirkland City Council for summary publication.

City Clerk