ORDINANCE 0-4524

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF KIRKLAND RELATING TO MODIFICATIONS TO TITLE 21 OF THE KIRKLAND MUNICIPAL CODE REGARDING BUILDING AND CONSTRUCTION.

The City Council of the City of Kirkland do ordain as follows:

<u>Section 1</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.06.020 is amended to read as follows:

21.06.020 Scope.

- (a) This chapter establishes the administrative, organizational and enforcement rules and regulations for the technical codes which regulate site preparation and construction, alteration, moving, demolition, repair, use and occupancy of buildings, structures and building service equipment within the corporate limits of the city. The provisions of this chapter shall apply to the administration of the following technical codes:
- (1) 2012 2015 International Building Code—Chapter 51-50 WAC;
- (2) 2012 2015 International Residential Code—Chapter 51-51 WAC:
- (3) 2012 2015 International Mechanical Code—Chapter 51-52 WAC;
- (4) 2012 2015 National Fuel Gas Code (NFPA 54)—Chapter 51-52 WAC;
- (5) Kirkland Electrical Code;
- (6) 2008 Liquefied Petroleum Gas Code (NFPA 58)—Chapter 51-52 WAC;
- (7) 2012 2015 International Fuel Gas Code—Chapter 51-52 WAC;
- (8) 2012 2015 Uniform Plumbing Code—Chapters 51-56 and 51-57 WAC;
- (9) 2012 International Energy Conservation Code Chapters 51-11C and 51-11R WAC.

<u>Section 2</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.06.025 is amended to read as follows:

21.06.025 Definitions.

For the purpose of this chapter, certain terms, phrases, words and their derivatives shall have the meanings set forth in this section or in the definitions provisions of the technical codes. Where terms are not defined, they shall have their ordinary accepted meanings within the

context with which they are used. Webster's Third International Dictionary of the English Language, Unabridged, latest edition, shall be considered as providing ordinary accepted meanings. Words used in the singular include the plural and the plural the singular. Words used in the masculine gender include the feminine and the feminine the masculine.

(1) "Action" means a specific response complying fully with a specific request by the jurisdiction.

(2) "Existing Structure" means a structure erected prior to the date of adoption of the appropriate code, or one for which a legal building permit has been issued.

(3) "Building service equipment" means and refers to the plumbing, mechanical and electrical equipment including piping, wiring, fixtures, and other accessories which provide sanitation, lighting, heating, ventilation, cooling, refrigeration, fire fighting, and transportation facilities essential to the occupancy of the building or structure for its designated use.

(4) "Complete response" means an adequate response to all requests from city staff in sufficient detail to allow the application to be processed.

(5) "Energy code" means the International Energy Conservation Code promulgated by the International Code Council as adopted by the city.

(6) "IBC" means the latest edition of the International Building Code promulgated by the International Code Council as adopted by the city.

(7) "IEBC" means the latest edition of the International Existing Building Code promulgated by the International Code Council.

- (7) (8) "IMC" means the latest edition of the International Mechanical Code promulgated by the International Code Council as adopted by the city.
- (9) "ISPSC" means the latest edition of the International Swimming Pool and Spa Code promulgated by the International Code Council as adopted by the city.
- (8) (10) "IRC" means the latest edition of the International Residential Code promulgated by the International Code Council as adopted by the city.

(9) (11) "KMC" means the Kirkland Municipal Code.

- (12) "KPMC" means the Kirkland Property Maintenance Code.
- 75 (10) (13) "NEC" means the latest edition of the National Electrical Code 76 promulgated by the National Fire Protection Association as amended by 77 the Washington Cities Electrical Code as adopted by the city. 78 (11) (14) "Occupancy" means the purpose for which a building, or part

 $\frac{(11)}{(14)}$ "Occupancy" means the purpose for which a building, or part thereof, is used or intended to be used.

80 (12) (15) "Shall," as used in this chapter, is mandatory.
81 (13) (16) "Technical codes" are the codes, appendices a

(13) (16) "Technical codes" are the codes, appendices and referenced code standards adopted by the jurisdiction.

 (14) (17) "UPC" means the latest edition of the Uniform Plumbing Code promulgated by the International Association of Plumbing and Mechanical Officials as adopted by the jurisdiction.

(15) (18) "Valuation" or "value," used in computing the plan review and permit (inspection) fees, means the total value of all construction work, including labor and materials, for which the permit is issued, as well as all finish work, painting, roofing, electrical, plumbing, heating, air conditioning, elevators, fire-extinguishing systems, or any other permanent work or permanent equipment.

<u>Section 3</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.06.035 is amended to read as follows:

21.06.035 Intent.

The purpose of this chapter and the technical codes is to establish the minimum requirements to safeguard the public health, safety and general welfare through structural strength, means of egress facilities, stability, sanitation, adequate light and ventilation, energy conservation, and safety to life and property from fire and other hazards attributed to the built environment and to provide a reasonable level of safety to firefighters and emergency responders during emergency operations.

<u>Section 4</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.06.045 is amended to read as follows:

21.06.045 International Building Code—Scope.

The provisions of the International Building Code shall apply to the construction, alteration, movement, enlargement, replacement, repair, equipment, use and occupancy, location, maintenance, removal, and demolition of every building or structure or any appurtenances connected or attached to such buildings or structures.

Exceptions:

- (1) Detached one- and two-family dwellings and multiple single-family dwellings (townhouses) not more than three stories above grade plane in height with separate means of egress and their accessory structures not more than three stories above grade plane in height, shall comply with the International Residential Code.
- (2) Roads, bridges, sidewalks, drainage structures, retaining walls, street lighting poles, traffic signal poles and similar structures regulated, approved and inspected by the city's public works department.
- (3) Electrical transmission towers and telephone poles (not including cell towers) under the control of a utility.

Section 5. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.06.050 is amended to read as follows:

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21.06.050 International Residential Code—Scope.

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21.06.075 Energy—Scope.

amended to read as follows:

Section 7.

The provisions of the International Residential Code for One- and Two-

Family Dwellings shall apply to the construction, alteration, movement, enlargement, replacement, repair, equipment, use and occupancy, location, maintenance, removal, and demolition of detached one- and two-family dwellings, and multiple single-family dwellings (townhouses) adult family homes, and townhouses not more than three stories in height with separate means of egress and their accessory structures not more than three stories above grade plane in height.

Exceptions:

- 1. Live/work units located in townhouses and complying with the requirements of Section 419 of the International Building Code shall be permitted to be built as one constructed in accordance with the International Residential Code for One- and two-family dwellings or townhouses. Two-Family Dwellings and two-family dwellings or townhouses. Fire suppression required by Section 419.5 of the International Building Code when where constructed under the International Residential Code for One- and Two-Family Dwellings shall conform to Section 903.3.1.3 of the International Building Code.
- 2. Owner-occupied lodging houses with one or two guestrooms shall be permitted to be constructed in accordance with the International Residential Code for One- and Two-Family Dwellings.
- 3. Owner-occupied lodging homes with three to five guestrooms shall be permitted to be constructed in accordance with the International Residential Code for One- and Two- Family Dwellings where equipped with a fire sprinkler system in accordance with Appendix O.

Section 6. Kirkland Municipal Code Chapter 21.06 is amended to include a new section 21.06.071 to read as follows:

21.06.071 Property Maintenance - Scope.

The provisions of the Kirkland Property Maintenance Code shall apply to existing structures and premises; equipment and facilities; light, ventilation, space heating, sanitation, life and fire safety hazards; responsibilities of owners, operators and occupants; and occupancy of existing premises and structures.

Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.06.075 is

The provisions of the International Energy Conservation Washington State Energy Code shall apply to all matters governing the design and construction of buildings for energy efficiency.

<u>Section 8.</u> Kirkland Municipal Code Chapter 21.06 is amended to include a new section 21.06.076 to read as follows:

21.06.76 Existing Structures - Scope.

The provisions of the International Existing Building Code shall apply to matters governing the repair, alteration, change of occupancy, addition to and relocation of existing structures.

<u>Section 9</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.06.115 is amended to read as follows:

21.06.115 Existing structures.

The legal occupancy of any structure existing on the date of adoption of the technical codes shall be permitted to continue without change, except as is otherwise specifically covered provided in this chapter, the International Fire Code, or as is deemed necessary by the building official or fire official for the general safety and welfare of the occupants and the public. Modifications to existing structures shall be permitted to be performed in accordance with WAC 51-50-480000 (International Existing Building Code).

- (1) Additions, alterations or repairs. Additions, alterations or repairs to any structure shall conform to the requirements for a new structure without requiring the existing structure to comply with the requirements of this code, unless otherwise stated. Additions, alterations or repairs and relocations shall not cause an existing structure to become unsafe or adversely affect the performance of the building.
- **EXCEPTIONS:**

- 1. Additions with less than 500 square feet of conditioned floor area are exempt from the requirements for Whole House Ventilation Systems, Section M1508.
- 2. Additions or alterations to existing buildings which do not require the construction of foundations, crawlspaces, slabs or basements shall not be required to meet the requirements for radon protection in Section R327.1 and Appendix F.
- (2) Buildings not previously occupied. A building or portion of a building that has not been previously occupied or used for its intended purpose in accordance with the laws in existence at the time of its completion shall comply with the provisions of the International Building Code or International Residential Code, as applicable, for new construction or with any current permit for such occupancy.
- (3) Buildings previously occupied. The legal occupancy of any building existing on the date of adoption of this code shall be permitted to continue without change, except as otherwise specifically provided in

this code, the International Fire Code or International Property Maintenance Code, or as is deemed necessary by the building official for the general safety and welfare of the occupants and the public.

Section 10. Kirkland Municipal Code Chapter 21.06 is amended to include a new section 21.06.116 to read as follows:

21.06.116 Moved buildings—Building, Mechanical, Plumbing, Energy.

Buildings or structures moved into or within a jurisdiction shall comply with the provisions of this chapter, the International Building Code (chapter 51-50 WAC), the International Residential Code (chapter 51-51 WAC), the International Mechanical Code (chapter 51-52 WAC), the International Fire Code (chapter 51-54 WAC), the Uniform Plumbing Code and Standards (chapter 51-56 WAC), and the Washington State Energy Code (chapter 51-11R WAC) for new buildings or structures.

EXCEPTION: IRC buildings or structures are not required to comply if:

1. The original occupancy classification is not changed; and

2. The original building is not substantially remodeled or rehabilitated. For the purposes of this section a building shall be considered to be substantially remodeled when the costs of remodeling exceed 60 percent of the value of the building exclusive of the costs relating to preparation, construction, demolition or renovation of foundations.

<u>Section 11</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.06.160 is amended to read as follows:

21.06.160 Right of entry.

Where it is necessary to make an inspection to enforce the provisions of this chapter and the technical codes, or where the building official has reasonable cause to believe that there exists in a structure or upon a premises a condition which that is contrary to or in violation of this chapter and the technical codes which that makes the structure or premises unsafe, dangerous or hazardous, the building official is authorized to enter the structure or premises at reasonable times to inspect or to perform the duties imposed by this chapter and the technical codes; provided, that if such structure or premises be occupied, that credentials be presented to the occupant and entry requested. If such structure or premises is unoccupied, the building official shall first make a reasonable effort to locate the owner or other person having charge or control of the structure or premises and request entry. If entry is refused, the building official shall have recourse to the remedies provided by law to secure entry.

<u>Section 12</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.06.170 is amended to read as follows:

21.06.170 Liability.

(1) The building official or employee charged with the enforcement of this chapter and the technical codes, while acting for the jurisdiction in good faith and without malice in the discharge of the duties required by this chapter or other pertinent law or ordinance, shall not thereby be <u>civilly or criminally</u> rendered liable personally and is hereby relieved from personal liability for any damage accruing to persons or property as a result of any act or by reason of an act or omission in the discharge of official duties. Any suit instituted against an officer or employee because of an act performed by that officer or employee in the lawful discharge of duties and under the provisions of this chapter shall be defended by legal representative of the jurisdiction until the final termination of the proceedings. The building official or any subordinate shall not be liable for cost in any action, suit or proceeding that is instituted in pursuance of the provisions of this chapter and the technical codes.

(2) Legal defense. Any suit or criminal complaint instituted against an officer or employee because of an act performed by that officer or employee in the lawful discharge of duties and under the provisions of this code shall be defended by legal representatives of the jurisdiction until the final termination of the proceedings. The building official or any subordinate shall not be liable for cost in any action, suit or proceeding

that is instituted in pursuance of the provisions of this code. 290

Section 13. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.06.180 is amended to read as follows:

21.06.180 Used materials and equipment.

The use of used materials and building service equipment which that meet the requirements of this code for new materials is permitted. Used equipment and devices shall not be reused unless prior approval is obtained from the building official.

Section 14. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.06.185 is amended to read as follows:

21.06.185 Modifications.

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Wherever Where there are practical difficulties involved in carrying out the provisions of this chapter and the technical codes, the building official shall have the authority to grant modifications for individual cases, upon application of the owner or the owner's representative authorized agent, provided that the building official shall first find that special individual reason makes the strict letter of the code impractical. and the modification is in compliance with the intent and purpose of this chapter and the technical codes and that such modification does not lessen health, accessibility, life and fire safety, or structural requirements. The details of action granting modifications shall be recorded and entered in the files of the department. The building official is authorized to charge an additional fee to evaluate any proposed modification under the provisions of this section.

<u>Section 15</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.06.190 is amended to read as follows:

21.06.190 Alternative materials, design and methods of construction and equipment.

The provisions of this chapter and the technical codes are not intended to prevent the installation of any material or to prohibit any design or method of construction not specifically prescribed by this chapter and the technical codes; provided, that any such alternative has been approved. An alternative material, design or method of construction shall be approved where the building official finds that the proposed design is satisfactory and complies with the intent of the provisions of this chapter and the technical codes, and that the material, method or work offered is, for the purpose intended, at least not less than the equivalent of that prescribed in the technical codes in quality, strength, effectiveness, fire resistance, durability and safety. Where the alternative material, design or method of construction is not approved, the building official shall respond in writing, stating the reasons why the alternative was not approved. The building official is authorized to charge an additional fee to evaluate any proposed alternate under the provisions of this section.

<u>Section 16</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.06.205 is amended to read as follows:

21.06.205 Required.

Any owner or <u>owner's</u> authorized agent who intends to construct, enlarge, alter, repair, move, demolish, or change the occupancy of a building or structure, or to erect, install, enlarge, alter, repair, remove, convert or replace any electrical, gas, mechanical or plumbing system, the installation of which is regulated by this chapter or one of the technical codes, or to cause any such work to be done <u>performed</u>, shall first make application to the building official and obtain the required permit. A separate permit is required for each building or structure. Exception: When deemed appropriate by the building official, accessory buildings and structures may be included under the permit of the main building or structure.

<u>Section 17</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.06.215 is amended to read as follows:

21.06.215 Work exempt from permit.

Exemptions from permit requirements of this chapter shall not be deemed to grant authorization for any work to be done in any manner in violation of the provisions of the technical codes or any other laws or ordinances of this jurisdiction. Permit exemptions shall not apply to areas of flood hazard or city land use critical areas and their required buffers. Permits shall not be required for the following:

- (1) Building.
- (A) Accessory structures.
- (i) One-story detached IRC accessory structures used as tool and storage sheds, one-story tree-supported play structures, playhouses and similar use, but not including vehicle storage, provided the floor area does not exceed two hundred square feet, and, except one-story tree-supported play structures, the height does not exceed twelve feet from the grade plane to the highest point of the roof.
- (ii) <u>One-story detached</u> IBC accessory structures used as tool and storage sheds, one-story tree-supported play structures, playhouses and similar uses, but not including vehicle storage, provided the floor area does not exceed one hundred twenty square feet and, except one-story tree-supported play structures, the height does not exceed twelve feet from the grade plane to the highest point of the roof.
- (B) Fences not over six feet high.
- (C) Oil derricks.
- (D) Retaining walls which are not over four feet in height measured from the bottom of the footing to the top of the wall, unless supporting a surcharge or impounding Class I, II or III-A liquids.
- (E) Water tanks supported directly on grade if the capacity does not exceed five thousand gallons and the ratio of height to diameter or width does not exceed two to one.
- (F) Sidewalks, decks and driveways not more than thirty inches above grade and not over any basement or story below and which are not part of an accessible route.
- (G) Replacement of nonstructural siding on IRC structures except for veneer, stucco or exterior finish and insulation systems (EFIS).
- (H) In-kind re-roofing of one- and two-family dwellings, provided the roof sheathing is not removed or replaced.
- (I) Painting, papering, tiling, carpeting, cabinets, countertops and similar finish work; provided, that existing accessibility features are not altered.
- (J) Temporary motion picture, television and theater stage sets and scenery.
- (K) Prefabricated swimming pools accessory to a one- and two-family dwelling which are less than twenty-four inches deep, do not exceed five thousand gallons and are installed entirely above ground.
- (L) Swings, slides and other similar playground equipment.
- (M) Window awnings supported by an exterior wall of one- and twofamily dwellings which do not project more than fifty-four inches from the exterior wall and do not require additional support.
- (N) In-kind window replacement for IRC structures where no alteration of structural members is required and when the window U-values meet the current prescriptive requirements of the International Energy Conservation Code.
- (O) Nonfixed and movable cases, counters and partitions not over five feet, nine inches in height.

(P) 413 Satellite earth station antennas six and one-half feet or less in 414 diameter or diagonal in zones other than residential zones. Satellite earth station antennas three and one-quarter feet or 415 (Q) less in diameter in residential zones. 416 Video programming service antennas three and one-quarter feet 417 (R) or less in diameter or diagonal dimension, regardless of zone. 418 (S) Job shacks that are placed at a permitted job site during 419 construction may be allowed on a temporary basis and shall be 420 421 removed upon final approval of construction. A job shack is a 422 portable structure for which the primary purpose is to house 423 equipment and supplies, and which may serve as a temporary office during construction for the purposes of the construction 424 425 activity. Flag and light poles that do not exceed twenty feet in height. (An 426 (T)427 electrical permit may still be required.) Electrical. 428 (2)(A) Portable motors or other portable appliances energized by means 429 of a cord or cable having an attachment plug end to be connected 430 to an approved receptacle when that cord or cable is permitted 431 by the National Electrical Code; 432 Repair or replacement of fixed motors, transformers or fixed (B) 433 approved appliances or devices rated fifty amps or less which are 434 like-in-kind in the same location: 435 436 (C) Temporary decorative lighting, when used for a period not to exceed ninety days and removed at the conclusion of the ninety-437 438 day period; 439 Repair or replacement of current-carrying parts of any switch, conductor or control device which are like-in-kind in the same 440 location; 441 Repair or replacement of attachment plug(s) and associated 442 (E) 443 receptacle(s) rated fifty amperes or less which are like-in-kind in 444 the same location; Repair or replacement of any over current device which is like-445 (F) in-kind in the same location; 446 Repair or replacement of electrodes or transformers of the same 447 (G) size and capacity for signs or gas tube systems; 448 449 (H) Removal of electrical wiring; All wiring for low voltage installations within a one-family dwelling 450 (I)unit or its accessory structure except wired security, fire or smoke 451 alarm systems, provided the power is supplied by a listed Class 2 452 453 power supply and none of the wiring penetrates the wall or 454 ceiling between the dwelling unit and an attached garage or wall 455 separating two dwelling units; 456 (J) The installation, alteration or repair of electrical wiring, apparatus or equipment or the generation, transmission, distribution or 457

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- (K) Portable generators serving only cord- and plug-connected loads supplied through receptacles on the generator;
- (L) Travel trailers;
- (M) Like-in-kind replacement of one or more of the following: contactor, relay, timer, starter, circuit board, or similar control component; household appliance; circuit breaker; fuse; residential luminaire; lamp; snap switch; dimmer; receptacle outlet; thermostat; heating element; luminaire ballast with an exact same ballast; component(s) of electric signs, outline lighting, skeleton neon tubing when replaced on site by an appropriate electrical contractor and when the sign, outline lighting or skeleton neon tubing electrical system is not modified; ten-horsepower or smaller motor; and induction detection loops described in WAC 296-46B-300(2) and used to control gate access devices.
- (3) Mechanical.
- (A) Portable heating, cooking, or clothes drying appliances.
- (B) Portable ventilation equipment.
- (C) Portable cooling unit.
- (D) Steam, hot or chilled water piping within any heating or cooling equipment regulated by this chapter.
- (E) Replacement of any part which does not alter its approval or make it unsafe.
- (F) Portable evaporative cooler.
- (G) Self-contained refrigeration system containing ten pounds or less of refrigerant and actuated by motors of one horsepower or less.
- (H) Portable fuel cell appliances that are not connected to a fixed piping system and are not interconnected.
- (4) Plumbing.
- (A) The stopping and/or repairing of leaks in drains, water, soil, waste or vent pipe; provided, however, that should any concealed trap, drain pipe, water, soil, waste or vent pipe become defective and it becomes necessary to remove and replace the same with new material, the same shall be considered as new work and a permit shall be obtained and inspection made as provided in this chapter.
- (B) The clearing of stoppages, or the repairing of leaks in pipes, valves or fixtures and the removal and reinstallation of water closets, provided such repairs do not involve or require replacement or rearrangement of valves, pipes or fixtures.
- (C) Reinstallation or replacement of prefabricated fixtures that do not involve or require the replacement or rearrangement of valves or pipes.

<u>Section 18</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.06.250 is amended to read as follows:

21.06.250 Validity of permit.

The issuance or granting of a permit shall not be construed to be a permit for, or an approval of, any violation of any of the provisions of this chapter or of any other ordinance of the jurisdiction. Permits presuming to give authority to violate or cancel the provisions of this chapter or other ordinances of the jurisdiction shall not be valid. The issuance of a permit based on construction documents and other data shall not prevent the building official from requiring the correction of errors in the construction documents and other data. The building official is also authorized to prevent occupancy or use of a structure where in violation of this chapter or of any other ordinances of this jurisdiction.

<u>Section 19</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.06.255 is amended to read as follows:

21.06.255 Permit expiration.

- (a) Every building permit and its associated ancillary permits issued for an IRC permitted structure or for a tenant space within an existing building shall expire in two years from the date of issuance. Within two years of the issuance of the permit for an IRC structure, the outside must be complete including roofing, siding, windows, exterior doors and applicable site and right-of-way improvements. The two years to complete the IRC structure may not be extended.
- (b) Every LSM permit and every building permit and its associated ancillary permits issued for a commercial, educational, institutional, multifamily, public, industrial or similar structure shall expire in three years from the date of issuance.
- (c) Sign permits and electrical, mechanical, and plumbing permits not associated with a building permit shall expire one year from the date of issuance.
- (d) The building official may grant a thirty-day extension of time for permits when only the final inspection is remaining and all other work has been approved.
- (e) It is a violation of this chapter to allow a permit to expire without first obtaining an approved final inspection.
- Exception 1: A new building permit <u>approved to current code and</u> issued for an IRC structure to complete the work covered by a previous, expired permit shall expire in:
- (1) One year if the framing inspection was not approved on the previous permit; or
- (2) Six months if the framing inspection was approved on the previous permit and the exterior of the structure is not completed per subsection(3) of this section; or
- (3) Two years if the outside of the structure is complete including roofing, siding, windows, exterior doors and applicable site and right-of-way improvements.

 Exception 2: For permits resulting from work without a permit or other code enforcement action(s), the expiration date will be determined by the building official.

Section 20. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.06.256 is amended to read as follows:

21.06.256 Permit renewals.

An existing building permit may be renewed one time, without a loss of vesting, for a fee of one-half the original permit fee, provided the permit has not been expired for more than one year and the framing inspection has been approved. Permit renewals shall expire in:

- (1) Six months if the exterior of the structure is not completed per subsection (2) of this section; or
- (2) Two years if the outside of the structure is complete including roofing, siding, windows, exterior doors and applicable site and right-of-way improvements.

<u>Section 21</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.06.257 is hereby repealed.

<u>Section 22</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.06.267 is amended to read as follows:

21.06.267 Floor and roof design loads.

- (a) Live Loads Posted. Where the live loads In commercial or industrial buildings, for which each floor or portion thereof of a commercial or industrial building is or has been designed to exceed for live loads exceeding fifty 50 psf (2.40kN/m2), such design live loads shall be conspicuously posted by the owner or the owner's authorized agent in that part of each story in which they apply, using durable signs. It shall be unlawful to remove or deface such notices.
- (b) Issuance of Certificate of Occupancy. A certificate of occupancy required by Section 21.06.540 shall not be issued until the floor load signs required by this section have been installed.
- (c) Restrictions on Loading. It shall be unlawful to place, cause or permit to be placed, on any floor or room of a building structure or portion thereof, a load greater than is permitted by this code.

<u>Section 23</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.06.275 is amended to read as follows:

21.06.275 Information on construction documents.

Construction documents shall be dimensioned and <u>submitted</u> <u>electronically</u>. <u>drawn upon suitable material</u>. <u>Electronic media</u> <u>Construction</u> documents <u>printed on suitable material</u> are permitted to be submitted when approved by the building official. Construction documents shall be of sufficient clarity to indicate the location, nature

and extent of the work proposed and show in detail that it will conform to the provisions of this chapter and relevant laws, ordinances, rules and regulations. The plans must include the relevant items listed in this section and any other information or documents deemed necessary by the building official.

(1) Building.

- (A) Fire Protection System Shop Drawings. Shop drawings for the fire protection system(s) shall be submitted to indicate conformance with this chapter and the construction documents and shall be approved prior to the start of system installation. Shop drawings shall contain all information as required by the referenced installation standards in Chapter 9 of the IBC. Shop drawings shall be prepared by a certified individual as required by the state of Washington.
- (B) Means of Egress. The construction documents shall show in sufficient detail the location, construction, size and character of all portions of the means of egress in compliance with the provisions of this chapter. In occupancies within the scope of the International Building Code, the construction documents shall designate the number of occupants to be accommodated on every floor, and in all rooms and spaces.
- (C) Exterior Wall Envelope. Construction documents for all buildings shall describe the exterior wall envelope in sufficient detail to determine compliance with this chapter. The construction documents shall provide details of the exterior wall envelope as required, including flashing, intersections with dissimilar materials, corners, end details, control joints, intersections at roof, eaves or parapets, means of drainage, water-resistant membrane and details around openings. The construction documents shall include manufacturer's installation instructions that provide supporting documentation that the proposed penetration and opening details described in the construction documents maintain the weather resistance of the exterior wall envelope. The supporting documentation shall fully describe the exterior wall system which that was tested, where applicable, as well as the test procedure used.

Exception: Subject to the approval of the building official, one- and two-family dwellings and private garages may be exempt from the detailing requirements of this section.

(D) Building Enclosure Design Requirements of Chapter 64.55 RCW (Otherwise Known as Engrossed House Bill (EHB) 1848). Building enclosure design documents of new or rehabilitated multifamily buildings that are subject to regulations of Engrossed House Bill 1848 Chapter 64.55 RCW must be submitted at the time of permit application. All applications for building construction or rehabilitation shall include design documents prepared and stamped by an architect or engineer that identify the building enclosure (building enclosure documents), including, but not limited to, waterproofing, weatherproofing and/or otherwise protected from water or moisture intrusion, unless a recorded irrevocable sale prohibition covenant is submitted to the city.

The city is prohibited from issuing a permit for construction or rehabilitative construction unless the building enclosure documents contain a stamped statement by the person stamping the building enclosure design documents in substantially the following form: "The undersigned has provided building enclosure documents that in my professional judgment are appropriate to satisfy the requirements of sections 1 through 10 of EHB 1848 RCW 64.55.005 through 64.55.090." The city is not responsible for determining whether the building enclosure design documents or the inspections performed are adequate or appropriate to satisfy the requirements of the act.

- (E) Site Plan. The construction documents submitted with the application for permit shall be accompanied by a site plan showing to scale the size and location of new construction and existing structures on the site, significant trees, distances from lot lines, easements, the established street grades and the proposed finished grades and, as applicable, flood hazard areas, floodways, and design flood elevations; and it shall be drawn in accordance with an accurate boundary line survey. Where design flood elevations are not specified, they shall be established in accordance with Section 1612.3.1 of the IBC; in the case of demolition, the site plan shall show construction to be demolished and the location and size of existing structures and construction that are to remain on the site or plot. The building official is authorized to waive or modify the requirement for a site plan when where the application for permit is for alteration or repair or when where otherwise warranted.
- (F) Structural information. For structures designed to the IBC, the construction documents shall provide the information specified in Section 1603. For structures designed to the IRC, buildings and structures utilizing braced wall design, and where required by the building official, braced wall lines shall be identified on the construction documents. Pertinent information including, but not limited to, bracing methods, location and length of braced wall panels and foundation requirements of braced wall panels at top and bottom shall be provided.
- (2) Electrical.

- (A) Electrical Engineer. Electrical plans for the following installations shall be prepared by, or under the direction of, a consulting electrical engineer registered under Chapter 18.43 RCW and Chapters 392-344, 246-320, and 388-97 WAC. All electrical plans must bear the engineer's stamp and signature.
- (i) All educational facilities, hospitals and nursing homes;
- (ii) All services or feeders rated one thousand six hundred amperes or larger;
- (iii) All installations identified in the National Electrical Code requiring engineering supervision;
- (iv) As required by the building official for installations which by their nature are complex, hazardous or pose unique design problems.
- (B) Information on Construction Documents. Construction documents shall identify the name and classification of the facility and clearly show the electrical installation or alteration in floor plan view, include all

switchboard and panelboard schedules and, when a service or feeder is to be installed or altered, must include a riser diagram, load calculation, fault current calculation, and interrupting rating of equipment.

- (C) Penetrations. Construction documents shall indicate where penetrations will be made for electrical systems and shall indicate the materials and methods for maintaining required structural safety, fire-resistance rating and fireblocking.
- (D) Load Calculations. Where an addition or alteration is made to an existing electrical system, an electrical load calculation shall be prepared to determine if the existing electrical service has the capacity to serve the added load.
- (E) Site Plan. The construction documents submitted with the application for permit shall be accompanied by a site plan showing to scale the size and location of new construction and existing structures and equipment and distances from lot lines.
- 711 (F) Plan Review Required. Electrical plan review is required for all new 712 or altered electrical projects in the following occupancies and/or 713 installations:
- Exception: Subject to the approval of the building official, electrical plan review is not required for the occupancies and/or installations listed below when the scope of work is for conduit(s) only and electrical plans for the project have been submitted for review.
- 718 (i) Educational, institutional, or health care facilities/buildings as 719 follows:
- 720 a. Hospital;

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- 721 b. Nursing home unit or long-term care unit;
- 722 c. Boarding home;
- 723 d. Assisted living facility;
- 724 e. Private alcoholism hospital;
- 725 f. Alcoholism treatment facility;
- 726 g. Private psychiatric hospital;
 - h. Maternity home;
- 728 i. Ambulatory surgery facility;
- 729 j. Renal hemodialysis clinic;
- 730 k. Residential treatment facility for psychiatrically impaired children and youth;
- 732 | I. Adult residential rehabilitation center;
- 733 m. Educational facilities:
- 734 n. Institutional facilities.
- Exception: Electrical plan review is not required for the above educational, institutional, or health care facilities/buildings where:
- a. Lighting specific projects that result in an electrical load reduction on each feeder involved in the project;
 - b. Low voltage systems;
- c. Modification to existing electrical installations where all of the following conditions are met:
- 1. Service or distribution equipment involved is rated less than one hundred amperes and does not exceed two hundred fifty volts;

- 2. Does not involve emergency systems other than listed unit equipment per NEC 700.12(F);
- 3. Does not involve branch circuits or feeders of an essential electrical system as defined in NEC 517.2; and
- 4. Service and feeder load calculations are increased by five percent or less;
 - d. Stand-alone utility fed services that do not exceed two hundred fifty volts and less than one hundred amperes where the project's distribution system does not include:
 - 1. Emergency systems other than listed unit equipment per NEC 700.12(F);
 - 2. Critical branch circuits or feeders as defined in NEC 517.2; or
 - 3. A required fire pump system.

- (ii) Installations in occupancies, except one- and two-family dwellings, where a service or feeder rated one hundred amperes or greater is installed or altered or if more than one hundred amperes are added to the service or feeder.
- (iii) All work on electrical systems operating at/over six hundred volts.
- (iv) All commercial generator installations or alterations.
- (v) All work in areas determined to be hazardous (classified) locations by the NEC.
 - (vi) If sixty percent or more of luminaires change, and there is an increase in the lighting load.
 - (vii) Installations of switches or circuit breakers rated four hundred amperes or over except for one- and two-family dwellings.
 - (ix) Solar photovoltaic systems.
- (x) Any proposed installation which cannot be adequately described in the application form.
- (xi) Temporary electrical services exceeding four hundred amps.
- (3) Plumbing. Plans must be submitted for review and approval whenever the work exceeds the thresholds shown on the MyBuildingPermit.com tipsheet.
- (4) Mechanical. Plans must be submitted for review and approval whenever the work exceeds the thresholds shown on the MyBuildingPermit.com tipsheet.

<u>Section 24</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.06.335 is amended to read as follows:

21.06.335 Approval of construction documents.

When the building official issues a permit, the construction documents shall be approved, in writing, label or by stamp, as "Reviewed By" or other similar words. One set of construction documents so reviewed shall be retained by the building official. The other Another set shall be returned to the applicant, shall be kept at the site of work and shall be available for inspection by the building official or a duly authorized representative.

<u>Section 25</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.06.345 is amended to read as follows:

21.06.345 Design professional in responsible charge—General. When Where it is required that documents be prepared by a qualified registered design professional, the building official shall be authorized to require the owner or the owner's authorized agent to engage and designate on the building permit application a registered design professional who shall act as the registered design professional in responsible charge. If the circumstances require, the owner or the owner's authorized agent shall designate a substitute registered design professional in responsible charge who shall perform the duties required of the original registered design professional in responsible charge. The building official shall be notified in writing by the owner or the owner's authorized agent if the registered design professional in responsible charge is changed or is unable to continue to perform the duties. The registered design professional in responsible charge shall be responsible for reviewing and coordinating submittal documents prepared by others, including phased and deferred submittal items, for compatibility with the design of the building. Where structural observation is required by Chapter 17 of the IBC, the inspection program shall name the individual or firms who are to perform structural observation and describe the stages of construction at which structural observation is to occur.

<u>Section 26</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.06.390 is amended to read as follows:

21.06.390 Schedule of permit fees.

On buildings, grading, structures, signs, electrical, gas, mechanical, and plumbing systems or alterations requiring a permit, a fee for each permit shall be paid as required, in accordance with the schedule as established by the Kirkland city council City Council.

<u>Section 27</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.06.420 is amended to read as follows:

21.06.420 General.

Construction or work for which a permit is required shall be subject to inspection by the building official and such construction or work shall remain accessible and exposed for inspection purposes until approved. Approval as a result of an inspection shall not be construed to be an approval of a violation of the provisions of this chapter or of other ordinances of the jurisdiction. Inspections presuming to give authority to violate or cancel the provisions of this chapter or of other ordinances of the jurisdiction shall not be valid. It shall be the duty of the permit applicant owner or the owner's authorized agent to cause the work to remain accessible and exposed for inspection purposes. Neither the building official nor the jurisdiction shall be liable for expense entailed

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885 886 in the removal or replacement of any material required to allow inspection.

The building official is authorized to establish a self-certification program whereby certain installations, by approved contractors, will only be subject to spot inspections.

Section 28. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.06.480 is amended to read as follows:

21.06.480 Exterior finish and insulation systems (EFIS), lath inspection and gypsum board and gypsum panel product inspection.

EFIS, lath and lath, gypsum board and gypsum panel product inspections shall be made after backing, lathing or gypsum board and avpsum panel products, interior and exterior, is are in place, but before any plastering is applied or gypsum board and gypsum panel product joints and fasteners are taped and finished.

Exception: Interior gypsum board and gypsum panel products that is are not part of a fire-resistance-rated assembly or a shear assembly.

Section 29. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.06.530 is amended to read as follows:

21.06.530 Approval required.

Work shall not be done beyond the point indicated in each successive inspection without first obtaining the approval of the building official. The building official, upon notification, shall make the requested inspections and shall either indicate the portion of the construction that is satisfactory as completed, or notify the permit holder or his or her agent wherein the same fails to comply with this chapter. Any portions that do not comply shall be corrected within the time frame established by the building official and such portion shall not be covered or concealed until authorized by the building official.

Section 30. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.06.535 is amended to read as follows:

21.06.535 Use and occupancy.

No A building or structure shall not be used or occupied, and no a change in the existing use or occupancy classification of a building or structure or portion thereof shall <u>not</u> be made until the building official has issued a certificate of occupancy therefor as provided herein. Issuance of a certificate of occupancy shall not be construed as an approval of a violation of the provisions of this chapter or of other ordinances of the jurisdiction.

- (1)Work exempt from permits per Section 21.06.215.
- For single-family dwellings and their accessory structures, the cityissued building permit inspection record may serve as the certificate of

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occupancy when the final inspection has been approved by the building official or the building official's designee.

Section 31. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.06.540 is amended to read as follows:

21.06.540 Certificate issued.

After the building official inspects the building or structure and finds no does not find violations of the provisions of this chapter or other laws that are enforced by the planning and building department, the building official shall issue a certificate of occupancy that contains the following:

- (1)The building permit number.
- (2)The address of the structure.
- The name and address of the owner or the owner's authorized (3) agent.
- (4) A description of that portion of the structure for which the certificate is issued.
- A statement that the described portion of the structure has been inspected for compliance with the requirements of this chapter for the occupancy and division of occupancy and the use for which the proposed occupancy is classified.
- The name of the building official. (6)
- The edition of the code under which the permit was issued. (7)
- (8)The use and occupancy.
- (9)The type of construction.
- (10)The design occupant load where applicable.
- (11) If an automatic sprinkler system is provided, and whether the sprinkler system is required and for what reason.
- Any special stipulations and conditions of the building permit.

Section 32. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.06.555 is amended to read as follows:

21.06.555 Connection of service utilities.

No A person shall not make connections from a utility, source of energy, fuel or power to any building or system that is regulated by this chapter for which a permit is required, until approval is given by the building official.

Section 33. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.06.565 is amended to read as follows:

21.06.565 Authority to disconnect service utilities.

The building official shall have the authority to authorize disconnection of utility service to the building, structure or system regulated by this chapter and the codes referenced in case of emergency where necessary to eliminate an immediate hazard to life or property, or when where such utility connection has been made without the required approval. The building official shall notify the serving utility, and wherever possible the owner and occupant of the building, structure or service system, of the decision to disconnect prior to taking such action. If not notified prior to disconnecting, the owner or occupant of the building, structure or service system shall be notified in writing, as soon as practical thereafter.

<u>Section 34</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.06.615 is amended to read as follows:

21.06.615 Issuance.

The stop work order shall be in writing and shall be given to the owner of the property involved, or to the owner's agent, authorized agent or to the person doing performing the work. Upon issuance of a stop work order, the cited work shall immediately cease. The stop work order shall state the reason for the order, order and the conditions under which the cited work will be permitted to resume.

<u>Section 35</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.06.630 is amended to read as follows:

21.06.630 Unsafe structures and equipment.

Structures or existing equipment that are or hereafter become unsafe, unsanitary or deficient because of inadequate means of egress facilities, inadequate light and ventilation, or which that constitute a fire hazard, or are otherwise dangerous to human life or the public welfare, or that involve illegal or improper occupancy or inadequate maintenance, shall be deemed an unsafe condition. Unsafe structures shall be taken down and removed or made safe, as the building official deems necessary and as provided for in Chapter 21.41 the 1997 Edition of the Uniform Code for the Abatement of Dangerous Buildings or the 1997 Edition of the Uniform Housing Code current edition of the Kirkland Property Maintenance Code. A vacant structure that is not secured against entry shall be deemed unsafe.

<u>Section 36</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.08.010 is amended to read as follows:

21.08.010 International Building Code adopted.

The 20122015 Edition of the International Building Code, as adopted by the State Building Code Council in Chapter 51-50 WAC, as published by the International Code Council, excluding Chapter 1, "Administration," is adopted, together with the following amendments. The Construction Administrative Code, as set forth in Chapter 21.06 KMC, shall be used in place of IBC Chapter 1, Administration.

<u>Section 37</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.08.017 is amended to read as follows:

983 984	21.08.017 Special requirements for standby power systems IBC Section 403.4.8.1 amended.
985	Section 403.4.7.1 403.4.8.1 of the IBC is amended to read:
986 987 988 989 990 991 992	Special requirements for standby power systems Equipment Room. If the standby system is a generator set inside a building, the system shall be located in a separate room enclosed with 2-hour fire barriers constructed in accordance with Section $403.4.7.1.1 \pm 403.4.8.1.1$ and Section 707 or horizontal assemblies constructed in accordance with Section 712 ± 711 , or both. System supervision with manual start and transfer features shall be provided at the fire command center.
993 994 995	Exception: In Group I-2, Condition 2, manual start and transfer features for the critical branch of the emergency power are not required to be provided at the fire command center.
996 997 998	Section 38. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.08.018 is amended to read as follows:
999	21.08.018 Penetrations. A new Section 403.4.7.1.1 403.4.8.1.1 is added to the IBC to read:
1001 1002 1003 1004 1005 1006	Penetrations. Penetrations into and openings through a room containing a standby power system are prohibited except for required exit doors, equipment and ductwork necessary for heating, cooling or ventilation, sprinkler branch line piping, or electrical raceway serving the standby power system or being served by the standby power system. Such penetrations shall be protected in accordance with Section 713 714.
1007 1008	Exception: Metallic piping with no joints or openings where it passes through the standby power system room.
1009 1010 1011	Section 39. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.08.020 is amended to read as follows:
1012	21.08.020 IBC Section 403.4.7.2 403.4.8.3 amended.
1013	Section 403.4.7.2 403.4.8.3 of the IBC is amended to read:
1014 1015	$\frac{403.4.7.2}{903.4.8.3}$ Standby power loads. The following are classified as standby power loads:
1016 1017	1. Power and lighting for the fire command center required by Section 403.4.5 403.4.6;

1018	2. Electrically powered fire pumps;
1019 1020	3. Ventilation and automatic fire detection equipment for smokeproof enclosures;
1021	4. Smoke control systems.
1022 1023	5. Standby power shall be provided for elevators in accordance with Sections 1007.4, 3003, 3007 and 3008. Elevators.
1024 1025 1026 1027	6. Where elevators are provided in a high-rise building for accessible means of egress, fire service access or occupant self-evacuation, the standby power system shall also comply with Sections 1009.4, 3007 or 3008, as applicable.
1028 1029 1030 1031	Fuel-fired emergency generator sets and associated fuel storage, including optional generator sets, located more than 75 feet above the lowest level of Fire Department vehicle access requires the approval of the Fire Code Official.
1032 1033 1034	Section 40. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.08.025 is amended to read as follows:
1034	21.08.025 IBC Section 403.15 amended 403.7 added.
1036 1037	Chapter 4 of the IBC is amended and supplemented by the addition of a new Section 403.15 403.7 to read:
1038 1039 1040 1041 1042 1043 1044 1045 1046 1047 1048 1049	403.15 403.7 Smoke control. A smoke control system meeting the requirements of Section 909 shall be provided in buildings that exceed ten stories, or contain a use requiring defend-in-place firefighting operations in which occupants of some area cannot readily evacuate that area. This includes portions of facilities housing functions essential to continuity of public safety operations, and Group I and LC Occupancies where in the judgment of the Building Official and Fire Code Official, occupants having limited capacity for self-preservation are located on floors more than 75' above the lowest level of Fire Department vehicle access. A smoke control system for a defend-in-place use may be a performance-based design to protect that use without providing smoke control throughout the entire building, but shall otherwise comply with Section 909.
1051 1052	Exception: Smoke control may be omitted when approved by the Building Official and Fire Code Official.
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21.08.030 IBC Section 405.8 amended.

Section 405.8 of the IBC is amended to read: 1057 405.8 Standby Power and emergency power. A standby power system 1058 complying with Section 2702 shall be provided for standby power loads 1059 1060 specified in Section 405.9.1 405.8.1. An emergency power system 1061 complying with Section 2702 shall be provided for the emergency power loads specified in Section 405.8.2. 1062 1063 Fuel-fired emergency generator sets and associated fuel storage, including optional generator sets, located more than 30 feet below the 1064 lowest level of exit discharge requires the approval of the Fire Code 1065 Official. 1066 1067 <u>Section 42</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.08.035 is hereby repealed. 1068 1069 1070 Section 43. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.08.040 is 1071 amended to read as follows: 1072 21.08.040 IBC Section 708.2 Exception 2.1 712.1.3.1 amended. 1073 Section 708.2 Exception 2.1 712.1.3.1 of the International Building Code 1074 1075 is hereby amended to read: 1076 2.1. Opening size. Where the area of the floor opening between stories 1077 does not exceed twice the horizontal projected area of the escalator or 1078 stairway and the opening is protected by a draft curtain and closely 1079 spaced sprinklers in accordance with NFPA 13. This application is limited 1080 to openings that do not connect more than four stories in buildings not required to have smoke control systems. In buildings that are required 1081 1082 to have smoke control systems, escalators are limited to openings that 1083 do not connect more than four stories and non-egress stairs are limited 1084 to openings that do not atmospherically connect more than two stories. 1085 Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.08.070 is 1086 Section 44. amended to read as follows: 1087 21.08.070 Penetrations into fire command centers. 1088 Chapter 9 of the IBC is amended and supplemented with the addition 1089 1090 of a new Section 911.2 to read as follows: 911.2 Penetrations. Penetrations into and openings through a fire 1091 command center are prohibited except for required exit doors, 1092 1093 equipment and ductwork necessary for heating, cooling or ventilation, sprinkler branch line piping, electrical raceway for fire department 1094 1095 communication and control and electrical raceway serving the fire 1096 command center or being controlled from the fire command center. Such 1097 penetrations shall be protected in accordance with Section 713 714.

1098 Exception: Metallic piping with no joints or openings. 1099 Section 45. Kirkland Municipal Code Chapter 21.08 is amended 1100 to include a new section 21.08.050 to read as follows: 1101 21.08.050 IBC Section 1104.4 amended. 1102 1103 Section 1104.4 of the IBC is amended to read: 1104.4 Multistory buildings and facilities. At least one accessible route 1104 shall connect each accessible level and mezzanine in multilevel buildings 1105 and facilities. 1106 Section 46. 1107 Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.10.010 is amended to read as follows: 1108 1109 1110 1111

21.10.010 International Residential Code adopted.

The 20122015 Edition of the International Residential Code, as adopted by the State Building Code Council in Chapter 51-51 WAC, as published by the International Code Council, excluding Chapter "Administration," is adopted. adopted, together with the following amendments. The Construction Administrative Code, as set forth in Chapter 21.06 KMC, shall be used in place of IRC Chapter 1, Administration.

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Section 47. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.10.020 is amended to read as follows:

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21.10.020 IRC Table R301.2(1) amended.

1123 IRC Table R301.2(1) is amended to read:

1124 **IRC Table R301.2(1)**

Climatic and Geographic Design Criteria

Ground	Wind Desi	Calamia Danian			
Snow Load (PSF)	Speed ^d (mph)	Topographic Effects ^k		Mind bearing	Seismic Design Category ^f
25	110	No	No	No	D2

Subject To D	ubject To Damage From			Ice Barrier	Flood	Air	Mean
Weatheringa	Frost Line Depth ^b	Termite	Design Temp ^e	Ice Barrier Underlayment Required ^h	Hazards ⁹	Freezing Index ⁱ	Annual Temp ^j
Moderate	12 inches	Slight to Moderate	17	No	See KMC 21.56	144	49

Weathering may require a higher strength concrete or grade of masonry than necessary to satisfy the structural requirements of this code. The weathering column shall be filled in with the weathering index (i.e., "negligible," "moderate" or "severe") for concrete as determined

- from the Weathering Probability Map [Figure R301.2(3)]. The grade of masonry units shall be determined from ASTM C 34, C 55, C 62, C 73, C 90, C 129, C 145, C 216 or C 652.
- b. The frost line depth may require deeper footings than indicated in Figure R403.1(1). The jurisdiction shall fill in the frost line depth column with the minimum depth of footing below finish grade.
- c. The jurisdiction shall fill in this part of the table to indicate the need for protection depending on whether there has been a history of local subterranean termite damage.
- d. The jurisdiction shall fill in this part of the table with the wind speed from the basic wind speed map [Figure R301.2(4)A]. Wind exposure category shall be determined on a site-specific basis in accordance with Section R301.2.1.4.
- e. The outdoor design dry-bulb temperature shall be selected from the columns of 971/2 percent values for winter Table C-1 (Redmond) from in Appendix D C of the International Plumbing Washington State Energy Code. Deviations from the Appendix D C temperatures shall be permitted to reflect local climates or local weather experience as determined by the building official.
- f. The jurisdiction shall fill in this part of the table with the seismic design category determined from Section R301.2.2.1.

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- g. The jurisdiction shall fill in this part of the table with (a) the date of the jurisdiction's entry into the National Flood Insurance Program (date of adoption of the first code or ordinance for management of flood hazard areas), (b) the date(s) of the Flood Insurance Study and (c) the panel numbers and dates of all currently effective FIRMs and FBFMs or other flood hazard map adopted by the authority having jurisdiction, as amended.
- h. In accordance with Sections R905.2.7.1, R905.4.3.1, R905.5.3.1, R905.6.3.1, R905.7.3.1 and R905.8.3.1, where there has been a history of local damage from the effects of ice damming, the jurisdiction shall fill in this part of the table with "YES." Otherwise, the jurisdiction shall fill in this part of the table with "NO."
 - i. The jurisdiction shall fill in this part of the table with the 100-year return period air freezing index (BF-days) from Figure R403.3(2) or from the 100-year (99 percent) value on the National Climatic Data Center data table "Air Freezing Index-USA Method (Base 32°F)" at www.ncdc.noaa.gov/fpsf.html.
- j. The jurisdiction shall fill in this part of the table with the mean annual temperature from the National Climatic Data Center data table

"Air 1170 Freezing Index-USA Method (Base 32°F)" at www.ncdc.noaa.gov/fpsf.html. 1171 1172 In accordance with Section R301.2.1.5, where there is local 1173 historical data documenting structural damage to buildings due to 1174 topographic wind speed-up effects, the jurisdiction shall fill in this part 1175 of the table with "YES." Otherwise, the jurisdiction shall indicate "NO" in this part of the table. 1176 I. In accordance with Figure R301.2(4)A, where there is local historical 1177 1178 data documenting unusual wind conditions, the jurisdiction shall fill in this part of the table with "YES" and identify any specific requirements. 1179 1180 Otherwise, the jurisdiction shall indicate "NO" in this part of the table. m. In accordance with Section R301.2.1.2.1, the jurisdiction shall 1181 1182 indicate the wind-borne debris wind zone(s). Otherwise, the jurisdiction shall indicate "NO" in this part of the table. 1183 1184 1185 Section 48. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.16.010 is amended to read as follows: 1186 1187 21.16.010 International Mechanical Code adopted. 1188 The 2012 2015 Edition of the International Mechanical Code, as adopted 1189 by the State Building Code Council in Chapter 51-52 WAC, as published 1190 International Code Council, excluding Chapter 1191 "Administration," is adopted. The Construction Administrative Code, as 1192 set forth in Chapter 21.06 KMC, shall be used in place of IMC Chapter 1193 1194 1, Administration. 1195 1196 Section 49. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.20.010 is amended to read as follows: 1197 1198 1199 21.20.010 International Fire Code adopted. The 2012 Edition of the International Fire Code, as adopted by the 1200 State Building Code Council in Chapter 51-54A WAC, as published by 1201 the International Code Council is adopted.* Further, the following 1202 1203 Appendix chapters are specifically adopted as part of the Kirkland Fire 1204 Code: Appendix Chapter B (Fire Flow Requirements for Buildings) and 1205 Appendix Chapter C (Fire Hydrant Locations and Distribution). 1206 * Code reviser's note: The language "is adopted" has been added to this section to clarify the intent of Ordinance 4410 to adopt the fire code. 1207 1208 Ordinance 4410 also inadvertently omitted the following note, originally added by Ordinance 4326, which has been updated with the applicable 1209 **WAC reference:** 1210 FPN: WAC 51-54A-0503 identifies that fire apparatus access roads shall 1211 be provided and maintained in accordance with locally adopted street, 1212

road and access standards, and further, Sections 501.1.1 through 503.4 are not adopted. The city of Kirkland has established criteria for fire

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1215 1216 1217	apparatus access roads in Operating Policy #6 which is available on the Internet and at City Hall.
1218 1219	Section 50. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.20.025 is amended to read as follows:
1220	21.20.025 IFC Section 104.11.2 is amended.
1221 1222 1223 1224 1225 1226 1227	104.11.2 Obstructing operations. No person shall obstruct the operations of the fire department in connection with extinguishment, investigation, or control, or investigation of any fire, or actions relative to other emergencies, or disobey any lawful command of the fire department or officer of the fire department in charge of the emergency, or any part thereof, or any lawful order of a police officer assisting the fire department.
1228 1229 1230	Section 51. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.20.030 is amended to read as follows:
1231 1232 1233	21.20.030 IFC Section $\frac{105.7}{105.8}$ is amended. $\frac{105.7}{105.8}$ Flammable and combustible liquids.
1234 1235	A construction permit is required:
1236 1237 1238	 To repair or modify a pipeline for the transportation of flammable or combustible liquids.
1239 1240 1241 1242 1243 1244	 To install, construct or alter tank vehicles, equipment, tanks, plants, terminals, wells, fuel-dispensing stations, refineries, distilleries and similar facilities where flammable and combustible liquids are produced, processed, transported, stored, dispensed or used.
1245 1246 1247	3. To install, alter, remove, abandon or otherwise dispose of a flammable or combustible liquid tank.
1248 1249 1250 1251	Exception: A permit is not required for the abandonment or removal of underground storage tanks previously used to store fuel oil for residential heating. It is the property owner's responsibility to make the decision on how to proceed with abatement.
1252 1253 1254	Section 52. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.20.032 is repealed.
1255 1256 1257	Section 53. Kirkland Municipal Code Chapter 21.20 is amended to include a new section 21.20.055 to read as follows:
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1260 1261 1262 1263 1264 1265	503.1 Where required. Fire apparatus access roads shall be provided and maintained in accordance with locally adopted street, road, and access standards. The city of Kirkland has established criteria for fire apparatus access roads in Operating Policy #6 which is available on the city of Kirkland Website and at City Hall.
1265 1266 1267	Section 54. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.20.065 is amended to read as follows:
1268	21.20.065 IFC Section 510 is amended.
1269 1270	Section 510 of the International Fire Code is amended to read as follows:
1271 1272	Section 510.1 Emergency Responder Radio Coverage in Buildings
1273 1274 1275 1276 1277 1278 1279 1280	510.1 Emergency Responder Radio Coverage. All new buildings shall have approved radio coverage for emergency responders within the any building installed in accordance with Section 510 of this code and with applicable provisions of NFPA 72, National Fire Alarm Signaling Code. This section shall not require improvement of the existing public safety communication system. meeting any of the following conditions.
1281 1282 1283 1284 1285 1286 1287	 There are more than five stories above grade plane (as defined by the International Building Code, Section 202); The total building area is 50,000 square feet or more; The total basement area is 10,000 square feet or more; There are floors used for human occupancy more than 30 feet below the finish floor of the lowest level of exit discharge.
1288	Exceptions:
1289 1290 1291 1292	1. Buildings and area of buildings that have minimum radio coverage signal strength levels of the King County Regional 800 MHz Radio System within the building in accordance with Section 510.4.1.
1293 1294 1295	2. Buildings constructed primarily of wood frame that do not have storage or parking areas that extend more than one level below grade.
1296 1297 1298 1299 1300	3. Buildings thirty-five (35) feet high (As defined by International Building Code Section 502) or less that do not have below grade storage or parking areas that extend more than one level below grade. If a building is thirty-five (35) feet high or less, but includes subterranean storage

1301 1302	or parking, then the requirement for radio coverage shall apply only to the subterranean areas.
1303	4. One and two family dwellings and townhouses.
1304 1305 1306 1307 1308	The radio system shall be installed in accordance with Section 510 of this code and with applicable provisions of NFPA 72, National Fire Alarm Signaling Code. This section shall not require improvement of the existing public safety communication system.
1309 1310 1311 1312	510.2 Emergency responder radio coverage in existing buildings. Existing buildings shall be provided with approved radio coverage for emergency responders as required in Chapter 11.
1313	510.3 Construction permit.
1314 1315 1316 1317 1318	A construction permit is required for installation of or modification to emergency responder radio coverage systems and related equipment. Maintenance performed in accordance with this code is not considered a modification and does not require a permit.
1319 1320 1321 1322	510.4 Criteria for Installation and Maintenance of Emergency Radio Systems is provided in Kirkland Fire Department Operating Policy #12 which is available on the Internet and at City Hall.
1323 1324	Section 55. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.20.080 is amended to read as follows:
1325 1326 1327 1328 1329 1330 1331 1332 1333 1334 1335 1336 1337	21.20.080 IFC Section 901.7 is amended Section 901.7. Systems out of service. Where a required fire protection system is out of service, the fire department and the fire code official shall be notified immediately and, where required by the fire code official, the building shall either be evacuated or an approved fire watch shall be provided for all occupants left unprotected by the shut down until the fire protection system has been returned to service. Where utilized, fire watches shall be provided with at least one approved means for notification of the fire department and their only duty shall be to perform constant patrols of the protected premises and keep watch for fires.
1338 1339 1340	Section 56. Kirkland Municipal Code Chapter 21.20 is amended to include a new section 21.20.083 to read as follows:

21.20.083 IFC Section 903.2 is amended

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903.2 Where required. Approved automatic sprinkler systems in new buildings and structures shall be provided in the locations described in Sections 903.2.1 through 903.2.12 and in all buildings as noted in KMC 21.33 Fire Extinguishing Systems.

<u>Section 57</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Chapter 21.20 is amended to include a new section 21.20.085 to read as follows:

21.20.085 IFC Section 903.3.1.1.1 is amended

- 903.3.1.1.1 Exempt locations. Automatic sprinklers shall not be required in the following rooms or areas where such rooms or areas are protected with an approved automatic fire detection system in accordance with Section 907.2 that will respond to visible or invisible particles of combustion. Sprinklers shall not be omitted from a room merely because it is damp, of fire-resistance-rated construction or contains electrical equipment.
- 1. A room where the application of water, or flame and water, constitutes a serious life or fire hazard.
- 2. A room or space where sprinklers are considered undesirable because of the nature of the contents, where approved by the fire code official.
- 3. Generator and transformer rooms separated from the remainder of the building by walls and floor/ceiling or roof/ceiling assemblies having a fire-resistance rating of not less than 2 hours.
- 4. Rooms or areas that are of noncombustible construction with wholly noncombustible contents.
- 5. Fire service access elevator machine rooms and machinery spaces.
- 6. Machine rooms, machinery spaces, control rooms and control spaces associated with evacuation elevators that are not of the hydraulic type and are designed in accordance with Section 3008 of the International Building Code.

<u>Section 58</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Chapter 21.20 is amended to include a new section 21.20.087 to read as follows:

21.20.087 IFC Section 903.3.1.2 is amended

903.3.1.2 NFPA 13R sprinkler systems. Automatic sprinkler systems in Group R occupancies up to and including four stories in height in buildings not exceeding 60 feet (18 288 mm) in height above grade plane shall be permitted to be installed throughout in accordance with NFPA 13R.

The number of stories of Group R occupancies constructed in accordance with Sections 510.2 and 510.4 of the International Building Code shall be measured from the lowest level of fire department access.

1388 Section 59. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.20.090 is 1389 amended to read as follows: 1390 1391 21.20.090 IFC Section 903.4.2 is amended 1392 Section 903.4.2. Alarms. Approved audible and visible alarm notification 1393 appliances shall be provided for every automatic sprinkler system in 1394 accordance with Section 907 and throughout areas designated by the 1395 Fire Code Official. Sprinkler water-flow alarm devices shall be activated 1396 by water flow equivalent to the flow of a single sprinkler of the smallest 1397 orifice size installed in the system. Alarm devices shall be provided on the exterior of the building in an approved location. Where a fire alarm 1398 system is installed, actuation of the automatic sprinkler system shall 1399 actuate the building fire alarm system. 1400 1401 1402 Exception: With approval of the Fire Code Official, interior audible and 1403 visible alarm notification appliances may be omitted for approved 1404 residential sprinkler systems in 1 or 2 dwelling units if not otherwise 1405 specifically required. Audible and visible notification devices are not 1406 required in NFPA 13D systems. 1407 Section 60. Kirkland Municipal Code Chapter 21,20 is amended 1408 to include a new section 21.20.091 to read as follows: 1409 21.20.091 IFC Section 903.4.2 is amended 1410 1411 Section 903.4.3. Floor control valves. Approved supervised indicating 1412 control valves shall be provided at the point of connection to the riser on each floor. 1413 1414 1415 Exception: When approved by the Fire Code Official in NFPA 13D and 1416 NFPA 13R systems. 1417 Section 61. Kirkland Municipal Code Chapter 21.20 is amended to include a new section 21.20.095 to read as follows: 1418 21.20.095 IFC Section 903.5.1 is amended 1419 1420 903.5.1 Fire Sprinkler and Standpipe main/express drains. Fire Sprinkler 1421 and standpipe main/express drains shall be positioned to drain to the 1422 sanitary sewer. Additionally maintenance or testing discharges from fire pumps shall be treated in order to comply with the National Pollution 1423 1424 Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) requirements. 1425 Exception: this requirement does not apply to systems installed in one 1426 and two family dwellings and townhouses. 1427 1428 Section 62. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.20.100 is amended to read as follows: 1429

21.20.100 IFC Section 905.4 is amended

905.4 Location of Class I standpipe hose connections.

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Class I standpipe hose connections shall be provided in all of the following locations:

1. In every required stairway, a hose connection shall be provided for each floor level story above or below grade. Hose connections shall be located at an intermediate floor level landing between floors, unless otherwise approved by the fire code official.

2. On each side of the wall adjacent to the exit opening of a horizontal exit.

Exception 1:

Where floor areas adjacent to a horizontal exit are reachable from exit stairway hose connections by a 30-foot (9144 mm) hose stream from a nozzle attached to 100 feet (30 480 mm) of hose, a hose connection shall not be required at the horizontal exit.

Exception 2:

When the Fire Code Official determines that a standpipe connection is not needed.

3. In every exit passageway, at the entrance from the exit passageway to other areas of a building.

Exception: Where floor areas adjacent to an exit passageway are reachable from exit stairway hose connections by a 30-foot (9144 mm) hose stream from a nozzle attached to 100 feet (30 480 mm) of hose, a hose connection shall not be required at the entrance from the exit passageway to other areas of the building.

4. In covered mall buildings, adjacent to each exterior public entrance to the mall and adjacent to each entrance from an exit passageway or exit corridor to the mall. In open mall buildings, adjacent to each public entrance to the mall at the perimeter line and adjacent to each entrance from an exit passageway or exit corridor to the mall.

5. Where the roof has a slope less than four units vertical in 12 units horizontal (33.3-percent slope), a hose connection shall be located to serve the roof or at the highest landing of a stairway with stair access to the roof provided in accordance with Section 1009.16 1011.12.

6. Where the most remote portion of a nonsprinklered floor or story is more than 150 feet (45 720 mm) from a hose connection or the most remote portion of a sprinklered floor or story is more than 200 feet (60 960 mm) from a hose connection, the fire code official is authorized to require that additional hose connections be provided in approved locations.

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1525 1526 905.4.1 Protection.

Risers and laterals of Class I standpipe systems not located within an enclosed stairway or pressurized enclosure shall be protected by a degree of fire resistance equal to that required for vertical enclosures in the building in which they are located.

Exception: In buildings equipped throughout with an approved automatic sprinkler system, laterals that are not located within an enclosed stairway or pressurized enclosure are not required to be enclosed within fire-resistance-rated construction.

905.4.2 Interconnection.

In buildings where more than one standpipe is provided, the standpipes shall be interconnected in accordance with NFPA 14.

Section 63. Kirkland Municipal Code Chapter 21.20 is amended to include a new section 21.20.103 to read as follows:

21.20.103 IFC Section 905.8 is amended

905.8 Dry standpipes. Dry standpipes shall not be installed.

Exception: Where subject to freezing and in accordance with NFPA 14 and when approved by the fire code official.

Section 64. Kirkland Municipal Code Chapter 21.20 is amended to include a new section 21.20.105 to read as follows:

21.20.105 IFC Section 907.1 is amended

907.1 General. This section covers the application, installation, performance and maintenance of fire alarm systems and their components in new and existing building and structures. The requirements of Section 907.2 are applicable to new buildings and structures and new fire alarm systems including replacement of existing fire alarm control panels being installed in existing structures. The requirements of Section 907.9 are applicable to existing buildings and structures.

For the purpose of this section, fire barriers shall not be considered to create a separate building.

Buildings required by this section to be provided with a fire alarm system shall be provided with a single fire alarm system unless otherwise approved by the fire code official.

Section 65. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.20.110 is amended to read as follows:

21.20.110 IFC Section 907.6.5 907.6.6 is amended

 Section 907.6.5 907.6.6. Monitoring. All required fire alarm systems in new and existing buildings shall be monitored and supervised by a local central station, acceptable to the fire department, or a proprietary or remote station and shall have a local alarm which will give an audible signal. As of July 1, 1997, all buildings with existing systems must meet the standards of this section, if not specifically required to do so earlier.

Exception: Supervisory service is not required for:

- 1. Single- and multiple-station smoke alarms required by Section 907.2.10 907.2.11.
 - 2. Automatic sprinkler systems in one- and two-family dwellings.

<u>Section 66</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Chapter 21.20 is amended to include a new section 21.20.330 to read as follows:

21.20.330 IFC Section 3308 is amended

3308 Owner's responsibility for fire protection.

3308.1 Program superintendent. The owner shall designate a person to be the fire prevention program superintendent who shall be responsible for the fire prevention program and ensure that it is carried out through completion of the project. The fire prevention program superintendent shall have the authority to enforce the provisions of this chapter and other provisions as necessary to secure the intent of this chapter. Where guard service is provided, the superintendent shall be responsible for the guard service.

3308.2 Prefire plans. The fire prevention program superintendent shall develop and maintain an approved prefire plan in cooperation with the fire chief. The fire chief and the fire code official shall be notified of changes affecting the utilization of information contained in such prefire plans.

3308.3 Training. Training of responsible personnel in the use of fire protection equipment shall be the responsibility of the fire prevention program superintendent.

3308.4 Fire protection devices. The fire prevention program superintendent shall determine that all fire protection equipment is maintained and serviced in accordance with this code. The quantity and type of fire protection equipment shall be approved.

3308.5 Hot work operations. The fire prevention program superintendent shall be responsible for supervising the permit system for hot work operations in accordance with Chapter 35.

3308.6 Impairment of fire protection systems. Impairments to any fire protection system shall be in accordance with Section 901.

3308.7 Temporary covering of fire protection devices. Coverings placed on or over fire protection devices to protect them from damage during construction processes shall be immediately removed upon the completion of the construction processes in the room or area in which the devices are installed.

3308.8 Additional Requirements for high-rise buildings and wood-frame buildings more than 50,000 square feet in area.

3308.8.1 Job Site Security. After above grade combustible construction has begun, the job site shall be secured with controlled access. In addition, off hours guard service and/or motion controlled surveillance may be required at the discretion of the fire code official.

3308.8.2 Job shacks and other temporary structures. Job shacks and other temporary structures located within or less than 20' from the permanent building shall be:

- Constructed of non-combustible materials or 1 hour fireresistive construction.
- Shall not be equipped with fuel fired heaters
- Shall be equipped with monitored fire alarm system when located below grade
- Shall not function as offices unless protected with automatic sprinkler systems

3308.8.2 Construction mitigations. For wood frame buildings exceeding 350,000 square feet; or 200,000 square feet when the building exceeds 50 feet in height, the following additional requirements apply:

- 1. Mitigating fire protection barriers consisting of at least one layer of 5/8-inch gypsum board or other equivalent fire resistive materials shall be installed such that the mitigating fire protection barrier(s) enclose area(s) of not less than 10,000 square feet and not more than 50,000 square feet.
- 2. When exposures exists within 60' of a building under construction, the exterior wall of the building under construction shall be covered with 5/8-inch gypsum sheathing to include windows, doors or other openings until interior framing members have been covered with gypsum board or finish materials as approved in the building permit.

Exception: A mitigation plan developed by a Washington State Licensed Fire Protection Engineer. The mitigation plan may rely on temporary, permanent and/or active measures.

Section 67. Kirkland Municipal Code Chapter 21.20 is amended to include a new section 21.20.500 to read as follows:

21.20.500 IFC Section 5003.9 is amended

Section 5003.9. General safety precautions. General precautions for the 1623 safe storage, handling or care of hazardous materials shall be in 1624 accordance with Sections 5003.9.1 through 5003.9.11. 1625 1626 5003.9.11 Manufacturers Limitations. The storage and use of hazardous 1627 material shall not exceed the manufacturer's limitations on shelf life and 1628 1629 any other restrictions on use. 1630 1631 Section 68. Kirkland Municipal Code Chapter 21,20 is amended to include a new section 21.20.530 to read as follows: 1632 1633 21.20.530 IFC Section 5307.2 is amended 1634 5307.5.2 Emergency alarm system. An emergency alarm system 1635 1636 shall comply with all of the following: 1637 1. Continuous gas detection shall be provided to monitor areas where 1638 1639 carbon dioxide can accumulate. 1640 2. The threshold for activation of an alarm shall not exceed 5,000 parts 1641 per million (9,000 mg/m3). 1642 1643 3. Activation of the emergency alarm system shall initiate a local alarm 1644 1645 at the entrance to and within the room or area in which the system is installed. 1646 1647 1648 4. A warning sign shall be installed at the entrance to such rooms: "If Carbon Dioxide Alarm Sounds, Do Not Enter, Call 911." 1649 1650 1651 Section 69. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.24.010 is 1652 amended to read as follows: 1653 1654 21.24.010 Uniform Plumbing Code adopted. The 2012 2015 Edition of the Uniform Plumbing Code, as adopted by 1655 the State Building Code Council in Chapters 51-56 and 51-57 WAC, as 1656 published by the International Association of Plumbing and Mechanical 1657 Officials, excluding Chapter 1, "Administration," is adopted, together 1658 with Appendix Chapters A, "Recommended Rules for Sizing the Water 1659 Supply System," B, "Explanatory Notes on Combination Waste and Vent 1660 Systems," C, "Alternate Plumbing Systems," excluding Sections C5 1661 through C7 of Appendix C, and I, "Installation Standards." 1662 1663 1664 Section 70. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.24.020 is amended to read as follows: 1665 1666

21.24.020 UPC Section 1101.11.2.2 1101.12.2.2 amended.

Section 1101.11.2.2 <u>1101.12.2.2</u> of the UPC is amended to read:

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1669 1670 1671 1672 1673 1674 1675 1676 1677 1678	1101.11.2.2(B) 1101.12.2.2.2 Combined System. The secondary roof drains shall connect to the vertical piping of the primary storm drainage conductor downstream of any the last horizontal offset below the roof. The primary storm drainage system shall connect to the building storm water that connects to an underground public storm sewer. The combined secondary and primary roof drain systems shall be sized in accordance with Section 1106.0 1103.0 based on double the rainfall for the local area. A relief drain shall be connected to the vertical drain piping using a wye type fitting piped to daylight on the exterior of the building. The piping shall be sized as required for a secondary drain with a 4" maximum.
1680 1681 1682 1683 1684 1685 1686	Section 71. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.28.010 is amended to read as follows: 21.28.010 National Fuel Gas Code (NFPA 54) adopted. The 2012 2015 Edition of the National Fuel Gas Code, as adopted by the State Building Code Council in Chapter 51-52 WAC, as published by NFPA, is adopted.
1687 1688 1689	Section 72. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.32.010 is amended to read as follows:
1690 1691 1692 1693 1694	21.32.010 Liquefied Petroleum Gas Code (NFPA 58) adopted. The 2008 2014 Edition of the National Fuel Gas Code, as adopted by the State Building Code Council in Chapter 51-52 WAC, as published by NFPA, is adopted.
1695 1696 1697 1698 1699 1700 1701	Section 73. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.36.010 is amended to read as follows: 21.36.010 International Fuel Gas Code adopted. The 2012 2015 Edition of the International Fuel Gas Code, as adopted by the State Building Code Council in Chapter 51-52 WAC, as published by the International Code Council, excluding Chapter 1, "Administration," is adopted.
1702 1703 1704	Section 74. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.37 is amended to read as follows:
1705 1706 1707	Chapter 21.37 INTERNATIONAL ENERGY CONSERVATION WASHINGTON STATE ENERGY CODE

21.37.010 International Energy Conservation Washington State Energy Code adopted.

The International Energy Conservation Washington State Energy Code, as adopted by the State Building Code Council in Chapters <u>51-11C</u> and <u>51-11R</u> WAC, and hereafter amended, is adopted. <u>The Construction</u>

Administrative Code, as set forth in Chapter 21.06 KMC, shall be used for the administration of the Washington State Energy Code. (1) Sections R107, Fees; R108, Stop Work Order; R109, Board of appeals; R110, Violations; and R111, Liability, are not adopted. (2) Sections C107, Fees; C108, Stop Work Order; C109, Board of appeals; C110, Violations; and C111, Liability, are not adopted. Section 75. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.41.101 is amended to read as follows:

21.41.101 General.

- (a) Title. These regulations shall be known as the Kirkland property maintenance code, hereinafter referred to as "this code."
- (b) Scope. The provisions of this code shall apply to all existing residential and nonresidential structures and all existing premises and constitute minimum requirements and standards for premises, structures, equipment and facilities for light, ventilation, space, heating, sanitation, protection from the elements, life safety, a reasonable level of safety from fire and other hazards, and for safe and a reasonable level of sanitary maintenance; the responsibility of owners, an owner's authorized agent, operators and occupants; the occupancy of existing structures and premises, and for administration, enforcement and penalties.
- (c) Intent. This code shall be construed to secure its expressed intent, which is to ensure public health, safety and welfare insofar as they are affected by the continued occupancy and maintenance of structures and premises. Existing structures and premises that do not comply with these provisions shall be altered or repaired to provide a minimum level of health and safety as required herein.
- (d) Severability. If a section, subsection, sentence, clause or phrase of this code is, for any reason, held to be unconstitutional, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this code.

<u>Section 76</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.41.102 is amended to read as follows:

21.41.102 Applicability.

- (a) General. Where there is a conflict between a general requirement and a specific requirement, the specific requirement shall govern. Where differences occur between provisions of this code and the referenced standards, the provisions of this code shall apply. Where, in a specific case, different sections of this code specify different requirements, the most restrictive shall govern.
- (b) Maintenance. Equipment, systems, devices and safeguards required by this code or a previous regulation or code under which the structure or premises was constructed, altered or repaired shall be maintained in good working order. No owner, <u>owner's authorized agent</u>, operator or occupant shall cause any service, facility, equipment or utility which that is required under this section to be removed from, or

shut off from or discontinued for any occupied dwelling, except for such temporary interruption as necessary while repairs or alterations are in progress. The requirements of this code are not intended to provide the basis for removal or abrogation of fire protection and safety systems and devices in existing structures. Except as otherwise specified herein, the owner or the owner's designated authorized agent shall be responsible for the maintenance of buildings, structures and premises.

- (c) Application of Other Codes. Repairs, additions or alterations to a structure, or changes of occupancy, shall be done in accordance with the procedures and provisions of the Kirkland Municipal Code and the Kirkland Zoning Code.
- (d) Existing Remedies. The provisions in this code shall not be construed to abolish or impair existing remedies of the jurisdiction or its officers or agencies relating to the removal or demolition of any structure which that is dangerous, unsafe and insanitary.
- (e) Workmanship. Repairs, maintenance work, alterations or installations which that are caused directly or indirectly by the enforcement of this code shall be executed and installed in a workmanlike manner and installed in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions.
- (f) Historic Buildings. The provisions of this code shall not be mandatory for existing buildings or structures designated as historic buildings, as defined in the International Existing Building Code, when where such buildings or structures are judged by the code official to be safe and in the public interest of health, safety and welfare.
- (g) Referenced Codes and Standards. The codes and standards referenced in this code shall be those that are listed in Article VIII and considered part of the requirements of this code to the prescribed extent of each such reference. Where differences occur between provisions of this code and the referenced standards, the provisions of this code shall apply.

Exception: Where enforcement of a code provision would violate the conditions of the listing of the equipment or appliance, the conditions of the listing shall apply.

- (h) Requirements Not Covered by Code. Requirements necessary for the strength, stability or proper operation of an existing fixture, structure or equipment, or for the public safety, health and general welfare, not specifically covered by this code, shall be determined by the code official.
- (i) Application of References. References to chapter or section numbers, or to provisions not specifically identified by number, shall be construed to refer to such chapter, section or provision of this code.
- (j) Other Laws. The provisions of this code shall not be deemed to nullify any provisions of local, state or federal law.

<u>Section 77</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.41.103 is amended to read as follows:

 21.41.103 Property maintenance inspection.

- (a) General. The code official is hereby authorized and directed to enforce the provisions of this code. The code official shall have the authority to render interpretations of this code and to adopt policies and procedures in order to clarify the application of its provisions. Such interpretations, policies and procedures shall be in compliance with the intent and purpose of this code. Such policies and procedures shall not have the effect of waiving requirements specifically provided for in this code.
- (b) Liability. The code official, hearing examiner or employee charged with the enforcement of this code, while acting for the jurisdiction, in good faith and without malice in the discharge of the duties required by this code or other pertinent law or ordinance, shall not thereby be rendered liable personally, and is hereby relieved from all personal liability for any damage accruing to persons or property as a result of an act or by reason of an act or omission in the discharge of official duties. Any suit instituted against any officer or employee because of an act performed by that officer or employee in the lawful discharge of duties and under the provisions of this code shall be defended by the legal representative of the jurisdiction until the final termination of the proceedings. The code official or any subordinate shall not be liable for costs in an action, suit or proceeding that is instituted in pursuance of the provisions of this code.
- (1) Legal defense. Any suit or criminal complaint instituted against any officer or employee because of an act performed by that officer or employee in the lawful discharge of duties and under the provisions of this code shall be defended by the legal representative of the jurisdiction until the final termination of the proceedings. The code official or any subordinate shall not be liable for costs in an action, suit or proceeding that is instituted in pursuance of the provisions of this code.
- (c) Fees. The fees for activities and services performed by the code official in carrying out the responsibilities under this code shall be as adopted by the Kirkland city council City Council.

Section 78. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.41.104 is amended to read as follows:

21.41.104 Duties and powers of the code official.

- (a) Inspections. The code official is authorized to make all of the required inspections, or accept reports of inspection by approved agencies or individuals. All r Reports of such inspections shall be in writing and be certified by a responsible officer of such approved agency or by the responsible individual. The code official is authorized to engage such expert opinion as deemed necessary to report upon unusual technical issues that arise, subject to the approval of the appointing authority.
- (b) Right of Entry. Where it is necessary to make an inspection to enforce the provisions of this code, or whenever the code official has

reasonable cause to believe that there exists in a structure or upon a premises a condition in violation of this code, the code official is authorized to enter the structure or premises at reasonable times to inspect or perform the duties imposed by this code; provided, that if such structure or premises is occupied the code official shall present credentials to the occupant and request entry. If such structure or premises is unoccupied, the code official shall first make a reasonable effort to locate the owner, owner's authorized agent, or other person having charge or control of the structure or premises and request entry. If entry is refused, the code official shall have recourse to the remedies provided by law to secure entry.

- (c) Identification. The code official shall carry proper identification when inspecting structures or premises in the performance of duties under this code.
- (d) Notices and Orders. The code official shall issue all necessary notices or orders to ensure compliance with this code.
- (e) Department Records. The code official shall keep official records of all business and activities of the department specified in the provisions of this code. Such records shall be retained in the official records for the period required for retention of public records.

<u>Section 79</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.41.105 is amended to read as follows:

21.41.105 Approval.

- (a) Modifications. Whenever there are practical difficulties involved in carrying out the provisions of this code, the code official shall have the authority to grant modifications for individual cases upon application of the owner or owner's representative authorized agent, provided the code official shall first find that special individual reason makes the strict letter of this code impractical, and the modification is in compliance with the intent and purpose of this code and that such modification does not lessen health, life and fire safety requirements. The details of action granting modifications shall be recorded and entered in the department files.
- (b) Alternative Materials, Methods and Equipment. The provisions of this code are not intended to prevent the installation of any material or to prohibit any method of construction not specifically prescribed by this code; provided, that any such alternative has been approved. An alternative material or method of construction shall be approved where the code official finds that the proposed design is satisfactory and complies with the intent of the provisions of this code, and that the material, method or work offered is, for the purpose intended, at least the equivalent of that prescribed in this code in quality, strength, effectiveness, fire resistance, durability and safety. Where the alternative material, design or method of construction is not approved, the code official shall respond in writing, stating the reasons the alternative was not approved.

- (c) Required Testing. Whenever there is insufficient evidence of compliance with the provisions of this code, code or evidence that a material or method does not conform to the requirements of this code, or in order to substantiate claims for alternative materials or methods, the code official shall have the authority to require tests to be made as evidence of compliance at no expense to the jurisdiction.
- (1) Test Methods. Test methods shall be as specified in this code or by other recognized test standards. In the absence of recognized and accepted test methods, the code official shall be permitted to approve appropriate testing procedures performed by an approved agency.
- (2) Test Reports. Reports of tests shall be retained by the code official for the period required for retention of public records.
- (d) Used Material and Equipment. The use of used materials which that meet the requirements of this code for new materials is permitted. Materials, equipment and devices shall not be reused unless such elements are in good repair or have been reconditioned and tested when where necessary, placed in good and proper working condition and approved by the code official.
- (e) Approved Materials and Equipment. Materials, equipment and devices approved by the code official shall be constructed and installed in accordance with such approval.
- (f) Research Reports. Supporting data, where necessary to assist in the approval of materials or assemblies not specifically provided for in this code, shall consist of valid research reports from approved sources.

Section 80. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.41.107 is amended to read as follows:

21.41.107 Notices and orders (condemnation and demolition).

- (a) Notice to Person Responsible. Whenever the code official is required to provide notice per Section <u>21.41.108</u>(c) or Section <u>21.41.110</u>(b), notice shall be given in the manner prescribed in subsections (b) and (c) of this section to the person responsible for the violation as specified in this code.
- (b) Form. Such notice prescribed in subsection (a) of this section shall be in accordance with all of the following:
 - (1) Be in writing.
- (2) Include a description of the real estate sufficient for identification.
- (3) Include a statement of the violation or violations and why the notice is being issued.
- (4) Include a correction order allowing a reasonable time to make the repairs and improvements required to bring the dwelling unit or structure into compliance with the provisions of this code.
- (5) Inform the property owner <u>or owner's authorized agent</u> of the right to appeal.
- (6) Include a statement of the right to file a lien in accordance with Chapter 1.12.

- (c) Method of Service. Such notice shall be deemed to be properly served if a copy thereof is:
 - (1) Delivered personally;
- (2) Sent by certified or first-class mail addressed to the last known address; or
- (3) If the notice is returned showing that the letter was not delivered, a copy thereof shall be posted in a conspicuous place in or about the structure affected by such notice.
- (d) Unauthorized Tampering. Signs, tags or seals posted or affixed by the code official shall not be mutilated, destroyed or tampered with, or removed without authorization from the code official.
- (e) Penalties. Penalties for noncompliance with orders and notices shall be as set forth in Chapter 1.12.
- (f) Transfer of Ownership. It shall be unlawful for the owner of any dwelling unit or structure who has received a compliance order or upon whom a notice of violation has been served to sell, transfer, mortgage, lease or otherwise dispose of such dwelling unit or structure to another until the provisions of the compliance order or notice of violation have been complied with, or until such owner or the owner's authorized agent shall first furnish the grantee, transferee, mortgagee or lessee a true copy of any compliance order or notice of violation issued by the code official and shall furnish to the code official a signed and notarized statement from the grantee, transferee, mortgagee or lessee, acknowledging the receipt of such compliance order or notice of violation and fully accepting the responsibility without condition for making the corrections or repairs required by such compliance order or notice of violation.
- (g) Means of Appeal. Any person directly affected by a decision of the code official or a notice or order issued under this section shall have the right to appeal as set forth in Chapter 1.12.

Section 81. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.41.108 is amended to read as follows:

21.41.108 Unsafe structures and equipment.

- (a) General. When a structure or equipment is found by the code official to be unsafe, or when a structure is found unfit for human occupancy, or is found unlawful, the code official is authorized to condemn such structure pursuant to the provisions of this code.
- (1) Unsafe Structures. An unsafe structure is one that is found to be dangerous to the life, health, property or safety of the public or the occupants of the structure by not providing minimum safeguards to protect or warn occupants in the event of fire, or because such structure contains unsafe equipment or is so damaged, decayed, dilapidated, structurally unsafe or of such faulty construction or unstable foundation that partial or complete collapse is possible.
- (2) Unsafe Equipment. Unsafe equipment includes any boiler, heating equipment, elevator, moving stairway, electrical wiring or

device, flammable liquid containers or other equipment on the premises or within the structure which is in such disrepair or condition that such equipment is a hazard to life, health, property or safety of the public or occupants of the premises or structure.

- (3) Structure Unfit for Human Occupancy. A structure is unfit for human occupancy whenever the code official finds that such structure is unsafe, unlawful or, because of the degree to which the structure is in disrepair or lacks maintenance, is insanitary, vermin- or rat-infested, contains filth and contamination, or lacks ventilation, illumination, sanitary or heating facilities or other essential equipment required by this code, or because the location of the structure constitutes a hazard to the occupants of the structure or to the public.
- (4) Unlawful Structure. An unlawful structure is one found in whole or in part to be occupied by more persons than permitted under this code, or that was erected, altered or occupied contrary to law.
- (5) Dangerous Structure or Premises. For the purpose of this code, any structure or premises that has any or all of the conditions or defects described below shall be considered dangerous:
- (A) Any door, aisle, passageway, stairway, exit or other means of egress that does not conform to the approved building or fire code of the jurisdiction as related to the requirements for existing buildings.
- (B) The walking surface of any aisle, passageway, stairway, exit or other means of egress is so warped, worn loose, torn or otherwise unsafe as to not provide safe and adequate means of egress.
- (C) Any portion of a building, structure or appurtenance that has been damaged by fire, earthquake, wind, flood, deterioration, neglect, abandonment, vandalism or by any other cause to such an extent that it is likely to partially or completely collapse, or to become detached or dislodged.
- (D) Any portion of a building, or any member, appurtenance or ornamentation on the exterior thereof, that is not of sufficient strength or stability, or is not so anchored, attached or fastened in place, so as to be capable of resisting natural or artificial loads of one and one-half times the original designed value.
- (E) The building or structure, or part of the building or structure, because of dilapidation, deterioration, decay, faulty construction, the removal or movement of some portion of the ground necessary for the support, or for any other reason, is likely to partially or completely collapse, or some portion of the foundation or underpinning of the building or structure is likely to fail or give way.
- (F) The building or structure, or any portion thereof, is clearly unsafe for its use and occupancy.
- (G) The building or structure is neglected, damaged, dilapidated, unsecured or abandoned so as to become an attractive nuisance to children who might play in the building or structure to their danger, becomes a harbor for vagrants, criminals or immoral persons, or enables persons to resort to the building or structure for committing a nuisance or an unlawful act.

(H) Any building or structure that has been constructed, exists or is maintained in violation of any specific requirement or prohibition applicable to such building or structure provided by the approved building or fire code of the jurisdiction, or of any law or ordinance to such an extent as to present either a substantial risk of fire or building collapse or any other threat to life and safety.
 (I) A building or structure, used or intended to be used for dwelling

- (I) A building or structure, used or intended to be used for dwelling purposes, because of inadequate maintenance, dilapidation, decay, damage, faulty construction or arrangement, inadequate light, ventilation, mechanical or plumbing system, or otherwise, is determined by the code official to be unsanitary, unfit for human habitation or in such a condition that is likely to cause sickness or disease.
- (J) Any building or structure, because of a lack of sufficient or proper fire-resistance-rated construction, fire protection systems, electrical system, fuel connections, mechanical system, plumbing system or other cause, is determined by the code official to be a threat to life or health.
- (K) Any portion of a building remains on a site after the demolition or destruction of the building or structure or whenever any building or structure is abandoned so as to constitute such building or portion thereof as an attractive nuisance or hazard to the public.
- (6) Drug Properties and Structures. It is hereby declared that any building, structure and/or associated property wherein or upon which the manufacture, distribution, production or storage of illegal drugs or the precursors to create illegal drugs has taken place in a manner which could endanger the public, such building, structure and/or associated property is not only a dangerous property but is also of a classification of property calling for the special procedures set forth in this section. The code official is authorized to abate such dangerous buildings, structures and/or associated properties in accordance with the dangerous building procedures set forth in such code, with the following modifications:
- (A) Due to public safety hazard in drug-production facilities, the utilities shall be disconnected;
- (B) Building(s) and structures will be inspected to determine compliance with all city ordinances and codes;
- (C) Building(s) and any entry gates to the property will be secured against entry.

No reconnection of utilities or re-occupancy of the building(s), structures or property shall be allowed until all violations have been remedied and all dangerous conditions abated to the satisfaction of the code official and a notice of release for re-occupancy has been received from the health department.

(b) Closing of Vacant Structures. If the structure is vacant and unfit for human habitation and occupancy, and is not in danger of structural collapse, the code official is authorized to post a placard of condemnation on the premises and order the structure closed up so as not to be an attractive nuisance. Upon failure of the owner or owner's

<u>authorized agent</u> to close up the premises within the time specified in the order, the code official shall cause the premises to be closed and secured through any available public agency or by contract or arrangement by private persons and the cost thereof shall be charged against the real estate upon which the structure is located and shall be a lien upon such real estate and may be collected by any other legal resource.

- (1) Authority to Disconnect Service Utilities. The code official shall have the authority to authorize disconnection of utility service to the building, structure or system regulated by this code and the referenced codes and standards set forth in Section 21.41.102(g) in case of emergency where when necessary to eliminate an immediate hazard to life or property or when such utility connection has been made without approval. The code official shall notify the serving utility and, whenever possible, the owner or owner's authorized agent and occupant of the building, structure or service system of the decision to disconnect prior to taking such action. If not notified prior to disconnection the owner, owner's authorized agent or occupant of the building, structure or service system shall be notified in writing as soon as practical thereafter.
- (2) Standards for Securing Buildings. To secure a building, all doors, window openings, or other openings on floors accessible from grade shall be closed and locked, or shuttered to prevent third party entry. If openings are damaged so they cannot be secured using normal building amenities, they shall be secured by covering with seven-sixteenths-inch minimum thickness structural panel cut to fit over the building opening and secured with No. 10 wood screws with fender washers. The screws shall penetrate the wood framing by a minimum of one and one-quarter inches and the screws shall be spaced around the perimeter of the opening at no less than twelve inches on center.
- (c) Notice. Whenever the code official has condemned a structure or equipment under the provisions of this section, notice shall be posted in a conspicuous place in or about the structure affected by such notice and served on the owner, owner's authorized agent or the person or persons responsible for the structure or equipment in accordance with Section 21.41.107(c). If the notice pertains to equipment, it shall also be placed on the condemned equipment. The notice shall be in the form prescribed in Section 21.41.107(b).
- (d) Placarding. Upon failure of the owner, owner's authorized agent or person responsible to comply with the notice provisions within the time given, the code official is authorized to post on the premises or on defective equipment a placard bearing the word "Condemned" and a statement of the penalties provided for occupying the premises, operating the equipment or removing the placard.
- (1) Placard Removal. The code official shall remove the condemnation placard whenever the defect or defects upon which the condemnation and placarding action were based have been eliminated. Any person who defaces or removes a condemnation placard without

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the approval of the code official shall be subject to the penalties provided by this code.

- (e) Prohibited Occupancy. Any occupied structure condemned and placarded by the code official shall be vacated as ordered by the code official. Any person who shall occupy a placarded premises or shall operate placarded equipment, and any owner—owner, owner's authorized agent or any person responsible for the premises who shall let anyone occupy a placarded premises or operate placarded equipment, shall be liable for the penalties provided by this code.
- (f) Abatement Methods. The owner, <u>owner's authorized agent</u>, operator or occupant of a building, premises or equipment deemed unsafe by the code official shall abate or cause to be abated or corrected such unsafe conditions, either by repair, rehabilitation, demolition or other approved corrective action.
- (g) Record. The code official shall have authority to cause a report to be filed on an unsafe condition. The report shall state the occupancy of the structure and the nature of the unsafe condition.

<u>Section 82</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.41.109 is amended to read as follows:

21.41.109 Emergency measures.

- Imminent Danger. When, in the opinion of the code official, there is imminent danger of failure or collapse of a building or structure which that endangers life, or when any structure or part of a structure has fallen and life is endangered by the occupation of the structure, or when there is actual or potential danger to the building occupants or those in the proximity of any structure because of explosives, explosive fumes or vapors or the presence of toxic fumes, gases or materials, or operation of defective or dangerous equipment, the code official is hereby authorized and empowered to order and require the occupants to vacate the premises forthwith. The code official is authorized to cause to be posted at each entrance to such structure a notice reading as follows: "This Structure Is Unsafe and Its Occupancy Has Been Prohibited by the Code Official." It shall be unlawful for any person to enter such structure except for the purpose of securing the structure, making the required repairs, removing the hazardous condition or of demolishing the same.
- (b) Temporary Safeguards. Notwithstanding other provisions of this code, whenever, in the opinion of the code official, there is imminent danger due to an unsafe condition, the code official is authorized to order the necessary work to be done, including the boarding up of openings, to render such structure temporarily safe whether or not the legal procedure herein described has been instituted; and shall cause such other action to be taken as the code official deems necessary to meet such emergency.
- (c) Closing Streets. When necessary for public safety, the code official is authorized to temporarily close structures and close, or order

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the authority having jurisdiction to close, sidewalks, streets, public ways and places adjacent to unsafe structures, and prohibit the same from being utilized.

(d) Emergency Repairs. For the purposes of this section, the code official is authorized to employ the necessary labor and materials to perform the required work as expeditiously as possible.

(e) Costs of Emergency Repairs. Costs incurred in the performance of emergency work shall be paid by the jurisdiction. The legal counsel of the jurisdiction is authorized to institute appropriate action against the owner of the premises or owner's authorized agent where the unsafe structure is or was located for the recovery of such costs.

(f) Hearing. Any person ordered to take emergency measures shall comply with such order forthwith. Any affected person shall thereafter, upon petition directed to the hearing examiner, be afforded a hearing as set forth in Chapter 1.12.

Section 83. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.41.110 is amended to read as follows:

21.41.110 Demolition.

- General. The code official is authorized to order the owner or owner's authorized agent of any premises upon which is located any structure, which in the code official's or owner's authorized agent's judgment after review is so deteriorated or dilapidated or has become so out of repair as to be dangerous, unsafe, unsanitary or otherwise unfit for human habitation or occupancy, and such that it is unreasonable to repair the structure, to demolish and remove such structure; or if such structure is capable of being made safe by repairs, to repair and make safe and sanitary, or to board up and hold for future repair or to demolish and remove at the owner's option; or where there has been a cessation of normal construction of any structure for a period of more than two years, the code official is authorized to order the owner or owner's authorized agent to demolish and remove such structure, or board up until future repair. Boarding the building up for future repair shall not extend beyond one year, unless approved by the building official.
- (b) Notices and Orders. <u>All notices Notices</u> and orders shall comply with Section <u>21.41.107</u>.
- (c) Failure to Comply. If the owner of a premises <u>or owner's</u> <u>authorized agent</u> fails to comply with a demolition order within the time prescribed, the code official is authorized to cause the structure to be demolished and removed, either through an available public agency or by contract or arrangement with private persons, and the cost of such demolition and removal shall be charged against the real estate upon which the structure is located and shall be a lien upon such real estate.
- (d) Salvage Materials. When any structure has been ordered demolished and removed, the governing body or other designated officer under said contract or arrangement aforesaid shall have the right

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to sell the salvage and valuable materials at the highest price obtainable. The net proceeds of such sale, after deducting the expenses of such demolition and removal, shall be promptly remitted with a report of such sale or transaction, including the items of expense and the amounts deducted, for the person who is entitled thereto, subject to any order of a court. If such a surplus does not remain to be turned over, the report shall so state.

Section 84. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.41.112 is amended to read as follows:

21.41.112 Stop work order.

- (a) Authority. Whenever the code official finds any work regulated by this code being performed in a manner contrary to the provisions of this code or in a dangerous or unsafe manner, the code official is authorized to issue a stop work order.
- (b) Issuance. A stop work order shall be in writing and shall be given to the owner of the property, to the owner's authorized agent, or to the person doing the work. Upon issuance of a stop work order, the cited work shall immediately cease. The stop work order shall state the reason for the order and the conditions under which the cited work is authorized to resume.
- (c) Emergencies. Where an emergency exists, the code official shall not be required to give a written notice prior to stopping the work.
- (d) Failure to Comply. Any person who shall continue any work after having been served with a stop work order, except such work as that person is directed to perform to remove a violation or unsafe condition, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor or civil violation in accordance with Chapter 1.12 and the violation shall be deemed a strict liability offense.

Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.41.202 is Section 85. amended to read as follows:

21.41.202 General definitions.

"Anchored" means secured in a manner that provides positive connection.

"Approved" means approved by acceptable to the code official.

"Basement" means that portion of a building which is partly or completely below grade.

"Bathroom" means a room containing plumbing fixtures including a bathtub or shower.

"Bedroom" means any room or space used or intended to be used for sleeping purposes in either a dwelling or sleeping unit.

"Code official" means the official who is charged with the administration and enforcement of this code or portion of this code, or any duly authorized representative. The code official may be a representative of the planning and community development

department, the public works department or the fire and building department.

"Condemn" means to adjudge unfit for occupancy.

"Cost of such demolition or emergency repairs" means the actual costs of the demolition or repair of the structure less revenues obtained if salvage was conducted prior to demolition or repair. Costs shall include, but not be limited to, expenses incurred or necessitated related to demolition or emergency repairs, such as asbestos survey and abatement if necessary; costs of inspectors, testing agencies or experts retained relative to the demolition or emergency repairs; costs of testing; surveys for other materials that are controlled or regulated from being dumped in a landfill; title searches; mailing(s); postings; recording; and attorney fees expended for recovering of the cost of emergency repairs or to obtain or enforce an order of demolition made by a code official, the governing body or board of appeals.

"Detached" means when a structural element is physically disconnected from another and that connection is necessary to provide a positive connection.

"Deterioration" means to weaken, disintegrate, corrode, rust or decay and lose effectiveness.

"Dwelling unit" means a single unit providing complete, independent living facilities for one or more persons, including permanent provisions for living, sleeping, eating, cooking and sanitation.

"Easement" means that portion of land or property reserved for present or future use by a person or agency other than the legal fee owner(s) of the property. The easement shall be permitted to be for use under, on or above said lot or lots.

"Equipment support" means those structural members or assemblies of members or manufactured elements, including braces, frames, lugs, snuggers, hangers or saddles, that transmit gravity load, lateral load and operating load between the equipment and the structure.

"Exterior property" means the open space on the premises and on adjoining property under the control of owners or operators of such premises.

"Garbage" means the animal or vegetable waste resulting from the handling, preparation, cooking and consumption of food.

"Graffiti" means unauthorized markings, visible from premises open to the public, that have been placed upon any property through the use of paint, ink, dye or any other substance capable of marking property.

"Guard" means a building component or a system of building components located at or near the open sides of elevated walking surfaces that minimizes the possibility of a fall from the walking surface to a lower level.

"Habitable space" means space in a structure for living, sleeping, eating or cooking. Bathrooms, toilet rooms, closets, halls, storage or utility spaces, and similar areas are not considered habitable spaces.

"Historic building" means any building or structure that is listed in the State or National Register of Historic Places; designated as a historic

property under local or state designation law or survey; certified as a contributing resource within a National Register listed or locally designated historic district; or with an opinion or certification that the property is eligible to be listed on the National or State Register of Historic Places either individually or as a contributing building to a historic district by the State Historic Preservation Officer or the Keeper of the National Register of Historic Places.

"Housekeeping unit" means a room or group of rooms forming a single habitable space equipped and intended to be used for living, sleeping, cooking and eating which does not contain, within such a unit, a toilet, lavatory and bathtub or shower.

"Imminent danger" means a condition which could cause serious or life-threatening injury or death at any time.

"Infestation" means the presence, within or contiguous to a structure or premises, of insects, rats, vermin or other pests.

"Inoperable motor vehicle" means a vehicle which cannot be driven upon the public streets for reason including but not limited to being unlicensed, wrecked, abandoned, in a state of disrepair, or incapable of being moved under its own power.

"Junk" means old or scrap copper; brass; rope; rags; batteries; paper; trash; rubber debris; wastes; machinery; scrap wood; junked, dismantled or wrecked automobiles, or parts thereof; iron; steel; and other old or scrap ferrous or nonferrous material.

"Labeled" means equipment, materials or products to which have been affixed a label, seal, symbol or other identifying mark of a nationally recognized testing laboratory, inspection agency or other organization concerned with product evaluation that maintains periodic inspection of the production of the above labeled items and whose labeling indicates either that the equipment, material or product meets identified standards or has been tested and found suitable for a specified purpose.

"Let for occupancy" or "let" means to permit, provide or offer possession or occupancy of a dwelling, dwelling unit, rooming unit, building, premises or structure by a person who is or is not the legal owner of record thereof, pursuant to a written or unwritten lease, agreement or license, or pursuant to a recorded or unrecorded agreement of contract for the sale of land.

"Neglect" means the lack of proper maintenance for a building or structure.

"Occupancy" means the purpose for which a building or portion thereof is utilized or occupied.

"Occupant" means any individual living or sleeping in a building, or having possession of a space within a building.

"Openable area" means that part of a window, skylight or door which is available for unobstructed ventilation and which opens directly to the outdoors.

"Operator" means any person who has charge, care or control of a structure or premises which is let or offered for occupancy.

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"Owner" means any person, agent, operator, firm or corporation having a legal or equitable interest in the property; or recorded in the official records of the state, county or municipality as holding title to the property; or otherwise having control of the property, including the guardian of the estate of any such person, and the executor or administrator of the estate of such person if ordered to take possession of real property by a court.

"Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership or any other group acting as a unit.

"Pest elimination" means the control and elimination of insects, rodents or other pests by eliminating their harborage places; by removing or making inaccessible materials that serve as their food or water; by other approved pest elimination methods.

"Premises" means a lot, plot or parcel of land, easement or public way, including any structures thereon.

"Public way" means any street, alley or similar parcel of land essentially unobstructed from the ground to the sky, which is deeded, dedicated or otherwise permanently appropriated to the public for public

"Rooming house" means a building arranged or occupied for lodging, with or without meals, for compensation and not occupied as a one- or two-family dwelling.

"Rooming unit" means any room or group of rooms forming a single habitable unit occupied or intended to be occupied for sleeping or living, but not for cooking purposes.

"Rubbish" means combustible and noncombustible waste materials, except garbage; the term shall include the residue from the burning of wood, coal, coke and other combustible materials, paper, rags, cartons, boxes, wood, excelsior, rubber, leather, tree branches, yard trimmings, tin cans, metals, mineral matter, glass, crockery and dust and other similar materials.

"Sleeping unit" means a room or space in which people sleep, which can also include permanent provisions for living, eating and either sanitation or kitchen facilities, but not both. Such rooms and spaces that are also part of a dwelling unit are not sleeping units.

"Strict liability offense" means an offense in which the prosecution in a legal proceeding is not required to prove criminal intent as a part of its case. It is enough to prove that the defendant either did an act which was prohibited, or failed to do an act which the defendant was legally required to do.

"Structure" means that which is built or constructed or a portion thereof.

"Tenant" means a person, corporation, partnership or group, whether or not the legal owner of record, occupying a building or portion thereof as a unit.

"Toilet room" means a room containing a water closet or urinal but not a bathtub or shower.

"Ultimate deformation" means the deformation at which failure occurs and which shall be deemed to occur if the sustainable load reduces to eighty percent or less of the maximum strength.

"Ventilation" means the natural or mechanical process of supplying conditioned or unconditioned air to, or removing such air from, any space.

"Workmanlike" means executed in a skilled manner; e.g., generally plumb, level, square, in line, undamaged and without marring adjacent work.

"Yard" means an open space on the same lot with a structure.

<u>Section 86</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.41.301 is amended to read as follows:

21.41.301 General.

- (a) Scope. The provisions of this article shall govern the minimum conditions and the responsibilities of persons for maintenance of structures, equipment and exterior property.
- (b) Responsibility. The owner of the premises shall maintain the structures and exterior property in compliance with these requirements, except as otherwise provided for in this code. A person shall not occupy as owner-occupant or permit another person to occupy premises which that are not in a sanitary and safe condition and which that do not comply with the requirements of this article. Occupants of a dwelling unit, rooming unit or housekeeping unit are responsible for keeping in a clean, sanitary and safe condition that part of the dwelling unit, rooming unit, housekeeping unit or premises which they occupy and control.
- (c) Vacant Structures and Land. All vacant <u>Vacant</u> structures and premises thereof or vacant land shall be maintained in a clean, safe, secure and sanitary condition as provided herein so as not to cause a blighting problem or adversely affect the public health or safety.

<u>Section 87</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.41.302 is amended to read as follows:

21.41.302 Exterior property areas.

- (a) Sanitation. All exterior Exterior property and premises shall be maintained in a clean, safe and sanitary condition. The occupant shall keep that part of the exterior property which that such occupant occupies or controls in a clean and sanitary condition.
- (b) Grading and Drainage. <u>All premises Premises</u> shall be graded and maintained to prevent the erosion of soil and to prevent the accumulation of stagnant water thereon, or within any structure located thereon.

Exception: Approved retention areas and reservoirs.

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- Sidewalks and Driveways. All sidewalks, Sidewalks, walkways, stairs, driveways, parking spaces and similar areas shall be kept in a proper state of repair, and maintained free from hazardous conditions.
- Control of Overgrown Vegetation. Overgrown vegetation shall comply with subsections (d)(1) and (d)(2) of this section.
 - Removal of Overhanging Vegetation and Fire Hazards.
- (A) The owner of any property in the city shall remove or destroy, in a manner permitted by law, all vegetation or parts thereof that overhang or are growing on any sidewalk or street in a manner that obstructs or impairs the free and full use of the sidewalk or street by the public. Prior authorization is required from the city to the extent pruning or removal of trees is required.
- The owner of any property in the city shall remove or destroy, in a manner permitted by law, all vegetation growing or which has grown and died or debris upon property owned or occupied by them that is a fire hazard or a menace to public health, safety or welfare. Such work, when proposed in a critical area or its buffer, requires prior approval from the department of planning and community development. Prior authorization also is required from the city to the extent pruning or removal of trees is required.
- (2) Weeds and Grass. All premises Premises and exterior property shall be maintained free from weeds and grass in excess of eighteen inches.

Upon failure to comply with this section, any duly authorized employee of the jurisdiction or contractor hired by the jurisdiction shall be authorized to enter upon the property in violation and cut and destroy the weeds or plants growing thereon that are over eighteen inches tall, and the costs of such removal shall be paid by the owner or agent responsible for the property.

- Duty to Keep Buildings and Premises Free of Rodents—Right of Entry for Inspection. The owner or occupant of real property shall keep all buildings buildings and premises free from rats, mice and other rodents, to the extent reasonably possible, as determined by the building official. A property owner or occupant shall take all necessary measures to ensure that rats, mice or other rodents do not come into contact with food, food products, goods or merchandise. Subject to applicable constitutional and statutory constraints on entry, the building official or his appointed representative shall be permitted access to property or buildings for the purpose of ascertaining the presence of rats, mice and other rodents.
- Duty to Eradicate Rodent Infestation. If rat, mice or other rodent infestation occurs, a property owner or occupant shall take all necessary measures to eradicate the infestation and prevent future infestation. In addition, the owner or occupant of the property shall perform all eradication measures as reasonably required by the building official. The provisions of this section shall not apply to wetlands, unimproved parks, greenbelts or other unimproved property if the

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property owner or occupant has not committed any acts or omissions that increase the likelihood of rat, mice or other rodent infestation.

Rat Baiting. All applicants for a demolition or a land surface modification permit and those persons undertaking a land clearing project shall initiate a rat baiting program on the project site at least fifteen days prior to the start of demolition, clearing or land surface modification activity. The baiting program must continue at least until the project begins; however, no demolition, clearing or land surface modification work shall commence until all significant rat activity has been abated even if it has been fifteen or more days since the initiation of the rat baiting program, unless approved by the building official. The rat baiting program shall be approved by a qualified pest control agent and be consistent with the Seattle-King County Health Department guidelines and recommendations for rat baiting. The use of any pesticides shall fully comply with WAC 162-28-1380. The building official shall not issue or deliver any demolition or land surface modification permit, nor shall any land clearing begin, until the applicant has filed with the city a copy of the rat baiting program and a declaration, under penalty of perjury, that the requirements of this section have been complied with. The rat baiting program may be terminated at any time, due to the lack of rat activity, upon a written recommendation of the pest control agent or upon approval of the building official; however, the program must be reinstated upon discovery of additional rat activity by the pest control agent or the building official and all work may be required to be stopped until the additional rat activity has been abated as determined in writing by the pest control agent or upon approval of the building official. At the discretion of the building official, a project unlikely to disturb a nesting place of rats may be exempted from the requirements of this section.

(f) Exhaust Vents. Pipes, ducts, conductors, fans or blowers shall not discharge gases, steam, vapor, hot air, grease, smoke, odors or other gaseous or particulate wastes directly upon abutting or adjacent public or private property or that of another tenant.

(g) Accessory Structures. <u>All accessory Accessory</u> structures, including detached garages, fences and walls, shall be maintained structurally sound and in good repair.

(h) Motor Vehicles. Except as provided for in other regulations, no inoperative or unlicenseable motor vehicle shall be parked, kept or stored on any premises unless parked or stored in a building complying with the Kirkland Building Code. No vehicle shall at any time be in a state of major disassembly, disrepair, or in the process of being stripped or dismantled. Painting of vehicles is prohibited unless conducted inside an approved spray booth.

Exception: A vehicle of any type is permitted to undergo major overhaul, including body work; provided, that such work is performed inside a structure or similarly enclosed area designed and approved for such purposes.

 (i) Defacement of Property. No person shall willfully or wantonly damage, mutilate or deface any exterior surface of any structure or building on any private or public property by placing thereon any marking, carving or graffiti.

It shall be the responsibility of the owner to restore said surface to an approved state of maintenance and repair.

<u>Section 88</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.41.303 is amended to read as follows:

21.41.303 Swimming pools, spas and hot tubs.

- (a) Swimming Pools. Swimming pools shall be maintained in a clean and sanitary condition, and in good repair.
- (b) Enclosures. Private swimming pools, hot tubs and spas, containing water more than twenty-four inches (six hundred ten millimeters) in depth shall be completely surrounded by a fence or barrier at least not less than forty-eight inches (one thousand two hundred nineteen millimeters) in height above the finished ground level measured on the side of the barrier away from the pool. Gates and doors in such barriers shall be self-closing and self-latching. Where the self-latching device is less than fifty-four inches (one thousand three hundred seventy-two millimeters) above the bottom of the gate, the release mechanism shall be located on the pool side of the gate. Self-closing and self-latching gates shall be maintained such that the gate will positively close and latch when released from an open position of six inches (one hundred fifty-two millimeters) from the gatepost. No existing pool enclosure shall be removed, replaced or changed in a manner that reduces its effectiveness as a safety barrier.

Exception: Spas or hot tubs with a safety cover that complies with ASTM F1346 shall be exempt from the provisions of this section.

Section 89. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.41.304 is amended to read as follows:

21.41.304 Exterior structure.

- (a) General. The exterior of a structure shall be maintained in good repair, structurally sound and sanitary so as not to pose a threat to the public health, safety or welfare.
- (1) Unsafe Conditions. The following conditions shall be determined as unsafe and shall be repaired or replaced to comply with the International Building Code or the International Existing Building Code as required for existing buildings:
- (A) The nominal strength of any structural member is exceeded by nominal loads, the load effects or the required strength;
- (B) The anchorage of the floor or roof to walls or columns, and of walls and columns to foundations, is not capable of resisting all nominal loads or load effects;

- (C) Structures or components thereof that have reached their limit state;
- (D) Siding and masonry joints including joints between the building envelope and the perimeter of windows, doors and skylights are not maintained, weather resistant or water tight;
- (E) Structural members that have evidence of deterioration or that are not capable of safely supporting all nominal loads and load effects;
- (F) Foundation systems that are not firmly supported by footings, are not plumb and free from open cracks and breaks, are not properly anchored or are not capable of supporting all nominal loads and resisting all load effects;
- (G) Exterior walls that are not anchored to supporting and supported elements or are not plumb and free of holes, cracks or breaks and loose or rotting materials, are not properly anchored or are not capable of supporting all nominal loads and resisting all load effects;
- (H) Roofing or roofing components that have defects that admit rain, roof surfaces with inadequate drainage, or any portion of the roof framing that is not in good repair with signs of deterioration or fatigue or without proper anchorage and incapable of supporting all nominal loads and resisting all load effects;
- (I) Flooring and flooring components with defects that affect serviceability or flooring components that show signs of deterioration or fatigue, are not properly anchored or are incapable of supporting all nominal loads and resisting all load effects;
- (J) Veneer, cornices, belt courses, corbels, trim, wall facings and similar decorative features not properly anchored or that are anchored with connections not capable of supporting all nominal loads and resisting all load effects;
- (K) Overhang extensions or projections including, but not limited to, trash chutes, canopies, marquees, signs, awnings, fire escapes, standpipes and exhaust ducts not properly anchored or that are anchored with connections not capable of supporting all nominal loads and resisting all load effects;
- (L) Exterior stairs, decks, porches, balconies and all similar appurtenances attached thereto, including guards and handrails, are not structurally sound, not properly anchored or that are anchored with connections not capable of supporting all nominal loads and resisting all load effects; or
- (M) Chimneys, cooling towers, smokestacks and similar appurtenances not structurally sound or not properly anchored, or that are anchored with connections not capable of supporting all nominal loads and resisting all load effects.

Exceptions:

- (i) When Where substantiated otherwise by an approved method.
- (ii) Demolition of unsafe conditions shall be permitted When Where approved by the code official.
- (b) Protective Treatment. <u>All exterior Exterior</u> surfaces, including but not limited to doors, door and window frames, cornices, porches,

trim, and balconies, shall be maintained in good condition. Exterior wood surfaces, other than decay resistant woods, shall be protected from the elements and decay by painting or other protective covering or treatment. Peeling, flaking and chipped paint shall be eliminated and surfaces repainted. All siding siding and masonry joints, as well as those between the building envelope and the perimeter of windows, doors and skylights, shall be maintained weather resistant and water tight. All metal Metal surfaces subject to rust or corrosion shall be coated to inhibit such rust and corrosion, and all-surfaces with rust or corrosion shall be stabilized and coated to inhibit future rust and corrosion.

(c) Premises Identification. Buildings shall have approved address numbers placed in a position to be plainly legible and visible from the street or road fronting the property. These numbers shall contrast with their background. Address numbers shall be Arabic numerals or alphabet letters. Numbers shall be a minimum of not less than four inches (one hundred two millimeters) high with a minimum stroke width of one-half inch (12.7 millimeters).

Exception: Buildings constructed under the International Residential Code, prior to July 1, 2010, are permitted to have the address number size be a minimum of three inches high.

- (d) Structural Members. All structural Structural members shall be maintained free from deterioration, and shall be capable of safely supporting the imposed dead and live loads.
- (e) Foundation Walls. <u>All foundation Foundation</u> walls shall be maintained plumb and free from open cracks and breaks and shall be kept in such condition so as to prevent the entry of rodents and other pests.
- (f) Exterior Walls. <u>All exterior Exterior</u> walls shall be free from holes, breaks, and loose or rotting materials; and maintained weatherproof and properly surface coated where required to prevent deterioration.
- (g) Roofs and Drainage. The roof and flashing shall be sound, tight and not have defects that admit rain. Roof drainage shall be adequate to prevent dampness or deterioration in the walls or interior portion of the structure. Roof drains, gutters and downspouts shall be maintained in good repair and free from obstructions. Roof water shall not be discharged directly onto any other private property, public right-of-way or in a manner that creates a public nuisance.
- (h) Decorative Features. All cornices, Cornices, belt courses, corbels, terra cotta trim, wall facings and similar decorative features shall be maintained in good repair with proper anchorage and in a safe condition.
- (i) Overhang Extensions. All overhang Overhang extensions including, but not limited to, canopies, marquees, signs, metal awnings, fire escapes, standpipes and exhaust ducts shall be maintained in good repair and be properly anchored so as to be kept in a sound condition. When Where required, all exposed surfaces of metal or wood shall be protected from the elements and against decay or rust by periodic

application of weather-coating materials, such as paint or similar surface treatment.

- (j) Stairways, Decks, Porches and Balconies. Every exterior stairway, deck, porch and balcony, and all appurtenances attached thereto, shall be maintained structurally sound, in good repair, with proper anchorage and capable of supporting the imposed loads.
- (k) Chimneys and Towers. All chimneys, Chimneys, cooling towers, smokestacks, and similar appurtenances shall be maintained structurally safe and sound, and in good repair. All exposed Exposed surfaces of metal or wood shall be protected from the elements and against decay or rust by periodic application of weather-coating materials, such as paint or similar surface treatment.
- (I) Handrails and Guards. Every handrail and guard shall be firmly fastened and capable of supporting normally imposed loads and shall be maintained in good condition.
- (m) Window, Skylight and Door Frames. Every window, skylight, door and frame shall be kept in sound condition, good repair and weather tight.
- (1) Glazing. All glazing Glazing materials shall be maintained free from cracks and holes.
- (2) Openable Windows. Every window, other than a fixed window, shall be easily openable and capable of being held in position by window hardware.
- (n) Doors. All exterior Exterior doors, door assemblies and hardware shall be maintained in good condition. Locks at all entrances to dwelling units and sleeping units shall tightly secure the door. Locks on means of egress doors shall be in accordance with Section 21.41.702(c).

<u>Section 90</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.41.305 is amended to read as follows:

21.41.305 Interior structure.

- (a) General. The interior of a structure and equipment therein shall be maintained in good repair, structurally sound and in a sanitary condition. Occupants shall keep that part of the structure which that they occupy or control in a clean and sanitary condition. Every owner of a structure containing a rooming house, housekeeping units, a hotel, a dormitory, two or more dwelling units or two or more nonresidential occupancies shall maintain, in a clean and sanitary condition, the shared or public areas of the structure and exterior property.
- (1) Unsafe Conditions. The following conditions shall be determined as unsafe and shall be repaired or replaced to comply with the International Building Code or the International Existing Building Code as required for existing buildings:
- (A) The nominal strength of any structural member is exceeded by nominal loads, the load effects or the required strength;

- (B) The anchorage of the floor or roof to walls or columns, and of walls and columns to foundations, is not capable of resisting all nominal loads or load effects;
- (C) Structures or components thereof that have reached their limit state;
- (D) Structural members are incapable of supporting nominal loads and load effects;
- (E) Stairs, landings, balconies and all similar walking surfaces, including guards and handrails, are not structurally sound, not properly anchored or are anchored with connections not capable of supporting all nominal loads and resisting all load effects;
- (F) Foundation systems that are not firmly supported by footings are not plumb and free from open cracks and breaks, are not properly anchored or are not capable of supporting all nominal loads and resisting all load effects.

Exceptions:

- (i) When Where substantiated otherwise by an approved method.
- (ii) Demolition of unsafe conditions shall be permitted when approved by the code official.
- (b) Structural Members. All structural Structural members shall be maintained structurally sound, and be capable of supporting the imposed loads.
- (c) Interior Surfaces. All interior Interior surfaces, including windows and doors, shall be maintained in good, clean and sanitary condition. Peeling, chipping, flaking or abraded paint shall be repaired, removed or covered. Cracked or loose plaster, decayed wood, mold and other defective surface conditions shall be corrected.
- (d) Stairs and Walking Surfaces. Every stair, ramp, landing, balcony, porch, deck or other walking surface shall be maintained in sound condition and good repair.
- (e) Handrails and Guards. Every handrail and guard shall be firmly fastened and capable of supporting normally imposed loads and shall be maintained in good condition.
- (f) Interior Doors. Every interior door shall fit reasonably well within its frame and shall be capable of being opened and closed by being properly and securely attached to jambs, headers or tracks as intended by the manufacturer of the attachment hardware.

<u>Section 91</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.41.306 is amended to read as follows:

21.41.306 Component serviceability.

- (a) General. The components of a structure and equipment therein shall be maintained in good repair, structurally sound and in a sanitary condition.
- (1) Unsafe Conditions. Where any of the following conditions cause the component or system to be beyond its limit state, the component or system shall be determined as unsafe and shall be repaired or replaced

2791 to comply with the International Building Code or the International Existing Building Code as required for existing buildings: 2792 2793 Soils that have been subjected to any of the following 2794 conditions: 2795 (i) Collapse of footing or foundation system; Damage to footing, foundation, concrete or other structural 2796 2797 element due to soil expansion; 2798 Adverse effects to the design strength of footing, foundation, 2799 concrete or other structural element due to a chemical reaction from the soil; 2800 Inadequate soil as determined by a geotechnical investigation; 2801 (iv) 2802 (v) Where the allowable bearing capacity of the soil is in doubt; or 2803 Adverse effects to the footing, foundation, concrete or other 2804 structural element due to the ground water table. 2805 Concrete that has been subjected to any of the following 2806 conditions: 2807 (i) Deterioration; 2808 (ii) Ultimate deformation; (iii) Fractures; 2809 2810 (iv) Fissures; 2811 (v) Spalling; 2812 (vi) Exposed reinforcement; or (vii) Detached, dislodged or failing connections. 2813 2814 (C) Aluminum that has been subjected to any of the following 2815 conditions: 2816 (i) Deterioration; 2817 (ii) Corrosion; 2818 (iii) Elastic deformation; 2819 (iv) Ultimate deformation; 2820 (v) Stress or strain cracks; 2821 (vi) Joint fatigue; or 2822 (vii) Detached, dislodged or failing connections. 2823 (D) Masonry that has been subjected to any of the following conditions: 2824 2825 (i) Deterioration; 2826 (ii) Ultimate deformation; 2827 (iii) Fractures in masonry or mortar joints; 2828 (iv) Fissures in masonry or mortar joints; 2829 (\vee) Spalling: 2830 (vi) Exposed reinforcement; or (vii) Detached, dislodged or failing connections. 2831 (E) Steel that has been subjected to any of the following conditions: 2832 (i) 2833 Deterioration; (ii) Elastic deformation: 2834 (iii) Ultimate deformation; 2835 (iv) Metal fatigue; or 2836 2837 (V) Detached, dislodged or failing connections.

- 2838 Wood that has been subjected to any of the following conditions: 2839 2840 (i) Ultimate deformation: (ii) 2841 Deterioration; 2842 (iii) Damage from insects, rodents and other vermin; 2843 (iv) Fire damage beyond charring; (V) 2844 Significant splits and checks: 2845 (vi) Horizontal shear cracks; 2846 (vii) Vertical shear cracks; 2847 (viii) Inadequate support: Detached, dislodged or failing connections; or 2848 (ix) 2849 (x)Excessive cutting and notching. 2850 **Exceptions:** 2851 (i) When Where substantiated otherwise by an approved method. Demolition of unsafe conditions shall be permitted when where 2852 2853 approved by the code official. 2854 2855 Section 92. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.41.307 is 2856 amended to read as follows: 2857 21.41.307 Handrails and guardrails. 2858 (a) General. Every exterior and interior flight of stairs having more than four risers shall have a handrail on one side of the stair and every 2859 2860 open portion of a stair, landing, balcony, porch, deck, ramp or other walking surface which that is more than thirty inches (seven hundred 2861 sixty-two millimeters) above the floor or grade below shall have guards. 2862 2863 Handrails shall not be not less than thirty inches (seven hundred sixtytwo millimeters) high or more than forty-two inches (one thousand 2864 2865 sixty-seven millimeters) high measured vertically above the nosing of the tread or above the finished floor of the landing or walking surfaces. 2866 2867 Guards shall not be not less than thirty inches (seven hundred sixty-two millimeters) high above the floor of the landing, balcony, porch, deck, 2868 or ramp or other walking surface. 2869 Exception: Guards and handrails shall not be required where exempted 2870 2871 by the adopted building code. 2872 2873 Section 93. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.41.308 is 2874 amended to read as follows: 2875 21.41.308 Rubbish, junk and garbage. 2876 (a) Accumulation of Rubbish, Junk or Garbage. All exterior Exterior 2877 property and premises, and the interior of every structure, shall be free 2878 from any accumulation of rubbish, junk or garbage.
 - (b) Disposal of Rubbish and Garbage. Every occupant of a structure shall dispose of all rubbish and garbage in a clean and sanitary manner by placing such rubbish and garbage in approved containers as set forth in Chapter 16.08.

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Rubbish Storage Facilities. The owner of every occupied premises shall supply approved covered containers for rubbish and garbage, and the owner of the premises shall be responsible for the removal of rubbish and garbage.

Refrigerators. Refrigerators and similar equipment not in operation shall not be discarded, abandoned or stored on premises without first removing the doors and are defined as a public nuisance as set forth in Chapter 11.24.

Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.41.309 is amended to read as follows:

21.41.309 Pest elimination.

- (a) Infestation. All structures Structures shall be kept free from insect and rodent infestation. All structures Structures in which insects or rodents are found shall be promptly exterminated by approved processes that will not be injurious to human health. After extermination, proper precautions shall be taken to prevent reinfestation.
- (b) Owner. The owner of any structure shall be responsible for extermination within the structure prior to renting or leasing the structure.
- (c) Single Occupant. The occupant of a one-family dwelling or of a single-tenant nonresidential structure shall be responsible for extermination on the premises.
- Multiple Occupancy. The owner of a structure containing two or more dwelling units, a multiple occupancy, a rooming house or a nonresidential structure shall be responsible for extermination in the public or shared areas of the structure and exterior property. If infestation is caused by failure of an occupant to prevent such infestation in the area occupied, the occupant and owner shall be responsible for extermination.
- (e) Occupant. The occupant of any structure shall be responsible for the continued rodent and pest-free condition of the structure. Exception: Where the infestations are caused by defects in the structure, the owner shall be responsible for extermination.

Section 95. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.41.402 is amended to read as follows:

21.41.402 Light.

Habitable Spaces. Every habitable space shall have at least not <u>less than</u> one window of approved size facing directly to the outdoors or to a court. The minimum total glazed area for every habitable space shall be eight percent of the floor area of such room. Wherever walls or other portions of a structure face a window of any room and such obstructions are located less than three feet (nine hundred fourteen millimeters) from the window and extend to a level above that of the

ceiling of the room, such window shall not be deemed to face directly to the outdoors nor to a court and shall not be included as contributing to the required minimum total window area for the room.

Exception: Where natural light for rooms or spaces without exterior glazing areas is provided through an adjoining room, the unobstructed opening to the adjoining room shall be at least not less than eight percent of the floor area of the interior room or space, but not less than twenty-five square feet (2.33 square meters). The exterior glazing area shall be based on the total floor area being served.

- (b) Common Halls and Stairways. Every common hall and stairway in residential occupancies, other than in one- and two-family dwellings, shall be lighted at all times with at least not less than a sixty-watt standard incandescent light bulb for each two hundred square feet (nineteen square meters) of floor area or equivalent illumination; provided, that the spacing between lights shall not be greater than thirty feet (nine thousand one hundred forty-four millimeters). In other than residential occupancies, means of egress, including exterior means of egress, and stairways shall be illuminated at all times the building space served by the means of egress is occupied with a minimum not less than of one foot candle (eleven lux) at floors, landings and treads.
- (c) Other Spaces. All other spaces shall be provided with natural or artificial light sufficient to permit the maintenance of sanitary conditions, and the safe occupancy of the space and utilization of the appliances, equipment and fixtures.

<u>Section 96</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.41.403 is amended to read as follows:

21.41.403 Ventilation.

(a) Habitable Spaces. Every habitable space shall have at least not less than one openable window. The total openable area of the window in every room shall be equal to at least not less than forty-five percent of the minimum glazed area required in Section 21.41.402(a).

Exception: Where rooms and spaces without openings to the outdoors are ventilated through an adjoining room, the unobstructed opening to the adjoining room shall be at least not less than eight percent of the floor area of the interior room or space, but not less than twenty-five square feet (2.33 square meters). The ventilation openings to the outdoors shall be based on a total floor area being ventilated.

- (b) Bathrooms and Toilet Rooms. Every bathroom and toilet room shall comply with the ventilation requirements for habitable spaces as required by subsection (a) of this section, except that a window shall not be required in such spaces equipped with a mechanical ventilation system. Air exhausted by a mechanical ventilation system from a bathroom or toilet room shall discharge to the outdoors and shall not be recirculated.
- (c) Cooking Facilities. Unless approved through the certificate of occupancy, cooking shall not be permitted in any rooming unit or

dormitory unit, and a cooking facility or appliance shall not be permitted to be present in the rooming unit or dormitory unit.

Exceptions:

- (1) Where specifically approved in writing by the code official.
- (2) Devices such as coffee pots and microwave ovens shall not be considered cooking appliances.
- (d) Process Ventilation. Where injurious, toxic, irritating or noxious fumes, gases, dusts or mists are generated, a local exhaust ventilation system shall be provided to remove the contaminating agent at the source. Air shall be exhausted to the exterior and not be recirculated to any space.
- (e) Clothes Dryer Exhaust. Clothes dryer exhaust systems shall be independent of all other systems and shall be exhausted outside the structure in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

Exception: Listed and labeled condensing (ductless) clothes dryers.

<u>Section 97</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.41.404 is amended to read as follows:

21.41.404 Occupancy limitations.

- (a) Privacy. Dwelling units, hotel units, housekeeping units, rooming units and dormitory units shall be arranged to provide privacy and be separate from other adjoining spaces.
- (b) Minimum Room Widths. A habitable room, other than a kitchen, shall not be less than seven feet (two thousand one hundred thirty-four millimeters) in any plan dimension. Kitchens shall have a clear passageway of not less than three feet (nine hundred fourteen millimeters) between counter fronts and appliances or counter fronts and walls.
- (c) Minimum Ceiling Heights. Habitable spaces, hallways, corridors, laundry areas, bathrooms, toilet rooms and habitable basement areas shall have a clear ceiling height of not less than seven feet (two thousand one hundred thirty-four millimeters).

Exceptions:

- (1) In one- and two-family dwellings, beams or girders spaced not less than four feet (one thousand two hundred nineteen millimeters) on center and projecting not more than six inches (one hundred fifty-two millimeters) below the required ceiling height.
- (2) Basement rooms in one- and two-family dwellings occupied exclusively for laundry, study or recreation purposes, having a ceiling height of not less than six feet eight inches (two thousand thirty-three millimeters) with not less than six feet four inches (one thousand nine hundred thirty-two millimeters) of clear height under beams, girders, ducts and similar obstructions.
- (3) Rooms occupied exclusively for sleeping, study or similar purposes and having a sloped ceiling over all or part of the room, with a clear ceiling height of at least seven feet (two thousand one hundred thirty-four millimeters) over not less than one-third of the required

minimum floor area. In calculating the floor area of such rooms, only those portions of the floor area with a clear ceiling height of five feet (one thousand five hundred twenty-four millimeters) or more shall be included.

- (d) Bedroom and Living Room Requirements. Every bedroom and living room shall comply with the requirements of subsections (d)(1) through (d)(5) of this section.
- (1) Room Area. Every living room shall contain at least one hundred twenty square feet (11.2 square meters) and every bedroom shall contain at least seventy square feet (6.5 square meters).
- (2) Access from Bedrooms. Bedrooms shall not constitute the only means of access to other bedrooms or habitable spaces and shall not serve as the only means of egress from other habitable spaces.

Exception: Units that contain fewer than two bedrooms.

- (3) Water Closet Accessibility. Every bedroom shall have access to at least not less than one water closet and one lavatory without passing through another bedroom. Every bedroom in a dwelling unit shall have access to at least not less than one water closet and lavatory located in the same story as the bedroom or an adjacent story.
- (4) Prohibited Occupancy. Kitchens and non-habitable spaces shall not be used for sleeping purposes.
- (5) Other Requirements. Bedrooms shall comply with the applicable provisions of this code including, but not limited to, the light, ventilation, room area, ceiling height and room width requirements of this chapter; the plumbing facilities and water-heating facilities requirements of Article V; the heating facilities and electrical receptacle requirements of Article VI; and the smoke detector and emergency escape requirements of Article VII of this code.
- (e) Overcrowding. The number of persons occupying a dwelling unit shall not create conditions that, in the opinion of the code official, endanger the life, health, safety or welfare of the occupants.
- (f) Efficiency Unit. Nothing in this section shall prohibit an efficiency living unit from meeting the following requirements:
- (1) A unit occupied by not more than two occupants shall have a clear floor area of not less than two hundred twenty square feet (20.4 square meters). A unit occupied by three occupants shall have a clear floor area of not less than three hundred twenty square feet (29.7 square meters). These required areas shall be exclusive of the areas required by subsections (f)(2) and (3) of this section.
- (2) The unit shall be provided with a kitchen sink, cooking appliance and refrigeration facilities, each having a clear working space of not less than thirty inches (seven hundred sixty-two millimeters) in front. Light and ventilation conforming to this code shall be provided.
- (3) The unit shall be provided with a separate bathroom containing a water closet, lavatory and bathtub or shower.
 - (4) The maximum number of occupants shall be three.
- (g) Food Preparation. All spaces to be occupied for food preparation purposes shall contain suitable space and equipment to store, prepare

 and serve foods in a sanitary manner. There shall be adequate facilities and services for the sanitary disposal of food wastes and refuse, including facilities for temporary storage.

Section 98. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.41.502 is amended to read as follows:

21.41.502 Required facilities.

- (a) Dwelling Units. Every dwelling unit shall contain its own bathtub or shower, lavatory, water closet and kitchen sink, which that shall be maintained in a sanitary, safe working condition. The lavatory shall be placed in the same room as the water closet or located in close proximity to the door leading directly into the room in which such water closet is located. A kitchen sink shall not be used as a substitute for the required lavatory.
- (b) Rooming Houses. At least Not less than one water closet, lavatory and bathtub or shower shall be supplied for each four rooming units.
- (c) Hotels. Where private water closets, lavatories and baths are not provided, one water closet, one lavatory and one bathtub or shower having access from a public hallway shall be provided for each ten 10 occupants.
- (d) Employees' Facilities. A minimum of Not less than one water closet, one lavatory and one drinking facility shall be available to employees.
- (1) Drinking Facilities. Drinking facilities shall be a drinking fountain, water cooler, bottled water cooler or disposable cups next to a sink or water dispenser. Drinking facilities shall not be located in toilet rooms or bathrooms.
- (e) Public Toilet Facilities. Public toilet facilities shall be maintained in a safe safe, sanitary and working condition in accordance with Chapter 21.24. Except for periodic maintenance or cleaning, public access and use shall be provided to the toilet facilities at all times during occupancy of the premises.

<u>Section 99</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.41.504 is amended to read as follows:

21.41.504 Plumbing systems and fixtures.

- (a) General. All plumbing Plumbing fixtures shall be properly installed and maintained in working order, and shall be kept free from obstructions, leaks and defects and be capable of performing the function for which such plumbing fixtures are designed. All plumbing Plumbing shall be maintained in a safe, sanitary and functional condition.
- (b) Fixture Clearances. Plumbing fixtures shall have adequate clearances for usage and cleaning.

 (c) Plumbing System Hazards. Where it is found that a plumbing system in a structure constitutes a hazard to the occupants or the structure by reason of inadequate service, inadequate venting, cross connection, backsiphonage, improper installation, deterioration or damage or for similar reasons, the code official shall require the defects to be corrected to eliminate the hazard.

<u>Section 100</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.41.505 is amended to read as follows:

21.41.505 Water system.

- (a) General. Every sink, lavatory, bathtub or shower, drinking fountain, water closet or other plumbing fixture shall be properly connected to either a public water system or to an approved private water system. All kitchen Kitchen sinks, lavatories, laundry facilities, bathtubs and showers shall be supplied with hot or tempered and cold running water in accordance with Chapter 21.24.
- (b) Contamination. The water supply shall be maintained free from contamination, and all water inlets for plumbing fixtures shall be located above the flood-level rim of the fixture. Shampoo basin faucets, janitor sink faucets and other hose bibs or faucets to which hoses are attached and left in place shall be protected by an approved atmospheric-type vacuum breaker or an approved permanently attached hose connection vacuum breaker.
- (c) Supply. The water supply system shall be installed and maintained to provide a supply of water to plumbing fixtures, devices and appurtenances in sufficient volume and at pressures adequate to enable the fixtures to function properly, safely, and free from defects and leaks.
- (d) Water Heating Facilities. Water heating facilities shall be properly installed, maintained and capable of providing an adequate amount of water to be drawn at every required sink, lavatory, bathtub, shower and laundry facility at a temperature of not less than one hundred ten degrees Fahrenheit (forty-three degrees Celsius). A gas-burning water heater shall not be located in any bathroom, toilet room, bedroom or other occupied room normally kept closed, unless adequate combustion air is provided. An approved combination temperature and pressure-relief valve and relief valve discharge pipe shall be properly installed and maintained on water heaters.

<u>Section 101</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.41.506 is amended to read as follows:

21.41.506 Sanitary drainage system.

(a) General. <u>All plumbing Plumbing</u> shall be properly connected to either a public sewer system or to an approved private sewage disposal system.

- (b) Maintenance. Every plumbing stack, vent, waste and sewer line shall function properly and be kept free from obstructions, leaks and defects.
- (c) Grease Interceptors. Where it has been determined that a grease interceptor is not being maintained and serviced as intended by this code and the manufacturer's instructions, an approved interceptor monitoring system shall be provided or a maintenance program shall be established with documentation submitted to the code official. Grease interceptors and automatic grease removal devices shall be maintained in accordance with this code and the manufacturer's installation instructions. Grease interceptors and automatic grease removal devices shall be regularly serviced and cleaned to prevent the discharge of oil, grease, and other substances harmful or hazardous to the building drainage system, the public sewer, the private sewage disposal system or the sewage treatment plant or processes. Records of maintenance, cleaning and repairs shall be available for inspection by the code official.

<u>Section 102</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.41.601 is amended to read as follows:

21.41.601 General.

- (a) Scope. The provisions of this article shall govern the minimum mechanical and electrical facilities and equipment to be provided.
- (b) Responsibility. The owner of the structure shall provide and maintain mechanical and electrical facilities and equipment in compliance with these requirements. A person shall not occupy as owner-occupant or permit another person to occupy any premises which that does not comply with the requirements of this article.

<u>Section 103</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.41.603 is amended to read as follows:

21.41.603 Mechanical equipment.

- (a) Mechanical Appliances. <u>All mechanical Mechanical</u> appliances, fireplaces, solid fuel-burning appliances, cooking appliances and water heating appliances shall be properly installed and maintained in a safe working condition, and shall be capable of performing the intended function.
- (b) Removal of Combustion Products. All fuel burning Fuel-burning equipment and appliances shall be connected to an approved chimney or vent.

Exception: Fuel-burning equipment and appliances which that are labeled for unvented operation.

(c) Clearances. All required Required clearances to combustible materials shall be maintained.

(d) Safety Controls. All safety Safety controls for fuel-burning equipment shall be maintained in effective operation.

(e) Combustion Air. A supply of air for complete combustion of the fuel and for ventilation of the space containing the fuel-burning

equipment shall be provided for the fuel-burning equipment.

(f) Energy Conservation Devices. Devices intended to reduce fuel consumption by attachment to a fuel-burning appliance, to the fuel supply line thereto, or to the vent outlet or vent piping therefrom, shall not be installed unless labeled for such purpose and the installation is specifically approved.

<u>Section 104</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.41.605 is amended to read as follows:

21.41.605 Electrical equipment.

- (a) Installation. All electrical Electrical equipment, wiring and appliances shall be properly installed and maintained in a safe and approved manner.
- (b) Receptacles. Every habitable space in a dwelling shall contain at least not less than two separate and remote receptacle outlets. Every laundry area shall contain at least not less than one grounded type grounding-type receptacle or a receptacle with a ground fault circuit interrupter. Every bathroom shall contain at least not less than one receptacle. Any new bathroom receptacle outlet shall have ground fault circuit interrupter protection.
- (c) Luminaires. Every public hall, interior stairway, toilet room, kitchen, bathroom, laundry room, boiler room and furnace room shall contain at least not less than one electric luminaire. Pool and spaluminaires over 15 V shall have ground fault circuit interrupter protection.
- (d) Extension Cords. Extension cords shall not be used for permanent wiring. Extension cords shall not extend from one room to another; be placed across a doorway; extend through a wall or partition; or be used in any area where such cord may be subject to physical damage.

<u>Section 105</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.41.606 is amended to read as follows:

21.41.606 Elevators, escalators and dumbwaiters.

(a) General. Elevators, dumbwaiters and escalators shall be maintained in compliance with ASME A17.1. The most current certificate of inspection shall be on display at all times within the elevator or attached to the escalator or dumbwaiter, be available for public inspection in the office of the building operator or be posted in a publicly conspicuous location approved by the code official. The inspection and tests shall be performed at not less than the periodic intervals listed in ASME A17.1, Appendix N, except where otherwise specified by the Washington State Department of Labor and Industries.

(b) Elevators. In buildings equipped with passenger elevators, at least not less than one elevator shall be maintained in operation at all times when the building is occupied.

Exception: Buildings equipped with only one elevator shall be permitted to have the elevator temporarily out of service for testing or servicing.

<u>Section 106</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.41.702 is amended to read as follows:

21.41.702 Means of egress.

- (a) General. A safe, continuous and unobstructed path of travel shall be provided from any point in a building or structure to the public way. Means of egress shall comply with Chapter 21.20.
- (b) Aisles. The required width of aisles in accordance with Chapter 21.20 shall be unobstructed.
- (c) Locked Doors. All means Means of egress doors shall be readily openable from the side from which egress is to be made without the need for keys, special knowledge or effort, except where the door hardware conforms to that permitted by Chapters 21.08 and 21.10.
- (d) Emergency Escape Openings. Required emergency escape openings shall be maintained in accordance with the code in effect at the time of construction, and the following. Required emergency escape and rescue openings shall be operational from the inside of the room without the use of keys or tools. Bars, grilles, grates or similar devices are permitted to be placed over emergency escape and rescue openings, provided the minimum net clear opening size complies with the code that was in effect at the time of construction and such devices shall be releasable or removable from the inside without the use of a key, tool or force greater than that which is required for normal operation of the escape and rescue opening.

<u>Section 107</u>. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.41.704 is amended to read as follows:

21.41.704 Fire protection systems.

- (a) General. All systems Systems, devices and equipment to detect a fire, actuate an alarm, or suppress or control a fire or any combination thereof shall be maintained in an operable condition at all times in accordance with the International Fire Code.
- (1) Automatic Sprinkler Systems. Inspection, testing and maintenance of automatic sprinkler systems shall be in accordance with NFPA 25.
- (2) Fire department connection. Where the fire department connection is not visible to approaching fire apparatus, the fire department connection shall be indicated by an approved sign mounted on the street front or on the side of the building. Such sign shall have the letters "FDC" not less than 6 inches (152 mm) high and words in letters not less than 2 inches (51 mm) high or an arrow to indicate the

3299	location. Such signs shall be subject to the approval of the fire code
3300	official.
3301	(b) Single-and multiple-station smoke alarms. Single-and multiple-
3302	station smoke alarms shall be installed in existing Group I-1 and R
3303	occupancies in accordance with Sections (1) through (3).
3304	(1) Where required. Existing Group I-1 and R occupancies shall be
3305	provided with single-station smoke alarms in accordance with Sections
3306	(A) through (D) Interconnection and power sources shall be in
3307	accordance with Sections (2) and (3).
3308	Exceptions:
3309	(i) Where the code that was in effect at the time of construction
3310	required smoke alarms and smoke alarms complying with those
3311	requirements are already provided.
3312	(ii) Where smoke alarms have been installed in occupancies and
3313	dwellings that were not required to have them at the time of
3314	construction, additional smoke alarms shall not be required provided
3315	that the existing smoke alarms comply with requirements that were in
3316	effect at the time of installation.
3317	(iii) Where smoke detectors connected to a fire alarm system have
3318	been installed as a substitute for smoke alarms.
3319	(A) Group R-1. Single- or multiple-station smoke alarms shall be
3320	installed in all of the following locations in Group R-1:
3321	(i) In sleeping areas.
3322	(ii) In every room in the path of the means of egress from the
3323 3324	sleeping area to the door leading from the sleeping unit.
3325	(iii) In each story within the sleeping unit, including basements. For
3326	sleeping units with split levels and without an intervening door between the adjacent levels, a smoke alarm installed on the upper
3327	level shall suffice for the adjacent lower level provided that the lower
3328	level is less than one full story below the upper level.
3329	(B) Groups R-2, R-3, R-4 and I-1. Single or multiple-station smoke
3330	alarms shall be installed and maintained in Groups R-2, R-3, R-4 and
3331	I-1 regardless of occupant load at all of the following locations:
3332	(i) On the ceiling or wall outside of each separate sleeping area in
3333	the immediate vicinity of bedrooms.
3334	(ii) In each room used for sleeping purposes.
3335	(iii) In each story within a dwelling unit, including basements but not
3336	including crawl spaces and uninhabitable attics. In dwellings or
3337	dwelling units with split levels and without an intervening door
3338	between the adjacent levels, a smoke alarm installed on the upper
3339	level shall suffice for the adjacent lower level provided that the lower
3340	level is less than one full story below the upper level.
3341	(C) Installation near cooking appliances. Smoke alarms shall not be
3342	installed in the following
3343	locations unless this would prevent placement of a smoke alarm in a
3344	location required by Section (A) or (B):
3345	(i) Ionization smoke alarms shall not be installed less than 20 feet
3346	(6096 m) horizontally from a permanently installed cooking appliance.

3347 (ii) Ionization smoke alarms with an alarm-silencing switch shall not 3348 be installed less than 10 feet (3048 mm) horizontally from a 3349 permanently installed cooking appliance. 3350 (iii) Photoelectric smoke alarms shall not be installed less than 6 feet (1829 mm) horizontally from a permanently installed cooking 3351 appliance. 3352 (D) Installation near bathrooms. Smoke alarms shall be installed not 3353 3354 less than 3 feet (914 mm) horizontally from the door or opening of a 3355 bathroom that contains a bathtub or shower unless this would 3356 prevent placement of a smoke alarm required by Section (A) or (B). 3357 (2) Interconnection. Where more than one smoke alarm is required to be installed within an individual dwelling or sleeping unit, the 3358 smoke alarms shall be interconnected in such a manner that the 3359 activation of one alarm will activate all of the alarms in the individual 3360 unit. Physical interconnection of smoke alarms shall not be required 3361 3362 where listed wireless alarms are installed and all alarms sound upon activation of one alarm. The alarm shall be clearly audible in all 3363 bedrooms over background noise levels with all intervening doors 3364 closed. 3365 **Exceptions:** 3366 3367 (i) Interconnection is not required in buildings that are not undergoing alterations, repairs or construction of any kind. 3368 3369 (ii) Smoke alarms in existing areas are not required to be interconnected where alterations or repairs do not result in the 3370 removal of interior wall or ceiling finishes exposing the structure, 3371 unless there is an attic, crawl space or basement available that could 3372 provide access for interconnection without the removal of interior 3373 3374 finishes. (3) Power source. Single-station smoke alarms shall receive their 3375 primary power from the building wiring provided that such wiring is 3376 served from a commercial source and shall be equipped with a battery 3377 backup. Smoke alarms with integral strobes that are not equipped 3378 3379 with battery backup shall be connected to an emergency electrical 3380 system. Smoke alarms shall emit a signal when the batteries are low. 3381 Wiring shall be permanent and without a disconnecting switch other 3382 than as required for overcurrent protection. **Exceptions:** 3383 3384 (i) Smoke alarms are permitted to be solely battery operated in existing buildings where no construction is taking place. 3385 (ii) Smoke alarms are permitted to be solely battery operated in 3386 buildings that are not served from a commercial power source. 3387 (iii) Smoke alarms are permitted to be solely battery operated in 3388 existing areas of buildings undergoing alterations or repairs that do 3389 not result in the removal of interior walls or ceiling finishes exposing 3390

the structure, unless there is an attic, crawl space or basement

available that could provide access for building wiring without the

removal of interior finishes.

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394	(4) Smoke detection system. Smoke detectors listed in accordance
395	with UL 268 and provided as part of the building's fire alarm system
396	shall be an acceptable alternative to single- and multiple-station
397	smoke alarms and shall comply with the following:
398	(i) The fire alarm system shall comply with all applicable
399	requirements in Section 907 of the International Fire Code.
400	(ii) Activation of a smoke detector in a dwelling or sleeping unit shall
401	initiate alarm notification in the dwelling or sleeping unit in
402	accordance with Section 907.5.2 of the International Fire Code.
403	(iii) Activation of a smoke detector in a dwelling or sleeping unit shall
404	not activate alarm notification appliances outside of the dwelling or
405	sleeping unit, provided that a supervisory signal is generated and
406	monitored in accordance with Section 907.6.5 of the International
407	Fire Code.
408	THE COUC.
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3410	Section 108. Kirkland Municipal Code Title 21 is amended to
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8411	include a new Chapter 21.48 to read as follows:
8412	<u>Chapter 21.48</u>
8413	INTERNATIONAL SWIMMING POOL AND SPA CODE
414	21.48.010 International Swimming Pool and Spa Code

21.48.010 International Swimming Pool and Spa Code adopted.

The 2015 Edition of the International Swimming Pool and Spa Code (ISPSC), as published by ICC is adopted. Sections 103, Department of Building Safety; 104, Duties and Powers of the Code Official; 105, Permits; 106, Inspections; 107, Violations; 108, Means of Appeal; 303, Energy; and 304, Flood Hazard Areas; are not adopted.

21.48.020 ISPSC Section 201.3 is amended.

201.3 Terms defined in other codes. Where terms are not defined in this code and are defined in the International Building Code, International Energy Conservation Code, International Fire Code, International Fuel Gas Code, International Mechanical Code, Uniform Plumbing Code or International Residential Code, such terms shall have the meanings ascribed to them as in those codes.

21.48.030 ISPSC Section 302.1 is amended.

302.1 Electrical. Electrical requirements for aquatic facilities shall be in accordance with the Kirkland Electrical Code.

Exception: Internal wiring for portable residential spas and portable residential exercise spas.

21.48.035 ISPSC Section 302.2 is amended.

302.2 Water service and drainage. Piping and fittings used for water service, makeup and drainage piping for pools and spas shall comply

with the Uniform Plumbing Code. Fittings shall be approved for installation with the piping installed.

21.48.040 ISPSC Section 302.5 is amended.

302.5 Backflow protection. Water supplies for pools and spas shall be protected against backflow in accordance with the Uniform Plumbing Code or the International Residential Code, as applicable in accordance with Section 102.7.1.

21.48.045 ISPSC Section 302.6 is amended.

302.6 Waste-water discharge. Where waste water from pools and spas. backwash from filters and water from deck drains discharge to the building drainage system, such installation shall be in accordance with the Uniform Plumbing Code or the International Residential Code, as applicable in accordance with Section 102.7.1.

21.48.050 ISPSC Section 302.9.1 is amended.

306.9.1 Hose bibbs. Hose bibbs shall be provided for rinsing down the entire deck and shall be installed in accordance with the Uniform Plumbing Code or International Residential Code, as applicable in accordance with Section 102.7.1, and shall be located not more than 150 feet (45 720 mm) apart. Water-powered devices, such as waterpowered lifts, shall have a dedicated hose bibb water source.

Exception: Residential pools and spas shall not be required to have hose bibbs located at 150-foot (45 720 mm) intervals, or have a dedicated hose bibb for waterpowered devices.

21.48.055 ISPSC Section 318.2 is amended.

318.2 Protection of potable water supply. Potable water supply systems shall be designed, installed and maintained so as to prevent contamination from nonpotable liquids, solids or gases being introduced into the potable water supply through cross-connections or other piping connections to the system. Means of protection against backflow in the potable water supply shall be provided through an air gap complying with ASME A112.1.2 and the International Residential Code or the Uniform Plumbing Code, as applicable in accordance with Section 102.7.1.

21.48.060 ISPSC Section 410 is amended.

SECTION 410 DRESSING AND SANITARY FACILITIES

410.1 Dressing and sanitary facilities. Dressing and sanitary facilities shall be provided for Class A and B pools as required by the International Building Code and Uniform Plumbing Code.

Section 109. Kirkland Municipal Code Section 21.74.030 is amended to read as follows:

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21.74.030 General provisions for construction and permit fees.

- (a) Scope. These general provisions apply to all permits issued by the fire department and planning and building department.
- (b) Miscellaneous Inspections and Other Fees. Table 2 is used to calculate fees for miscellaneous inspections and additional plan review.

Table 2—Miscellaneous Inspections and Other Fees Based on an Hourly Rate of \$120 Per Hour

Туре	Per Hour	Minimum Fee	Due
Inspection or plan review outside normal hours (in addition to the normal inspection and plan review	Rate x 1.5	1.5 hours	Within 5 days
fee)			
Plan review resulting from changes to approved plans (in addition to the normal fees associated with a change in scope of work)	Rate	.5 hour	At revision issuance
Additional plan review required when requested correction items are not made		.5 hour	Prior to
Expedited single-family plan review (in addition to regular plan review fee)		\$1,700	At intake
Green Priority Review single-family plan review (in addition to regular plan review fee)		\$1,700	Prior to Final if failure to certify as Green
Energy/Indoor Air Quality Code		\$77.00 + \$0.01/square foot	At permit issuance
Washington State Building Code Council surcharge		\$4.50 for first dwelling unit + \$2.00 each additional unit	

Table 2—Miscellaneous Inspections and Other Fees Based on an Hourly Rate of \$120 Per Hour

Туре	Per Hour	Minimum Fee	Due
Permit renewals		1/2 the original	
		permit fee	
Reinspection fee (in addition to the	Hourly	1 hour	Within 5 days
normal inspection fee)	rate		of notification
Landlord/tenant inspections		\$15.00	At application
conducted pursuant to RCW 59.18.115			submittal
Adult family home inspection (WABO		\$100	Prior to the
checklist)			inspection

Section 110. If any provision of this ordinance or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the ordinance or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

 $\frac{\text{Section 111}}{\text{Section 111}}. \label{eq:section 200} This ordinance shall be in force and effect five days from and after its passage by the Kirkland City Council and publication pursuant to Section 1.08.017, Kirkland Municipal Code in the summary form attached to the original of this ordinance and by this reference approved by the City Council.$

Passed by majority vote of the Kirkland City Council in open meeting this 5th day of July, 2016.

Signed in authentication thereof this 5th day of July, 2016.

Publication Date: July 11, 2016

City Clerk

Attest:

 Approved as to Form:

City Attorney

PUBLICATION SUMMARY OF ORDINANCE 0-4524

- AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF KIRKLAND RELATING TO MODIFICATIONS TO TITLE 21 OF THE KIRKLAND MUNICIPAL CODE REGARDING BUILDING AND CONSTRUCTION.
- <u>SECTIONS 1 35</u>. Amends and adds new sections to Chapter 21.06 of the Kirkland Municipal Code (KMC) relating to the Construction Administrative Code.
- <u>SECTIONS 36 45</u>. Amends, adds and repeals sections of Chapter 21.08 of the KMC relating to the International Building Code.
- <u>SECTIONS 46 47</u>. Amends sections of Chapter 21.10 of the KMC relating to the International Residential Code.
- <u>SECTION 48</u>. Amends Section 21.16.010 of the KMC relating to the International Mechanical Code.
- <u>SECTIONS 49 68</u>. Amends, adds and repeal sections of Chapter 21.20 of the KMC relating to the International Fire Code.
- <u>SECTIONS 69 70</u>. Amends sections of Chapter 21.24 of the KMC relating to the Uniform Plumbing Code.
- <u>SECTION 71</u>. Amends Section 21.28.010 of the KMC relating to the National Fuel Gas Code.
- <u>SECTION 72</u>. Amends Section 21.32.010 of the KMC relating to the Liquefied Petroleum Gas Code.
- SECTION 73. Amends Section 21.36.010 of the KMC relating to the International Fuel Gas Code.
- SECTION 74. Amends Chapter 21.37 of the KMC relating to the Washington State Energy Code.
- <u>SECTIONS 75 107</u>. Amends sections of Chapter 21.41 of the KMC relating to the Kirkland Property Maintenance Code.
- SECTION 108. Amends Title 21 of the KMC adding a new Chapter 21.48 entitled "International Swimming Pool and Spa Code."
- <u>SECTION 109</u>. Amends Section 21.74.030 of the KMC relating to Development Fees.
 - SECTION 110. Provides a severability clause for the ordinance.
- <u>SECTION 111</u>. Authorizes publication of the ordinance by summary, which summary is approved by the City Council pursuant to

Section 1.08.017 Kirkland Municipal Code and establishes the effective date as five days after publication of summary.

The full text of this Ordinance will be mailed without charge to any person upon request made to the City Clerk for the City of Kirkland. The Ordinance was passed by the Kirkland City Council at its meeting on the 5th day of July, 2016.

I certify that the foregoing is a summary of Ordinance O-4524 approved by the Kirkland City Council for summary publication.

City Clerk